



GIGE VISION CAMERAS

Prosilica GT

User Guide

V3.3.4





Quick links

- Prosilica GT cameras at a glance on page 14
- Contact us on page 16
- Contents on page 17

Read before use

EN - English

Safety

Before using the camera, read these safety instructions. Observe the warnings at all times. Use the camera only as stated in the Intended use on page 37.



CAUTION

Risk of burns

A camera in operation can reach temperature levels which could cause burns.



CAUTION

Injury by falling cameras or lenses

A falling camera or lens can cause injury.



CAUTION

Risk of cuts by sharp edges of lens mounts

The threads of the lens mount can have sharp edges.

Intended use

Intended use of Allied Vision product is the integration into vision systems by professionals. All Allied Vision product is sold in a B2B setting.



DA - Dansk

Sikkerhed

Læs sikkerhedsanvisningerne, før kameraet bruges. Overhold alle advarsler. Brug kun kameraet som anført i Intended use på side 37.



FORSIGTIG

Forbrændingsfare

Når kameraet bruges, kan det blive meget varmt og forårsage forbrændinger.



FORSIGTIG

Kvæstelser, hvis kameraet eller linser falder ned

Falder kameraet eller linsen ned, kan dette forårsage kvæstelser.



FORSIGTIG

Fare for snitsår på linsemodulets skarpe kanter

Linsemodulets gevind kan have skarpe kanter.

Tilsigtet brug

Allied Vision produktets tilsigtede brug er en indbygning i et visionssystem, udført af fagfolk. Alle Allied Vision produkter sælges i B2B.



DE - Deutsch

Sicherheit

Bevor Sie die Kamera benutzen, lesen Sie diese Sicherheitshinweise. Beachten Sie diese Hinweise immer. Verwenden Sie die Kamera nur wie beschrieben in Intended use auf Seite 37.



VORSICHT

Gefahr von Verbrennungen

Im Betrieb kann die Kamera Temperaturen erreichen, die zu Verbrennungen führen.



VORSICHT

Verletzung durch fallende Kameras oder Objektive

Eine fallende Kamera oder ein fallendes Objektiv kann Verletzungen verursachen.



VORSICHT

Schnitte durch scharfkantige Objektivgewinde

Objektivgewinde können scharfe Kanten haben.

Bestimmungsgemäßer Gebrauch

Allied Vision Produkte sind bestimmt für die Integration in Bildverarbeitungssysteme durch Fachpersonal. Alle Allied Vision Produkte werden in einer B2B-Umgebung verkauft.



ES - Español

Seguridad

Antes de utilizar la cámara lea estas instrucciones de seguridad. Observe las advertencias en todo momento. Utilice la cámara solo tal y como se estipula en el Intended use en la página 37.



ATENCIÓN

Riesgo de quemaduras

Una cámara en funcionamiento puede alcanzar temperaturas que podrían provocar quemaduras.



ATENCIÓN

Lesiones en caso de que las cámaras o las lentes se caigan

Si una cámara o una lente se cae puede provocar lesiones.



ATENCIÓN

Riesgo de cortes debido a los bordes afilados del objetivo

Las roscas de los objetivos pueden tener bordes afilados.

Uso previsto

El uso previsto del producto Allied Vision es la integración en el sistema de visión por parte de profesionales. Todos los productos Allied Vision se venden dentro de una relación B2B.



FI - Suomi

Turvallisuus

Lue nämä turvallisuusohjeet ennen kameran käyttöä. Noudata varoituksia joka hetki. Käytä kameraa ainoastaan kohdassa Intended use sivulla 37 kuvatulla tavalla.



HUOMIO

Palovammojen vaara

Käytössä olevan kameran saavuttamat lämpötilatasot voivat aiheuttaa palovammoja.



HUOMIO

Putoavien kameroiden tai linssien aiheuttamat vammat

Putoava kamera tai linssi voi aiheuttaa vammoja.



HUOMIO

Linssien kiinnikkeiden terävien reunojen aiheuttamien viiltovammojen vaara

Linssin kiinnikkeiden kierteiden reunat voivat olla teräviä.

Käyttötarkoitus

Allied Vision-tuotteen käyttötarkoitus on integrointi kuvajärjestelmiin ammattilaisten toimesta. Kaikki Allied Vision-tuotteet myydään B2B-ympäristössä.



FR - Français

Sécurité

Veuillez lire ces consignes de sécurité avant d'utiliser la caméra. Respectez continuellement les avertissements. Utilisez la caméra uniquement comme indiqué sous Intended use, page 37.



ATTENTION

Risque de brûlures

Une caméra en service peut atteindre des niveaux de température susceptibles d'entraîner des brûlures.



ATTENTION

Blessures en cas de chute de caméras ou d'objectifs

La chute d'une caméra ou d'un objectif peut entraîner des blessures.



ATTENTION

Risque de coupures sur les bords tranchants des montures d'objectif

Les filetages des montures d'objectif peuvent présenter des bords tranchants.

Utilisation prévue

L'utilisation prévue du produit Allied Vision est son intégration dans des systèmes de vision par le soin de professionnels. Tout produit Allied Vision est vendu dans un cadre B2B.



IT - Italiano

Sicurezza

Leggere queste istruzioni per la sicurezza prima di utilizzare la telecamera. Osservare sempre tutte le avvertenze. Utilizzare la telecamera come descritto alla sezione Intended use a pagina 37.



ATTENZIONE

Pericolo di ustioni

Durante il funzionamento una telecamera può raggiungere temperature elevate che possono essere causa di ustioni.



ATTENZIONE

Lesioni dovute alla caduta di telecamere o lenti

La caduta di una telecamera o di una lente può causare delle lesioni.



ATTENZIONE

Pericolo di tagliarsi sui bordi affilati degli attacchi della lente

I bordi della filettatura dell'attacco della lente possono essere affilati.

Uso previsto

Il prodotto Allied Vision è concepito per essere integrato in sistemi di monitoraggio in campo professionale. Tutti i prodotti Allied Vision sono venduti in uno scenario B2B.



JA - 日本語

安全性

本カメラを使用する前に、この安全の手引きをお読みください。常に、警告事項を守ってください。必ず、Intended use 37 ページの通りに、本カメラを使用してください。



注意

やけどの危険性

作動中のカメラは、やけどを引き起こす温度まで熱くなる恐れがあります。



注意

カメラまたはレンズの落下によるけが

カメラまたはレンズが落下すると、けがをする恐れがあります。



注意

レンズマウントの鋭利な端部で切り傷の危険性

レンズマウントのギザギザの部分が鋭利である可能性があります。

用途

Allied Vision製品は、専門家が視覚装置に統合することを意図したものです。すべてのAllied Vision製品は、企業間取り引き用に販売されています。



NL - Nederlands

Veiligheid

Lees deze veiligheidsinstructies voordat u de camera gaat gebruiken. Neem deze waarschuwingen altijd in acht. Gebruik de camera uitsluitend, zoals aangegeven in het Intended use op pagina 37.



VOORZICHTIG

Risico van verbranding

Een camera die gebruikt wordt, kan temperatuurwaarden bereiken die brandwonden kunnen veroorzaken.



VOORZICHTIG

Letsel door vallende camera's of lenzen

Een vallende camera of lens kan letsel veroorzaken.



VOORZICHTIG

Risico van snijwonden door scherpe randen van lensbevestigingen

Het schroefdraad van de lensbevestiging kan scherpe randen hebben.

Beoogd gebruik

Het beoogde gebruik van het Allied Vision-product is de integratie in optische systemen door professionals. Alle Allied Vision-producten worden verkocht in de B2B-markt.



NO - Norsk

Sikkerhet

Les disse sikkerhetsinstruksene før du bruker kameraet. Følg advarslene til en hver tid. Bruk kun kameraet i samsvar med Intended use på side 37.



FORSIKTIG

Risiko for brannskader

Et kamera i bruk kan nå temperaturnivåer som kan forårsake brannskader.



FORSIKTIG

Skade ved fallende kameraer eller linser

Et fallende kamera eller en fallende linse kan forårsake skade.



FORSIKTIG

Risiko for kutt fra skarpe kanter på linsefester

Sporene på linsefestet kan ha skarpe kanter.

Tiltenkt bruk

Den tiltenkte bruken av Allied Vision-produktet er integrering i visjonssystemer av profesjonelle. Alle Allied Vision-produkter selges i en forretning til forretning-situasjon.



SV - Svenska

Säkerhet

Läs igenom säkerhetsinstruktionerna innan du använder kameran. Var hela tiden särskilt uppmärksam på varningarna. Använd enbart kameran på det sätt som anges i Intended use på sida 37.



VARNING

Risk för brännskada

En kamera i drift kan komma upp i temperaturer som kan orsaka brännskador.



VARNING

Risk för skador från fallande kameror eller objektiv

Fallande kameror eller objektiv kan förorsaka skador.



VARNING

Risk för skärsår från vassa kanter på objektivfattningar

Objektivets gängor kan ha vassa kanter.

Avsedd användning

Den avsedda användningen av Allied Vision-produkter är integrering i visionssystem av fackmän. Samtliga Allied Vision-produkter säljs i en B2B-miljö.



ZH - 简体中文版

安全需知

使用本相机前,请阅读本安全说明书。请务必遵守相关警告 和 Intended use 于第 37 页.



注意事项

烫伤风险

相机操作过程中温度可能上升并导致烫伤风险。



注意事项

相机或者镜头跌落造成伤害

相机或者镜头可能会跌落并造成伤害。



注意事项

镜头接口的锐利边缘划伤风险

镜头接口螺纹边缘可能较为锐利。

预期用途

Allied Vision 产品的预期用途是由专业人士整合到视觉系统中。所有 Allied Vision 的产品均通过 B2B 渠道销售。



Prosilica GT cameras at a glance



Get an overview of Prosilica GT camera documentation.





Read this document carefully

Learn how to protect your Prosilica GT camera from damage and fully understand its functions.

Prosilica GT cameras are engineered to cope with harsh environments, extreme temperature variations, and constantly changing light conditions. They have a GigE port and work with Gigabit Ethernet hardware and cable lengths up to 100 meters. Prosilica GT cameras are GigE Vision V1.2 and GenICam SFNC V1.2.1 compliant.

Scope of delivery

Your Allied Vision camera is delivered with the following components:

- Prosilica GT GigE Vision camera
- Download instructions for First Camera Operation document

What else do you need?

| Content | Link |
|--|--|
| GigE Features Reference, camera data sheets, | www.alliedvision.com/en/support/ |
| Modular Concept, 3D CAD STEP files | technical-documentation/prosilica-gt-documentation |
| Application notes | www.alliedvision.com/en/support/ faqs-application-notes |
| Camera lenses and accessories | www.alliedvision.com/en/products/accessories |
| Download the latest GigE firmware loader and release notes. | www.alliedvision.com/en/support/firmware-downloads |
| For details about camera warranty duration and sensor warranty terms | www.alliedvision.com/en/support/warranty |

Table 1: Additional resources

| Software | Link |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Vimba Suite and software tools | www.alliedvision.com/en/support/ software-downloads |

Table 2: Download Vimba Suite and software tools



Contact us

Website, email

General

www.alliedvision.com/en/contact info@alliedvision.com

Distribution partners

www.alliedvision.com/en/avt-locations/avt-distributors

Support

www.alliedvision.com/en/support www.alliedvision.com/en/about-us/contact-us/technical-support-repair-/-rma

Offices

Europe, Middle East, and Africa (Headquarters)

Allied Vision Technologies GmbH Taschenweg 2a 07646 Stadtroda, Germany T// +49 36428 677-0 (Reception) T// +49 36428 677-230 (Sales) F// +49 36428 677-28

Asia-Pacific

China

Allied Vision Technologies (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 2-2109 Hongwell Int. Plaza 1602# ZhongShanXi Road Shanghai 200235, China T// +86 21 64861133

Singapore

Allied Vision Technologies Asia Pte. Ltd 82 Playfair Rd, #07-01 D'Lithium Singapore 368001 T// +65 6634 9027

North, Central, and South America Canada

Allied Vision Technologies Canada Inc. 300 – 4621 Canada Way Burnaby, BC V5G 4X8, Canada T// +1 604 875 8855

USA

Allied Vision Technologies, Inc. 102 Pickering Way- Suite 502 Exton, PA 19341, USA Toll-free// +1-877-USA-1394 T// +1 978 225 2030



Contents

| Read before use | 2 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| EN - English | . 2 |
| DA - Dansk | . 3 |
| DE - Deutsch | . 4 |
| ES - Español | . 5 |
| FI - Suomi | . 6 |
| FR - Français | . 7 |
| IT - Italiano | . 8 |
| JA - 日本語 | |
| NL - Nederlands | |
| NO - Norsk | |
| SV - Svenska | |
| ZH - 简体中文版 | 13 |
| Prosilica GT cameras at a glance | 14 |
| Scope of delivery | |
| What else do you need? | |
| what else do you need: | 13 |
| Contact us | 16 |
| Document history and conventions | 22 |
| Document history | 23 |
| Document conventions | 30 |
| Typographic styles | 30 |
| Symbols and notes | 31 |
| Product naming | 32 |
| Acronyms and terms | 32 |
| Compliance, safety, and intended use | 34 |
| Compliance notifications | 35 |
| For customers in the US | 35 |
| For customers in Canada | 36 |
| Pour utilisateurs au Canada | 36 |
| Avoid electromagnetic interferences | 36 |
| Intended use | |
| Copyright and trademarks | 37 |
| Your safety | |
| Handling lens mounts | |
| Handling hot cameras | |
| Providing optimum heat dissipation | |
| Camera mounting | |
| Product safety | |
| Electrical connections | |
| Optical components | 41 |



| Installing the camera | 42 |
|---|-----|
| Touching hot cameras | 43 |
| Electrostatic discharge | 43 |
| Mounting the camera | 43 |
| Standard and Extended Format housing | 44 |
| Large Format housing | 44 |
| Mounting the lens | 45 |
| Configuring the host computer | 46 |
| Installing the NIC driver | 47 |
| Optional: Modifying NIC IP address | 47 |
| Optimize system performance | 48 |
| Connecting your camera | 49 |
| Powering up the camera | 49 |
| Powering the camera via Hirose I/O port | 51 |
| Powering the camera via PoE | 51 |
| Connecting to host application | 51 |
| Allied Vision software | 51 |
| Third-party software | 52 |
| Configuring your camera | 52 |
| Accessories | 53 |
| | _ 4 |
| | 54 |
| Applied standards | |
| GigE Vision | |
| GenlCam | |
| Shock and vibration | |
| Notes on specifications | |
| Dimensions and mass | |
| Mono8 pixel format | |
| Modular options | |
| Frame memory | |
| Number of frames | |
| Resolution | |
| Sensor tap mode (CCD models only) | |
| Absolute QE plots | |
| Spectral response plots | |
| Specifications common to all models | |
| Hardware options | |
| Prosilica GT1290 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT1380 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT1600 series | |
| Absolute QE | 71 |



| Spectral response | 71 |
|--------------------------|-----|
| ROI frame rates | 72 |
| Prosilica GT1920 series | 73 |
| Absolute QE | 75 |
| Spectral response | 75 |
| ROI frame rates | 76 |
| Prosilica GT1930 series | 77 |
| Absolute QE | 79 |
| Spectral response | 79 |
| ROI frame rates | 80 |
| Prosilica GT1930L series | 81 |
| Absolute QE | 83 |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT2000 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates. | |
| Prosilica GT2050 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT2450 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT2460 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| | |
| Prosilica GT2750 series | |
| | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT3400 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT4400 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT5120 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT5400 series | |
| Absolute QE | 121 |



| Spectral response | |
|---|-----|
| Prosilica GT6400 series | |
| Absolute QE | |
| Spectral response | |
| ROI frame rates | |
| Prosilica GT model comparison | |
| Sensor data and frame rates | |
| Frame rates at full resolution | |
| Camera feature availability | |
| Technical drawings | 131 |
| Standard Format housing | 133 |
| C-Mount (default) | 133 |
| CS-Mount | |
| Extended Format housing | 137 |
| C-Mount | 137 |
| CS-Mount | 138 |
| Birger EF-Mount | 139 |
| F-Mount | 140 |
| M42-Mount | 141 |
| Large Format housing | 142 |
| C-Mount | 142 |
| EF-Mount PA | 143 |
| F-Mount (default) | 145 |
| F-Mount PA | 147 |
| M42-Mount PA | 149 |
| M42-Mount | 150 |
| M58-Mount PA | 151 |
| M58-Mount | 152 |
| TFL-Mount (35mm × 0.75) | 153 |
| Tripod adapter | 154 |
| 1/40-20 tripod mount for Large Format cameras | 155 |
| Lens protrusion | 156 |
| Standard and Extended Format cameras | 156 |
| Large Format cameras | 157 |
| Flange focal distance | 160 |
| Standard and Extended Format cameras | 160 |
| Large Format cameras | 161 |
| Calibration variation | 164 |
| PA mounts | 165 |
| Sensor position accuracy | 166 |
| Optical filters | 167 |
| Camera interfaces | 168 |
| Back panel | |
| Standard and Extended Format housing | |
| Large Format housing | |
| Status I FDs | 171 |



| Gigabit Ethernet port Camera I/O connections I/O connector pin assignment /O definition | 172 172 174 |
|--|---------------------|
| Camera power. RxD RS232 and TxD RS232 Input triggers. Output signals Lens control DC-Iris lenses. P-Iris lenses EF-Mount lenses Trigger timing concept | 174 174 186 181 182 |
| Image data flow Prosilica GT models with CCD sensors Prosilica GT models with CMOS sensors | |
| Cleaning optical components Keep optical components clean | 192 193 194 |
| Firmware update | 196 |
| Index | 201 |



Document history and conventions



This chapter includes:

- Document history
- Layout styles and symbols used in this document
- Acronyms and terms used in this document



Document history

| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|-------------|---|
| V3.3.4 | 2022-Jul-07 | Updated the naming of the document type from Technical Manual to User Guide. Added Figure 82, Cross section of Prosilica GT Large Format camera front assembly with F-Mount, on page 158 for maximum lens protrusion. Applied minor editorial changes. |
| V3.3.3 | 2021-Dec-08 | Applied minor editorial changes. |
| V3.3.2 | 2021-Aug-19 | Added icon for compliance with UKCA in Compliance notifications on page 35. Applied minor editorial changes. |
| V3.3.1 | 2021-Mar-11 | Updated QE and spectral response plots for Prosilica GT2000, GT2000NIR, GT2050, and GT2050NIR in Specifications on page 54. Updated technical drawings in Large Format housing on page 142. Added support for individual EF-Mount lenses by Laowa and Sigma in EF-Mount lenses on page 182. Applied minor editorial changes. |
| V3.3.0 | 2020-Nov-01 | Removed references to discontinued models: Prosilica GT4090 and Prosilica GT4096. For more information see the Product Change Notification. Editorial updates |
| V3.2.2 | 2020-Jun-05 | Added Read before use on page 2 Added Your safety on page 38 Added Product safety on page 40 Added time between exposure values for Prosilica GT1290, GT1380, GT1600, GT1920, GT2000, GT2050, GT2450, GT2750, and GT3400 Updated power supply order codes Updated Installing the camera on page 42 Editorial updates |
| V3.2.1 | 2020-Mar-31 | Updated Prosilica GT4400, GT5400, and GT6400 exposure time and increment values (firmware version 00.01.54.29197), see the GigE Firmware Release Notes for additional information Updated compliance section and intended use statement Updated Prosilica GT4400, GT5400, GT6400 technical drawings Removed references to discontinued models: Prosilica GT1660, GT1910, GT2300, GT3300, GT4905, GT4907, GT6600. For more information see the Product Change Notification. |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 1 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|-------------|--|
| V3.2.0 | 2019-Nov-14 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT4400 series on page 111 Sony IMX367 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT5400 series on page 119 Sony IMX387 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT6400 series on page 123 Sony IMX342 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Changed the IR cut filter section to Optical filters and included all optical filters available for the Prosilica GT camera family New IR pass filters for Standard and Extended Format cameras Removed references to discontinued models: Prosilica GT1660C and GT3300C. For more information see the Product Change Notification. |
| V3.1.1 | 2019-Mar-08 | Editorial changes |
| V3.1.0 | 2019-Jan-31 | Updated Prosilica GT1930 and GT1930L series specifications (firmware version 00.01.54.20343), see the GigE Firmware Release Notes for details on the changes Updated Prosilica GT2460 series specifications (firmware version 00.01.54.20343), see the GigE Firmware Release Notes for details on the changes Updated Prosilica GT5120 series specifications (firmware version 00.01.54.20443), see the GigE Firmware Release Notes for details on the changes Corrected Prosilica GT2050NIR exposure time control minimum value (changed from 34 μs to 50 μs) Corrected defect pixel masking feature type in the camera feature comparison table Added content in Installation chapter: Powering the camera via PoE |
| V3.1.0 | 2019-Jan-31 | Added technical drawings for Prosilica GT Extended Format housing models CS-Mount Birger EF-Mount M42-Mount Added technical drawing for Prosilica GT Standard Format housing models CS-Mount |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 2 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| V3.1.0 | 2019-Jan-31 | Added technical drawing for Prosilica GT1930 Standard Format housing CS-Mount Added StreamHoldCapacity values for Prosilica GT1380, GT1920, GT3400, and GT5120 series Added Mounting the camera to Hardware and Installation chapter Added Supplier Declaration of Conformity to Compliance and intended use chapter Added EMC compliance statement to Installation and hardware chapter Added shock and vibration information Various other minor improvements and corrections |
| V3.0.1 | 2018-Jun-19 | Corrected lens tool- adjustment wrench part number Updated RoHS statement to include amendment 2015/863/EU |
| V3.0.0 | 2018-May-01 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT2460 series on page 99 Sony IMX264 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Simplified the Contact us section, click the link to find contact information for your region or email us at one of the provided email addresses. Added Specifications common to all models to simplify the model specific tables Removed references to Order code: 2685 Adlink GIE62+PCI ex4, two ports. For more information see the Product Change Notification. Various other minor improvements and corrections |
| V3.0.0 | 2018-May-01 (Continued) | Added acronyms and abbreviations used in this manual Updated symbols used in this manual Updated Prosilica I/O table |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 3 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|-------------|--|
| V2.9.0 | 2017-Aug-04 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT5120 series on page 115 ON Semi PYTHON 25K CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Corrected the Out3 and Out4 trigger circuit specification from 20 mA to 8 mA Added Piecewise Linear HDR mode option to Exposure Mode for the Prosilica GT2000 and GT2050 series. For more information, see the GigE Features Reference Changed the Prosilica GT1930L standard mount to EF-Mount PA Updated absolute QE plot for Prosilica GT cameras with CMOSIS/ams CMOS sensors Added cable color to camera I/O connector pin assignment including pin assignment figure and cross reference to the Allied Vision I/O cable data sheet Updated camera I/O connector pin assignment, input triggers, and output signals section Added note to Specifications chapter for lens support with heavy lens load and high vibration environments CMOSIS renamed to CMOSIS/ams following the acquisition of CMOSIS by ams Sensors Belgium Corrected exposure value range for Prosilica GT2000 Changed Cell size terminology to Pixel size Various other minor improvements and corrections |
| V2.8.1 | 2016-Aug-16 | Added optical filter information to specification tables Trigger over Ethernet Action Command feature Updated absolute QE plot for Prosilica GT cameras with Sony CCD sensors Updated specification notes section Various other minor improvements and corrections New features for Prosilica GT2450 series including: New PTP implementation Temperature readout (main board and sensor board) Look-up tables Decimation X/Y DeviceUserID |
| V2.8.0 | 2016-Jul-07 | Added spectral response plot for Prosilica GT1930, GT1930L, and GT3400 series Updated the absolute QE plot for GT1930 and GT1930L series Added spectral response plot for Prosilica GT cameras with Sony CCD sensors |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 4 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|----------------------------|--|
| V2.8.0 | 2016-Jul-07 (Continued) | Updated absolute QE plot for Prosilica GT cameras with Sony CCD sensors Updated the image flow diagrams Trigger over Ethernet Action Command feature to select models New features for Prosilica GT2000 and GT2050 series Decimation X/Y Reverse X/Y DeviceUserID Feature change for Prosilica GT2000 and GT2050 series Column defect masking has been replaced by pixel defect masking |
| V2.7.0 | 2016-May-11 | Changed all instances of RegionY to OffsetY Changed all instances of BinningY to BinningVertical Aligned the information in the specification tables with the information on the webpages New features for various Prosilica GT models including: Decimation X/Y (single-tap and quad-tap cameras only) Look-up tables Reverse X/Y Binning Sensor digitization taps (single-tap and quad-tap cameras only) Added sensor tap mode note in the Specifications chapter Updated frame rate information plots Various other minor improvements and corrections |
| V2.6.0 | 2016-Mar-04 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT1930 series on page 77 Sony IMX174 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Updated compliance statements Various minor corrections Added installation chapter |
| V2.5.0 | 2015-Dec-21 | Changed the technical manual layout Changed chapter name from Camera data path to Image data flow and updated the figures Changed chapter name from Camera dimensions to Mechanical dimensions Merged the Resolution and ROI frame rates chapter into Specifications chapter Added Prosilica GT cameras at a glance on page 14 Added General safety notes section Added Regulations section in Safety and regulations chapter to replace Legal notice and Conformity sections Moved Sensor position accuracy section from Appendix to Mechanical dimensions chapter and deleted Appendix |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 5 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| V2.5.0 | 2015-Dec-21 (Continued) | Added Camera features comparison section in Specifications chapter to replace Camera smart features and Camera features sections Added Cleaning optical components chapter to replace Camera cleaning and updated information Added Contact us section to replace Contacting Allied Vision section Updated Prosilica GT Large Format lens mount drawings |
| V2.4.1 | 2015-Sep-15 | - Added a note on removal of 4.75 K Ω resistors from PCBA in Out 3 and 4 in Opto-isolated section |
| V2.4.0 | 2015-Aug-25 | Updated color formats specification in Specifications chapter Updated camera I/O connector pin assignment, Input triggers and output signals sections Added camera feature comparison section to replace Camera smart features section of V2.3.0 |
| V2.3.0 | 2015-Mar-20 | Replaced old links with new Allied Vision website links Changed file name from GigE Camera and Driver Features to GigE Features Reference Changed chapter name from Description of data path to Camera data path |
| V2.2.0 | 2015-Mar-11 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT1930L series on page 81 Sony IMX174 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response plot, ROI frame rate, EF-Mount lens control, image data flow Updated Allied Vision logo Changed AVT and Allied Vision Technologies references to Allied Vision Updated additional references section Renamed Truesense references to ON Semi Updated lens control port wiring Updated image data flow diagrams for color Prosilica GT cameras in Description of the image data flow section Updated the defect masking information for the following: Prosilica GT monochrome cameras Prosilica GT color cameras |
| V2.1.1 | 2014-Jul-14 | Updated frame rate specification for Prosilica GT2000, GT2050, and GT3400 series Added defect mask note in block diagram of Prosilica GT monochrome cameras with CCD sensors and block diagram of Prosilica GT color cameras with CCD sensors Added a note on binning in block diagram of Prosilica GT color cameras with CCD sensors |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 6 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| V2.1.1 | 2014-Jul-14 (Continued) | Added link to the technical drawing for Prosilica GT Large Format camera with M42-Mount and M58-Mount Updated sensor position accuracy section Updated minimum exposure time for Prosilica GT2000 and GT2050 series Updated the power consumption specification in the Specifications chapter Replaced the optical flange focal distance section with the following sections: C-Mount flange focal distance F-Mount flange focal distance Updated information on Prosilica GT Out 3 and Out 4 trigger circuit and in section Output: Opto-isolated internal circuit Updated temperature monitoring information in the Specifications chapter Updated filter and lenses section Replaced A/D and bit depth with Max. image bit depth in the Specifications chapter Added M42-Mount technical drawing links for Prosilica GT Standard and Extended Format cameras |
| V2.1.0 | 2013-Oct-28 | Added description of the image data flow chapterAdded section Adjustment of F-Mount |
| V2.0.9 | 2013-Sep-16 | Updated the Mechanical dimensions chapter Updated lens control section Updated color cameras with IR cut filter section Updated the specifications for Prosilica GT2000C and GT2050C Added a note on the locking screw cables Added optical flange focal distance and maximum lens protrusion information for C-Mount and F-Mount Added 1 inch lens format recommendation for Prosilica GT2000 series Added temperature monitoring information in the Specifications chapter Added frame rate tables in the Specifications chapter |
| V2.0.8 V2.0.7 | 2013-Jul-05 2013-May-16 | Added links to Allied Vision GigE Camera and Driver Features document Updated the bit depth and exposure control camera specifications in the Specifications chapter Updated pixel format naming according to the GenlCam naming convention Corrected camera dimensions and mass for Prosilica GT3400 Corrected the absolute QE plot for Prosilica GT3400 Added Vimba SDK link Added ROI frame rate plots for Prosilica GT3400 Updated ROI frame rate plots in Specifications chapter Updated Allied Vision recommended cabling to CAT6 or higher in Gigabit Ethernet port section |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 7 of 8)



| Version | Date | Remarks |
|---------|-------------|---|
| V2.0.6 | 2013-Feb-12 | Added status LEDs sectionUpdated the RoHS directive |
| V2.0.5 | 2013-Jan-14 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT3400 series on page 107 Sony ICX814 CCD sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, spectral response, ROI frame rate, image data flow Updated the circuits diagrams in the camera trigger section Updated the Prosilica GT trigger circuit values Removed the supported P-Iris section Updated the exposure control values |
| V2.0.4 | 2012-Sep-21 | Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT2000 series on page 85 CMOSIS/ams CMV2000 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Initial commercial release: Prosilica GT2050 series on page 90 CMOSIS/ams CMV4000 CMOS sensor Specifications, absolute QE plot, ROI frame rate, image data flow Link added to RS232 application note Added lens control port wiring Renamed camera IO signals |
| V2.0.3 | 2012-Jun-21 | Added DC-Iris information |
| V2.0.1 | 2012-Mar-08 | Added absolute QE plotsAdded Prosilica GT1920 and GT2750 frame rate plots |
| V2.0.0 | 2011-Dec-12 | New manual release status |

Table 2: Document history (sheet 8 of 8)

Document conventions

To give this document an easily understood layout and to emphasize important information, the following typographical styles and symbols that are used.

Typographic styles

| Style (example) | Function |
|-----------------|--|
| Emphasis | Programs, or highlighting important things. |
| Feature names | GigE features names are displayed as monospaced text. |
| Feature options | Features options and register's options that are selectable by the user are displayed as monospaced italicized text. |

Table 3: Typographic styles (sheet 1 of 2)



| Style (example) | Function |
|-----------------|---|
| UI Element | Text that is displayed, or output, by the system for the user, like parts of the GUI, dialog boxes, buttons, menus, important information, windows titles. |
| Web Reference | References to other documents or webpages, like web links, hypertext links, emails, but also cross references, that include a link the user can follow by clicking. |

Table 3: Typographic styles (sheet 2 of 2)

Symbols and notes



CAUTION

Risk of burns

Precautions are described



CAUTION

Injury by falling cameras or lenses

Precautions are described



CAUTION

Risk of cuts by sharp edges of lens mounts

Precautions are described



NOTICE

Material damage

Precautions are described.



NOTICE

Material damage by electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Precautions as described.



Avoiding malfunctions

Precautions are described.





Practical tip

Additional information helps to understand or ease handling the camera.



Additional information

Web address or reference to an external source with more information is shown.

Product naming

Names of third-party products in this document are shortened to ease reading. Nevertheless, we respect all manufacturer rights and trademarks.

| Official company name | Naming in this document | Manufacturer website |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Sony Semiconductor Solutions | Sony | Sony-semicon.co.jp |
| ON Semiconductor | ON Semi | ONsemi.com |
| ams Sensors Belgium | CMOSIS/ams | ams.com/cmos-imaging-sensors |

Table 4: Third-party product naming

Acronyms and terms

The following table provides a list of acronyms and terms used in this document.

| Acronym or term | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| ADC | Analog-to-digital converter |
| AIA | Automated Imaging Association |
| CAD | Computer aided design |
| CCD | Charge-coupled device |
| CMOS | Complementary metal-oxide semiconductor |
| CRA | Chief Ray Angle |
| EMVA | European Machine Vision Association |
| ESD | Electrostatic discharge |
| FIFO | First-in first-out |
| GigE | Gigabit Ethernet |
| GND | Ground (power) |
| GVSP | GigE Vision Streaming Protocol |

Table 5: Acronyms and terms used in this document (sheet 1 of 2)



| Acronym or term | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| H×V | Horizontal × Vertical (sensor resolution measurement) |
| 1/0 | Input/Output |
| ΚΩ | Kiloohm |
| LUT | Look-up table |
| MSDS | Material safety data sheet |
| NIC | Network interface card |
| NIR | Near Infrared |
| PA | Planarity adjusted |
| PSE | Power sourcing equipment |
| PTP | Precision Time Protocol |
| QE | Quantum efficiency |
| ROI | Region of interest |
| SDK | Software Development Kit |
| ToE | Trigger over Ethernet Action Command |
| TTL I/O | Transistor-transistor logic input/output |
| TxD and RxD | Transmit and receive |

Table 5: Acronyms and terms used in this document (sheet 2 of 2)



Compliance, safety, and intended use

S

This chapter includes:

- Compliance notifications
- Information about intended use of the camera
- Copyright and trademark statement
- Your safety
- Product safety



Compliance notifications



National regulations on disposal must be followed.

For customers in the US



Class A digital device

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

We caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Supplier Declaration of Conformity

Prosilica GT cameras comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Party issuing Supplier's Declaration of Conformity

Allied Vision Technologies GmbH Taschenweg 2a 07646 Stadtroda, Germany T// +49 (36428) 677-106 quality@alliedvision.com



Responsible party - US contact information

Allied Vision Technologies, Inc. 102 Pickering Way – Suite 502 Exton, PA 19341, USA T// +1 978 225 2030

Note: changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For customers in Canada

This apparatus complies with the Class A limits for radio noise emissions set out in the Radio Interference Regulations.

CAN ICES-3 (A) / NMB-3 (A)

Pour utilisateurs au Canada

Cet appareil est conforme aux normes classe A pour bruits radioélectriques, spécifiées dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique.

CAN ICES-3 (A) / NMB-3 (A)

Avoid electromagnetic interferences

For all power and interface connections, only use shielded cables or cables recommended by Allied Vision.



Intended use

Allied Vision's objective is the development, design, production, maintenance, servicing and distribution of digital cameras and components for image processing. We are offering standard products as well as customized solutions.

Intended use of Allied Vision product is the integration into Vision systems by professionals. All Allied Vision product is sold in a B2B setting.

Allied Vision isn't a legal manufacturer of medical product. Instead, Allied Vision cameras and accessories may be used as components for medical product after design-in by the medical device manufacturer and based on a quality assurance agreement (QAA) between Allied Vision (supplier) and medical device manufacturer (customer). Allied Vision's duties in that respect are defined by ISO 13485, clause 7.2 (customer-related processes, equivalent to ISO 9001, clause 8.2).

Copyright and trademarks

All text, pictures, and graphics are protected by copyright and other laws protecting intellectual property. All content is subject to change without notice.

All trademarks, logos, and brands cited in this document are property and/or copyright material of their respective owners. Use of these trademarks, logos, and brands does not imply endorsement.

Copyright © 2022 Allied Vision GmbH. All rights reserved.



Your safety

This section informs about issues related to your personal safety. Descriptions explain how to avoid hazards and operate Prosilica GT cameras safely.

Handling lens mounts

The lens mount thread has sharp edges. Be careful these edges do not cut your skin when mounting or unmounting lenses.

Handling hot cameras

If you hold the camera in your hands during operation, your skin may get hurt. If you touch the camera when it is heated up, we recommend wearing protective gloves.

Providing optimum heat dissipation

Operation outside the allowed temperature range can damage the camera. For best performance and to protect the camera from damage, keep the housing temperature in the specified operating temperature range.

Observe the following:

- To avoid camera crashes, operate the camera with a lens or lens adapter attached only.
- For maximum heat dissipation, affix the camera to a heat sink, using the mounting holes.
- Use mounting base and heat sink with large surface areas.
- Use a mounting base with a high thermal conductivity.
- Reduce ambient temperature. For example, in an outdoor application with direct sunlight, provide shading by an enclosure.
- Provide ventilation or other active cooling of camera, mounting base, and heat sink.



Camera mounting

Prosilica GT cameras must be mounted using the mounting threads. If vibration is higher than specified, cameras can disconnect from the mounting. Falling cameras can hurt you. To avoid personal injury:

- Mount the camera according to the instructions in the installation chapter.
- Ensure, shock and vibration do not exceed the specified range as specified in the specifications chapter.
- For heavy or long lenses, use a lens support and apply tests.

Lens load

Many of the lens mount styles available such as M42-Mount, F-Mount, and EF-Mount are not designed for high vibration environments with a heavy lens load. We recommend supporting the lens externally in these environments.



Product safety

To prevent material damage, read the following to understand how to safely handle and operate the camera.

Electrical connections

ESD

ESD is dangerous for electronic devices, especially when tools or hands get in contact with connectors. We recommend measures to avoid damage by ESD:

- Unpacking: Remove the camera from its anti-static packaging only when your body is grounded.
- Workplace: Use a static-safe workplace with static-dissipative mat and air ionization.
- Wrist strap: Wear a static-dissipative wrist strap to ground your body.
- Clothing: Wear ESD-protective clothing. Keep components away from your body and clothing. Even if you are wearing a wrist strap, your body is grounded but your clothes are not.

Cable connections

Provide sufficient strain relief for all cable connections to avoid short circuits and malfunctions.

Camera power

Operating the camera beyond the specified range damages the camera. Cameras can be powered using the I/O connector at an input range of 7 to 25 VDC, using a limited power source (LPS), according to IEC 62368-1 with maximum 2 A. The camera is not intended to be connected to a DC distribution network. The maximum length for I/O cables must not exceed 30 meters.

Alternatively, cameras can be powered over Ethernet. However, power consumption and heat generation are higher than with external power, using the I/O connector. The maximum power supplied via PoE is 13 watts. EF-Mount lens power requirements varies from lens to lens; however, typical ratings are in the 3 to 4 watt range. Should your lens and camera power requirements exceed 13 watts, it is necessary to power the camera via the Hirose I/O port.

Make sure that PoE power sourcing equipment is at least compliant to IEEE 802.3af/at.

Only use power supplies that meet the insulation requirement according to PELV or SELV. For details, please refer to IEC 61140.

If using external power supplies by third-party manufacturers, observe polarity to avoid damage to the camera electronics.



Optical components

Provide the following conditions to keep dirt and droplets out of the optical system of camera and lens:

- Dust-free environment
- Low relative humidity
- No condensation.

When camera or lens are stored:

- Cover the lens mount with a protection foil or cap.
- Cover front and back lens with caps.

Sensor

Sensors are sensitive to excessive radiation: focused sunlight, lasers, and X-rays can damage the sensor. Dirt and scratches can damage the sensor as well.

Prosilica GT cameras do not need additional cleaning. Cameras are cleaned before shipping. Incorrect cleaning can damage the sensor or the filter. Therefore, never clean the sensor or the filter.

Protect the camera filter and the sensor from dirt, because dirt becomes more visible the closer it gets to the sensor. In addition, keep the back lens clean. Hold the camera with the lens mount facing the ground to keep dirt out of the lens mount.



Figure 1: Holding the camera with the lens mount facing the ground

Lenses

Maximum protrusion

The sensor, filter, lens, or camera electronics can be damaged if a lens exceeding maximum protrusion is mounted to the camera. Use lenses with a maximum protrusion within camera specifications.



Installing the camera



This chapter describes the components required for your vision system including configuring the host computer, NIC settings, and connecting your Prosilica GT camera.



Touching hot cameras



CAUTION

Risk of burns

A camera in operation can reach temperature levels which could cause burns.

- Wear protective gloves when you touch a camera that is heated up.
- Ensure proper cooling of the camera.

Electrostatic discharge



NOTICE

ESD is dangerous for electronic devices, especially when tools or hands get in contact with connectors. We recommend measures to avoid damage by ESD:

- Unpacking: Remove the camera from its anti-static packaging only when your body is grounded.
- Workplace: Use a static-safe workplace with static-dissipative mat and air ionization.
- Wrist strap: Wear a static-dissipative wrist strap to ground your body.
- Clothing: Wear ESD-protective clothing. Keep components away from your body and clothing. Even if you are wearing a wrist strap, your body is grounded but your clothes are not.

Mounting the camera



CAUTION

Injury by falling cameras or lenses

A falling camera or lens can cause injury.

- Ensure proper mounting of cameras and lenses, especially for dynamic applications.
- Mount cameras as described in the instructions.
- Use a lens support for heavy lenses.



Standard and Extended Format housing

You can attach the camera to a base using the M3 thread mounting holes built into the top, bottom, and front of the Prosilica GT camera housing. Optionally, you can use the tripod adapter to mount your Prosilica GT camera to a tripod.

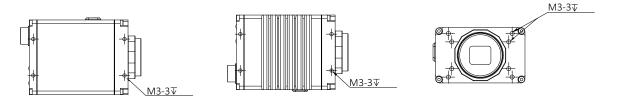


Figure 2: Mounting holes in top, bottom, and front of camera



NOTICE

Please observe the following when mounting the camera:

- It is important to consider the maximum intrusion depth of the M3 mounting holes. Using longer screws can damage the threads or bottom plate and will reduce the strength of the joint.
- Use a spacer, spring lock washer, or internal tooth lock washer to reduce the intrusion depth of longer screws.
- Apply low-strength thread-locking fluid to the screws to prevent loosening of the screws under vibrational loading.

Large Format housing

You can attach the camera to a base using the M3 thread mounting holes built into the top, bottom, sides, and front of the Prosilica GT camera housing and lens mount. Prosilica GT Large Format cameras also have a built-in 1/4-20 tripod mounting hole on two sides.

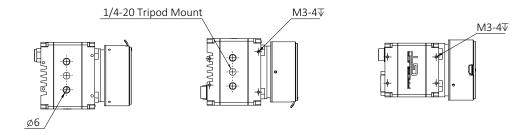


Figure 3: Mounting holes in top, bottom, and sides of camera





NOTICE

Please observe the following when mounting the camera:

- It is important to consider the maximum intrusion depth of the M3 mounting holes. Using longer screws can damage the threads or bottom plate and will reduce the strength of the joint.
- Use a spacer, spring lock washer, or internal tooth lock washer to reduce the intrusion depth of longer screws.
- Apply low-strength thread-locking fluid to the screws to prevent loosening of the screws under vibrational loading.

Mounting the lens



CAUTION

Injury by falling cameras or lenses

A falling camera or lens can cause injury.

- Ensure proper mounting of cameras and lenses, especially for dynamic applications.
- Mount cameras as described in the instructions.
- Use a lens support for heavy lenses.



CAUTION

Risk of cuts by sharp edges of lens mounts

The threads of the lens mount can have sharp edges.

Be careful when mounting or unmounting lenses.



NOTICE

Many of the lens mount styles available such as M42-Mount, F-Mount, and EF-Mount are not designed for high vibration environments with a heavy lens load. We recommend supporting the lens externally in these environments.



NOTICE

As monochrome and NIR models don't have an optical filter, always attach a dust cap when a lens is not attached to minimize the possibility of contaminants falling on the sensor surface.





NOTICE

Provide the following conditions to keep dirt and droplets out of the optical system of camera and lens:

- Dust-free environment
- Low relative humidity
- No condensation

To keep dirt out of the lens mount, hold the camera with the lens mount facing the ground. Keep filter and camera back lens clean, because dirt becomes more visible the closer it gets to the sensor.



NOTICE

Image sensors are sensitive to excessive radiation: focused sunlight, lasers, and X-rays can damage the sensor.

Prosilica GT cameras offer various lens mounts for installing a lens including C-Mount, CS-Mount, F-Mount, F-Mount PA, M42-Mount, M42-Mount PA, M58-Mount PA, and Canon EF-Mount PA depending on the model. Lenses can be purchased directly from Allied Vision or from an Allied Vision distribution partner. Users need to select the desired focal length of the lens and appropriate optical format for the target camera model.

For more information on lens mount options for your Prosilica GT camera, see the Modular Concept. For information on available lenses and accessories for your camera, see the Accessories webpage.

Configuring the host computer

Prosilica GT cameras can operate on 10/100 or Gigabit speed NICs. In order to reach the maximum camera frame rate, a Gigabit speed NIC with jumbo packet support is required.

If your host computer has an available Ethernet port, this can be used with your Prosilica GT camera. We recommend that your camera system uses a dedicated Ethernet port not shared with internet or local area networks. If more ports are required, or your existing NIC is unable to operate at Gigabit Ethernet speeds, installing additional hardware may be required.

Usage on mixed-use networks (with printers, internet, and email) is possible but may impact camera performance (for example, frame rate). Check with your network administrator if required for network configuration.



Installing the NIC driver

Install the network card driver from your network card manufacturer. If no installation application is provided, update the driver manually.

To update the driver manually

- 1. Click the **Start** icon and select **Control Panel** in the menu.
- 2. Click View by Large Icons and select Device Manager in the list.
- 3. Under **Network Adapters**, locate the Ethernet NIC, right-click the entry, and select **Update Driver Software** in the menu.
- 4. Select the Search automatically for updated driver software or Browse my computer for driver software.
- 5. Click **Close** after the driver has been installed.

Optional: Modifying NIC IP address

After the initial NIC hardware installation, connect the NIC directly to the camera. The default configuration assigns an IP address automatically using the Link-Local Address range of 169.254.xxx.xxx or an address defined by the DHCP server, if present.

Users can fix the NIC address to minimize the time required for a camera to be recognized by the host application.

To connect to the camera, edit the host computer's adapter settings and configure the following settings:

IP Address: 169.254.100.1Subnet mask: 255.255.0.0Default gateway: blank

When systems employ multiple NICs connected to multiple cameras the address of the NICs should be set. Each NIC or NIC card port requires a unique IP address.

For example:

NIC 1:

IP Address: 169.254.100.1Subnet mask: 255.255.0.0Default gateway: blank

NIC 2:

IP Address: 169.254.100.2Subnet mask: 255.255.0.0Default gateway: blank





In general, we recommend to use high performance Gigabit Ethernet network equipment to achieve best results and maximum performance for the communication and acquisition of images with GigE Vision cameras.

For best performance when operating Allied Vision Gigabit Ethernet cameras on a Windows-based system, we recommend installing the GigE Vision Filter Driver on the corresponding network interface.

Additional to the performance increase by using the GigE Vision Filter Driver which will result in a limitation of the interrupt rate, we recommend to optimize the following settings on the system.

Optimize system performance

The NIC should be adjusted to improve system performance when using a GigE Vision camera. This performance is related to minimizing CPU usage and dropped or resent packets.

Edit the NIC driver properties according to the values in the following table. The names and availability of the properties listed may vary depending on NIC manufacturer and model.

| Property | Value |
|--|----------------------------|
| Packet size or maximum transmission unit | 8228 bytes or larger |
| Interrupt moderation | Enable |
| Interrupt moderation rate | Extreme |
| Receive buffers | Maximum value configurable |
| Transmit buffers | 512 bytes |

Table 6: Network interface card driver settings

Default packet size

The default packet size of Prosilica GT cameras is 8228 bytes. The host NIC needs to support a packet size of equal or larger size to stream from the camera.

NIC settings

The NIC settings may also vary depending on your system configuration and the NIC manufacturer.

For desktop systems, use a PCI Express bus NIC. For laptops, use an expansion slot via an ExpressCard.



Enabling jumbo packets

The properties listed for the NIC may include either **Jumbo Packet** or **Jumbo Frames** depending on the manufacturer. If neither is listed under properties, your network card may not support this feature. You must use a NIC that supports Jumbo Frames or Jumbo Packets.

To enable jumbo packets

- 1. Click the **Start** icon and select **Control Panel** in the menu.
- 2. Click View by Large Icons and select Device Manager in the list.
- 3. Under **Network Adapters**, locate the Ethernet NIC, right-click the entry, and select **Properties** in the menu.
- 4. Select the **Advanced** tab.
- 5. Select the property **Jumbo Packet** and set the value to 9014 Bytes.
- 6. Click **OK** to save the setting.

Connecting your camera

Use a CAT6 or higher rated Ethernet cable to connect the camera to the NIC. Crossover cabling is not required but does work. The camera has circuitry to determine if a crossover cable is being used.



We recommend CAT6 or higher rated Ethernet cables. A cable with a lower rating may not sustain peak interface bandwidth; leading to lost connectivity or dropped frames coming from the camera.

Powering up the camera

A camera power adapter for each GigE camera is available from Allied Vision. See the Specifications chapter for connector definition and voltage specifications.



A 12 V power adapter with Hirose connector is available for purchase from Allied Vision:

- Order code: 13869 (Desktop power supply without connection cable)
- Order code: 13866 (AC power cable, 1.8 m, US to C13)
- Order code: 13865 (AC power cable, 1.8 m, EU to C13)





NOTICE

- Use only DC power supplies with insulated cases.
- For all power connections, use only shielded cables to avoid electromagnetic interference.
- Prosilica GT cameras can source power from:
 - IEEE 802.3at Type 1 (100 Mbps and 1000 Mbps)
 - IEEE 802.3at Type 1 compliant PoE power sourcing equipment devices such as switches, injectors, or NICs.



NOTICE

The maximum power supplied via PoE is 13 watts. EF-Mount lens power requirements varies from lens to lens; however, typical ratings are in the 3 to 4 watt range. Should your lens and camera power requirements exceed 13 watts, it is necessary to power the camera via the Hirose I/O port.



NOTICE

Verify all external connections in terms of voltage levels, power requirements, voltage polarity, and signal integrity prior to powering the device.



NOTICE

Don't operate the camera beyond the environmental specifications. See environmental specifications limits in the Specifications section of this document. Special care must be taken to maintain an operating temperature as specified in the Specifications chapter.



NOTICE

Operation outside the allowed temperature range can damage the camera. For best performance and to protect the camera from damage, keep the housing temperature in the specified operating temperature range.

Observe the following:

- To avoid camera crashes, operate the camera with a lens or lens adapter attached only.
- For maximum heat dissipation, affix the camera to a heat sink, using the mounting holes.
 - Use mounting base and heat sink with large surface areas.
 - Use a mounting base with a high thermal conductivity.
- Reduce ambient temperature. For example, in an outdoor application with direct sunlight, provide shading by an enclosure.
- Provide ventilation or other active cooling of camera, mounting base, and heat sink.





The camera is not intended to be connected to a DC distribution network. The maximum length for I/O cables must not exceed 30 meters.

Powering the camera via Hirose I/O port

Cameras powered by both the Hirose I/O port and the Gigabit Ethernet port use the power provided by Hirose I/O port only.

Powering the camera via PoE

Note the following when using PoE accessories with PoE-capable GigE cameras:

- Prosilica GT cameras conform to the IEEE 802.3at Type 1 standard.
- Ensure that your PSE provides data over all four pairs.
- If the PSE uses only two out of four pairs for data, operation is limited to 10/100 Mbps. This translates to lower frame rates.
- If the PSE uses all four pairs for data, operation is in Gigabit (1000 Mbps) mode. Thus, allowing you to achieve the maximum possible frame rate.

Connecting to host application

After you have installed **Vimba Viewer** or a third-party application to your host computer, connect your Prosilica GT camera via an Ethernet cable. If your camera is not PoE powered, connect the Hirose cable to power the camera.

Prosilica GT cameras work with the following software options:

- Vimba Viewer or Vimba SDK
- Third-party software solutions

Allied Vision software

Software packages provided by Allied Vision are free of charge and contain such as:

- Drivers
- SDK for camera control and image acquisition
- Examples based on the provided APIs of the SDK
- Documentation and release notes
- Viewer application to operate and configure the cameras

Vimba is Allied Vision's GenICam-based SDK with transport layers for all Allied Vision cameras with GigE Vision, USB3 Vision, IEEE 1394, and Camera Link



interface. Vimba runs on Windows, Linux, and Linux for ARM. You can port your source code from Windows to Linux or cross-compile from a Linux PC to an embedded system.

Vimba provides APIs for C, C++, and .NET. Users who quickly want to develop a straightforward application love the simplicity of the C API or the .NET API.

Advanced users with high demands appreciate the C++ API, which is designed as a highly efficient and sophisticated API for advanced object-oriented programming including the STL (standard template library), shared pointers, and interface classes.

Vimba includes programming examples in C, C++, and C# and an extensive user documentation.



Download Vimba SDK from www.alliedvision.com/en/products/software. After installing, documentation is located under \Program Files\Allied Vision\Vimba.

Third-party software

In addition to the software provided by Allied Vision, there are numerous GigE Vision standard compliant third-party software options available. In general, third-party software provides increased functionality such as image processing and video recording.

GenICam-based third-party software automatically connects with Vimba's transport layers. Additionally, Vimba includes the Cognex Adapter for VisionPro.

Configuring your camera

After the host PC is configured, it is necessary to configure the parameters in the camera to establish the connection with best performance. It is necessary to note the value for the feature <code>GevSCPSPacketSize</code> which defines the size of the network packets and also the size of the feature <code>StreamBytesPerSecond</code> which controls the available bandwidth of the network interface.

If just one camera is connected, the maximum value can be used and therefore set to 124,000,000. When using multiple cameras simultaneously on one network adapter through a switch, we recommend to divide the available amount of **StreamBytesPerSecond** by the number of connected cameras. When two cameras with the same parameter share the available bandwidth, the usable maximum value for each camera is 62,000,000.



Accessories

We offer a wide range of accessories for use with Prosilica GT cameras including:

- GigE accessories such as standard GigE components and PoE capable GigE components.
- Lenses for corresponding sensor sizes and resolutions.

Contact your Allied Vision Sales team or your local Allied Vision distribution partner for information on accessories and lens recommendations.



To find accessories for your Prosilica GT camera, see www.alliedvision.com/en/products/accessories.



Specifications



This chapter provides:

- Applied standards
- Technical specifications
- Absolute QE plots
- Spectral response plots
- ROI frame rate plots
- Comparison of feature availability in various Prosilica GT camera models



Applied standards

GigE Vision

The GigE Vision standard is an interface standard for digital machine vision cameras administered by the AIA that is widely supported in the machine vision industry. In contrast, Gigabit Ethernet is the network GigE Vision is built upon.

GenlCam

GenlCam is a machine vision standard hosted by the EMVA. The aim of GenlCam is to provide a generic configuration interface for cameras and devices independent of the used interface technology (for example, GigE Vision, USB3 Vision, DCAM IEEE 1394, Camera Link). This approach enables proper interoperability between GenlCam compliant hardware and software solutions without the need for customization.

The GenICam standard consists of multiple modules that specify tasks to be solved. Allied Vision cameras and software make use of these modules, like the SFNC that standardizes feature names and types via an XML file or the transport layer interface (GenTL) that is used to grab images.

Shock and vibration

Prosilica GT Standard, Extended, and Large Format cameras were successfully tested according to the following standards:

- IEC 60068-2-6, Sinusoidal vibration testing
- IEC 60068-2-27, Non-repetitive shock testing
- IEC 60068-2-27, Repetitive shock testing
- IEC 60068-2-64, Random vibration testing

If you need more details, please contact support at www.alliedvision.com/en/about-us/contact-us/technical-support-repair-/-rma.



Notes on specifications

This section defines the conditions for specifications stated in this chapter.

Dimensions and mass

Dimensions include lens mount and connectors but not the tripod and lens. Mass does not include the tripod and lens.

Both dimensions and mass values in the specification tables are for the default configuration of the camera (default housing and lens mount).

Mono8 pixel format

Prosilica GT color models include the **Mono8** monochrome pixel format in addition to color and RAW pixel formats.

Modular options

Prosilica GT and Prosilica GT Large Format cameras can be ordered with several modular options including lens mount, optical filter, and sensor options. For more information, see the Modular Concept.

Frame memory

Normally, an image is captured and transported in consecutive steps. The image is taken, read out from the sensor, digitized, and sent over the GigE network. Prosilica GT cameras are equipped with an image buffer. The memory operates according to the FIFO principle. Specification tables show how many frames can be stored by each model.

Number of frames

The number of frames (StreamHoldCapacity) depends on resolution, pixel format, and GVSP packet size. The stated number of frames is typical for full resolution, 8-bit pixel format (*Mono8* or *Bayer8*), and a GevSCPSPacketSize = 8192 bytes per packet.



Resolution

and ROI frame rates

Resolution and ROI frame rates are listed after the specification table. The resulting frame rate from changing sensor height from full image to a single line. Unless otherwise noted, sensors do not give an increase in readout speed with a reduction in width. However, in cases where a camera is limited by frame rate due to bandwidth restrictions, a reduction in width provides a frame rate increase. Cameras with a "burst mode" frame rate are able to output more data than the maximum available bandwidth (124 Mbps), and have a frame rate increase with a reduction in width.

Resolution and ROI measurements

- Data was generated using **StreamBytesPerSecond** = **124** Mbps (full bandwidth), minimum exposure, full resolution, and an 8-bit pixel format. Frame rate may be lower if using network hardware incapable of 124 Mbps.
- For maximum speed advantage on quad-tap CCD sensors, ROIs are center image, where feature **OffsetY** = (full sensor height ROI height)/2.
- **BinningVertical** is vertical row summing of charge on sensor sensors before readout. The frame rate for an ROI at the same effective height as binning is slower because the sensor still needs to read out the "fast readout rows" in ROI mode.

Frame rate and readout

Although the sensor is capable of higher frame rates, readout is limited by GigE bandwidth and exposure value. You can improve frame rates with an ROI and shorter exposure values.



Sensor tap mode (CCD models only)

With quad-tap sensor mode you can achieve a higher frame rate than with single-tap mode. With single-tap sensor mode, you can achieve an image certain to be free of any tap-boundary artifacts. You can also use single-tap mode if you experience tap imbalance issues with your camera. You can change the sensor digitization tap mode in **Vimba Viewer 2.0** or later. Sensor tap more is applicable to quad-tap cameras only.



Image acquisition must be stopped before changing sensor tap mode.

Affected features

This table lists features which are affected when switching from quad-tap to single-tap sensor mode.

| Feature | Quad-tap mode | Single-tap mode |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| ReverseX | Available | Not available |
| ReverseY | Available | Not available |
| DecimationHorizontal | Available | Not available |
| DecimationVertical | Available | Not available |

Table 7: Features affected when switching sensor tap mode

Tap modes

| Model | Sensor tap mode |
|------------------|---|
| Prosilica GT1290 | Single-tap |
| Prosilica GT1380 | Single-tap |
| Prosilica GT1600 | Single-tap |
| Prosilica GT1920 | Quad-tap, Single-tap switchable in Vimba 2.0 or later |
| Prosilica GT2450 | Dual-tap |
| Prosilica GT2750 | Quad-tap, Single-tap switchable in Vimba 2.0 or later |
| Prosilica GT3400 | Quad-tap, Single-tap switchable in Vimba 2.0 or later |

Table 8: Sensor tap modes for CCD models



Absolute QE plots

All measurements were done without protection glass (ASG) or IR cut filter. With protection glass (ASG) or filters, QE decreases by approximately 10 percent.

The uncertainty in measurement of the QE values is ± 10 percent. This is mainly due to uncertainties in the measuring apparatus itself (Ulbricht sphere, optometer).

Manufacturing tolerance of the sensor increases overall uncertainty.

Sony CCD and CMOS sensors

Sony provides relative response curves in their sensor data sheets. To create the absolute QE plots shown in this chapter, the relative response was converted to a normalized QE response and then adjusted as per three measured QE values (at 448 nm, 529 nm, 632 nm) for color sensors and one measured QE value (at 529 nm) for monochrome sensors.

ON Semi CMOS sensors

The curve in the absolute QE plots shown in this chapter is taken from the sensor manufacturer data sheet. The information was correct at the time of publishing.

Wavelength

The wavelength range in the absolute QE plots reflects the information available in the sensor manufacturer data sheet at the time of publishing. Many color sensors are documented by the sensor manufacturer only for wavelengths from 400 nm to 700 nm.

Spectral response plots

The curves in the spectral response plots shown in this chapter were calculated from measured quantum efficiencies at 448 nm, 529 nm, and 632 nm. The shape of the curve is taken from the sensor data sheet, but the values have been adjusted based on these measured values.

The uncertainty in measurement of the spectral response values is ± 10 percent.



Specifications common to all models

The following table provides specifications common to all Prosilica GT models.

| Feature | Specification |
|--------------------------|---|
| Default optical filter | Monochrome and NIR models: No optical filterColor models: Type IRC30 IR cut filter |
| Image buffer | 128 MB |
| TTL (non-isolated) I/O | 1 input, 2 outputs |
| Opto-isolated I/O | 1 input, 2 outputs |
| RS232 | 1 TxD, 1 RxD |
| Power requirements | 7 to 25 VDC AUX |
| Power requirements (PoE) | IEEE 802.3at Type 1 |
| Operating humidity | 20 to 80% non-condensing |
| Interface standards | IEEE 802.3 1000BASE-T (GigE) and IEEE 802.3at Type 1 (PoE) GigE Vision Standard V1.2 |
| Camera control standard | GenICam SFNC V1.2.1 |

Table 9: Specifications common to all Prosilica GT models

Hardware options

Depending on the camera model, additional mount, such as EF-Mount, F-Mount, M42-Mount, M58-Mount, and TFL Mount are available. The Planarity adjusted (PA) option adds increased alignment for the sensor Z-axis.

The Modular Concept informs about options for lens mounts, optical filters, and protection glass (ASG).



Modular Concept

See the Modular Concept for hardware options, including information on ordering at www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-documentation/prosilica-gt-documentation.



Prosilica GT1290 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT1290 and GT1290C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1290 | Prosilica GT1290C |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX445ALA | Sony ICX445AQA |
| Resolution | 1280 (H) × 90 | 60 (V); 1.2 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, F | Progressive Scan |
| Sensor format | Туре | e 1/3 |
| Sensor size | 6.0 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.75 μm | × 3.75 μm |
| Housing | Standard Fo | rmat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-M | ount |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 33.3 fps | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/14 bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 53 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 12 μs to 77.3 s; | 1 μs increments |
| Gain control | 0 to 29 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns Vertical: 1 to 14 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Sensor taps | Single-tap | |
| Power consumption | External power: 2.9 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 3.5 W | |
| Trigger latency | 2 μs | |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 ns | |

Table 10: Prosilica GT1290 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1290 | Prosilica GT1290C |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 90 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 211 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |

Table 10: Prosilica GT1290 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

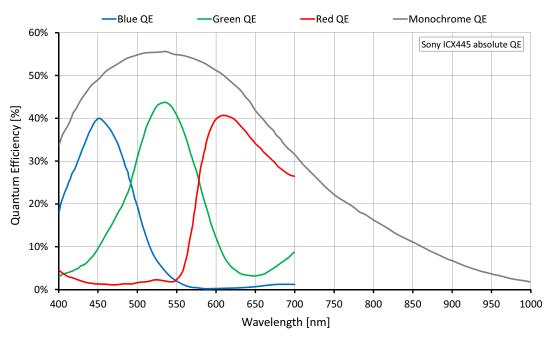


Figure 4: Prosilica GT1290 (Sony ICX445) absolute QE

Spectral response

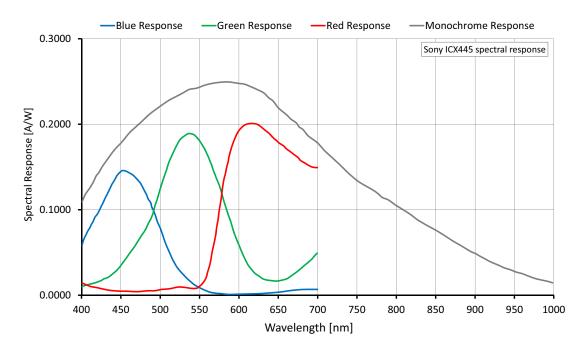


Figure 5: Prosilica GT1290 (Sony ICX445) spectral response



ROI frame rates

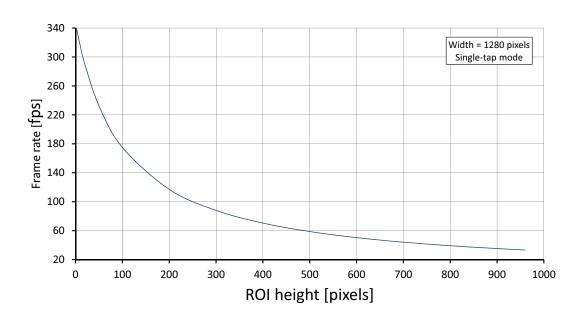


Figure 6: Prosilica GT1290 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 960 | 33.3 |
| 900 | 35.3 |
| 800 | 39.2 |
| 700 | 44.1 |
| 600 | 50.4 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 500 | 58.8 |
| 400 | 70.5 |
| 300 | 88.0 |
| 200 | 117.1 |
| 100 | 175.0 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 50 | 232.4 |
| 20 | 289.5 |
| 10 | 315.2 |
| 2 | 339.4 |

Table 11: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=1280 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 480 | 60.8 |
| 3 | 320 | 83.8 |
| 4 | 240 | 103.3 |
| 5 | 192 | 120.0 |
| 6 | 160 | 134.5 |
| 7 | 136 | 147.8 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 8 | 120 | 158.3 |
| 9 | 106 | 168.7 |
| 10 | 96 | 176.9 |
| 11 | 86 | 185.1 |
| 12 | 80 | 191.9 |
| | | |

Table 12: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=1280 pixels)



Prosilica GT1380 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT1380 and GT1380C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1380 | Prosilica GT1380C |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX285AL | Sony ICX285AQ |
| Resolution | 1360 (H) × 10 | 24 (V); 1.4 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, F | Progressive Scan |
| Sensor format | Туре | 2/3 |
| Sensor size | 11.0 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 6.45 μm : | × 6.45 μm |
| Housing | Standard For | rmat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-M | ount |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 30.5 fps | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/1 | .4 bit |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 47 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 10 μs to 77.3 s; 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0 to 34 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns Vertical: 1 to 14 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Sensor taps | Single-tap | |
| Power consumption | External power: 3.4 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 4.2 W | |
| Trigger latency | 2.2 μs | |

Table 13: Prosilica GT1380 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1380 | Prosilica GT1380C |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 |) ns |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 80 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 211 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |

Table 13: Prosilica GT1380 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

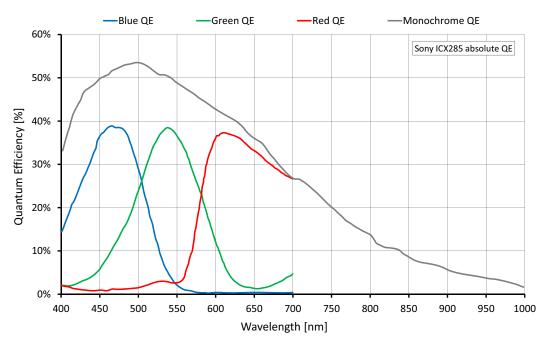


Figure 7: Prosilica GT1380 (Sony ICX285) absolute QE

Spectral response

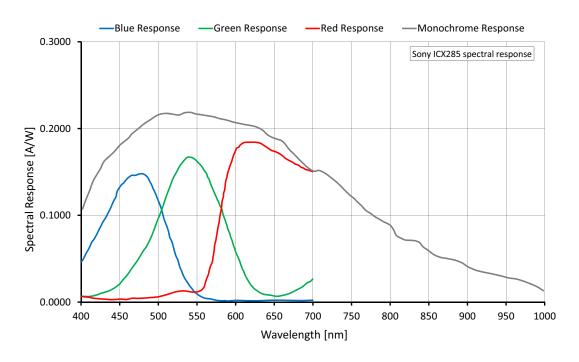


Figure 8: Prosilica GT1380 (Sony ICX285) spectral response



ROI frame rates

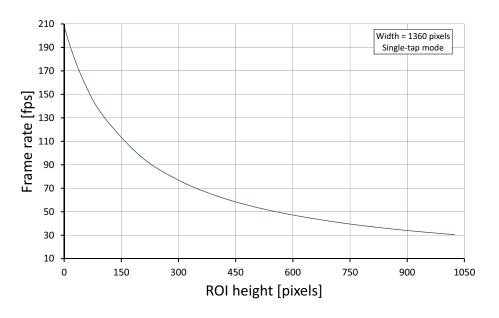


Figure 9: Prosilica GT1380 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1024 | 30.5 |
| 1000 | 31.1 |
| 900 | 34.0 |
| 800 | 37.5 |
| 700 | 41.8 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 600 | 47.2 |
| 500 | 54.1 |
| 400 | 63.5 |
| 300 | 76.9 |
| 200 | 97.4 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 100 | 132.7 |
| 50 | 162.1 |
| 20 | 186.9 |
| 10 | 197.0 |
| 2 | 205.9 |

Table 14: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=1360 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 512 | 53.2 |
| 3 | 341 | 70.7 |
| 4 | 256 | 84.6 |
| 5 | 204 | 96.0 |
| 6 | 170 | 105.4 |
| 7 | 146 | 113.1 |
| 8 | 128 | 119.6 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 9 | 113 | 125.6 |
| 10 | 102 | 130.4 |
| 11 | 93 | 134.6 |
| 12 | 85 | 138.5 |
| 13 | 78 | 142.1 |
| 14 | 73 | 144.7 |

Table 15: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=1360 pixels)



Prosilica GT1600 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT1600 and GT1600C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models

| | Specification | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1600 | Prosilica GT1600C | |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX274AL | Sony ICX274AQ | |
| Resolution | 1620 (H) × 12 | 220 (V); 2 MP | |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter | |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, P | rogressive Scan | |
| Sensor format | Туре | 1/1.8 | |
| Sensor size | 8.923 mm | n diagonal | |
| Pixel size | 4.4 μm > | < 4.4 μm | |
| Housing | Standard Format housing | | |
| Default lens mount | C-Mount | | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 25.8 fps | | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/14 bit | | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 33 frames at full resolution | | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 | |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed | |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed | |
| Exposure time control | 10 μs to 68.7 s, 1 μs increments | | |
| Gain control | 0 to 26 dB; 1 dB increments | | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns; Vertical: 1 to 14 rows | | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | | |
| Sensor taps | Single-tap | | |
| Power consumption | External power: 3.3 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 4.0 W | | |
| Trigger latency | 1.4 μs | | |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 ns | | |

Table 16: Prosilica GT1600 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1600 | Prosilica GT1600C |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 64 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 211 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |

Table 16: Prosilica GT1600 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

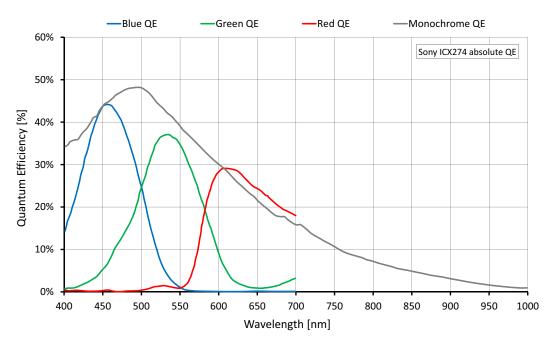


Figure 10: Prosilica GT1600 (Sony ICX274) absolute QE

Spectral response

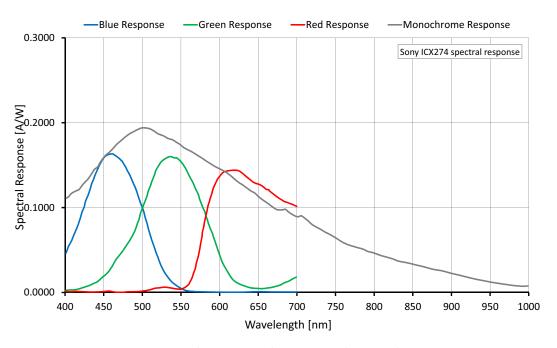


Figure 11: Prosilica GT1600 (Sony ICX274) spectral response



ROI frame rates

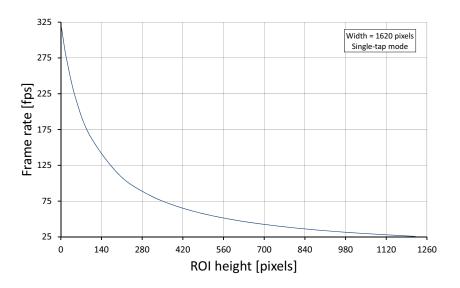


Figure 12: Prosilica GT1600 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1220 | 25.8 |
| 1100 | 28.4 |
| 1000 | 31.0 |
| 900 | 34.0 |
| 800 | 37.8 |
| 700 | 42.5 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 600 | 48.5 |
| 500 | 56.5 |
| 400 | 67.7 |
| 300 | 84.4 |
| 200 | 112.1 |
| 100 | 116.6 |

| Frame rate |
|------------|
| 220.2 |
| 272.9 |
| 296.5 |
| 318.6 |
| |

Table 17: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=1620 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 610 | 47.9 |
| 3 | 406 | 66.9 |
| 4 | 304 | 83.5 |
| 5 | 244 | 97.8 |
| 6 | 202 | 111.0 |
| 7 | 174 | 122.1 |
| 8 | 152 | 132.4 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 9 | 134 | 142.2 |
| 10 | 122 | 149.6 |
| 11 | 110 | 157.7 |
| 12 | 100 | 165.2 |
| 13 | 92 | 171.7 |
| 14 | 86 | 176.9 |

Table 18: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=1620 pixels)



Prosilica GT1920 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT1920 and GT1920C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1920 | Prosilica GT1920 |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX674ALG | Sony ICX674AQG |
| Resolution | 1936 (H) × 14 | 56 (V); 2.8 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, F | Progressive Scan |
| Sensor format | Туре | e 2/3 |
| Sensor size | 10.972 mi | m diagonal |
| Pixel size | 4.54 μm | × 4.54 μm |
| Housing | Extended Fo | ormat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-M | ount |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | Quad-tap mode: 40.7 fps Single-tap mode: 11.6 fps | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/14 bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 47 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerGR8, BayerGR12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 10 μs to 26.8 s, 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0 to 33 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns Vertical: 1 to 8 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Sensor taps | Quad-tap Single-tap switchable in Vimba Viewer 2.0 or later | |
| Power consumption | · | 4.9 W at 12 VDC thernet: 6.0 W |

Table 19: Prosilica GT1920 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1920 | Prosilica GT1920 |
| Trigger latency | 2 | μs |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 |) ns |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 52 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/ | 'O; 70 ns for isolated I/O |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +60 °C ambient temper | erature (without condensation) |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temp | erature (without condensation) |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 92 × 53.3 | × 33 mm |
| Mass (typical) | 22 | 4 g |
| Temperature monitoring | | ard and sensor board. I; Accuracy: ±1 °C |

Table 19: Prosilica GT1920 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



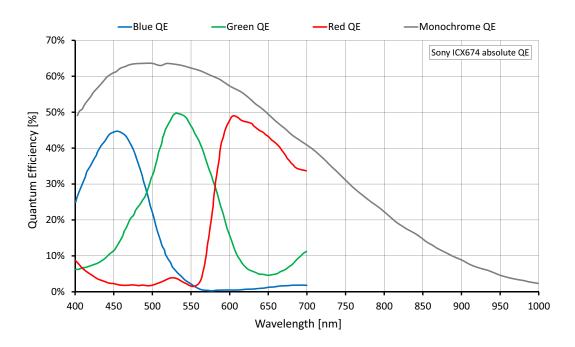


Figure 13: Prosilica GT1920 (Sony ICX674) absolute QE

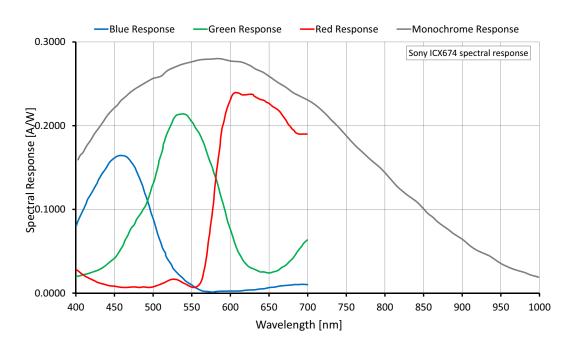


Figure 14: Prosilica GT1920 (Sony ICX674) spectral response



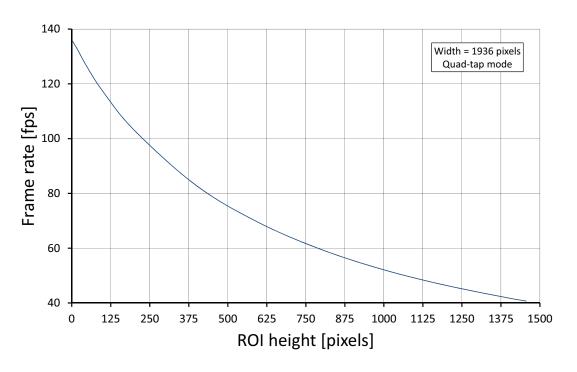


Figure 15: Prosilica GT1920 frame rate as function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1456 | 40.7 |
| 1400 | 41.8 |
| 1200 | 46.4 |
| 1000 | 52.1 |
| 800 | 59.5 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 600 | 69.3 |
| 400 | 82.8 |
| 200 | 103.1 |
| 100 | 117.2 |
| 50 | 126.0 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 20 | 132.2 |
| 10 | 134.2 |
| 2 | 135.7 |

Table 20: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=1936 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 728 | 70.3 |
| 3 | 484 | 92.8 |
| 4 | 364 | 110.0 |
| 5 | 290 | 124.1 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 6 | 242 | 135.1 |
| 7 | 208 | 144.1 |
| 8 | 182 | 151.7 |

Table 21: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=1936 pixels)



Prosilica GT1930 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT1930 and GT1930C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specific | ation |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1930 | Prosilica GT1930C |
| Sensor model | Sony IMX174LLJ | Sony IMX174LQJ |
| Resolution | 1936 (H) × 1216 | (V); 2.35 MP |
| Shutter type | Pregius glob | al shutter |
| Sensor type | CMC | OS . |
| Sensor format | Type 1 | /1.2 |
| Sensor size | 13.4 mm c | liagonal |
| Pixel size | 5.86 μm × | 5.86 μm |
| CRA^1 | 0.0 deg | rees |
| Housing ² | Standard Forn | nat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 50.8 fps (59.2 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 56 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, |
| Exposure time control | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 27 μs to 85.9 s; 13.44 μs increments |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 31 μs to 85.9 s; 17.92 μs increments |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 40 μs to 85.9 s; 26.88 μs increments |
| Gain control | 0.0 to 40.0 dB, 0.1 | . dB increments |

Table 22: Prosilica GT1930 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specific | ation |
|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1930 | Prosilica GT1930C |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 4 pixels Vertical: 1 to 4 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertic | al: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor |
| Power consumption | External power: 3 Power over Eth | |
| Trigger latency | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 40.32 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 53.76 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 80.64 μs |
| Trigger jitter | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | ±6.72 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | ±8.96 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | ±13.44 μs |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 188 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 256 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 390 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/C |); 70 ns for isolated I/O |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temper | rature (without condensation) |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions $(L \times W \times H)$ | 86 × 53 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 211 | g |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main boar Resolution: 0.031; | |
| ¹ For more information on CR | A, contact Allied Vision support. | |
| ² The Prosilica GT1930 housing | g lens protrusion is 2.3 mm shorter than other | er Standard Format housings. |

Table 22: Prosilica GT1930 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



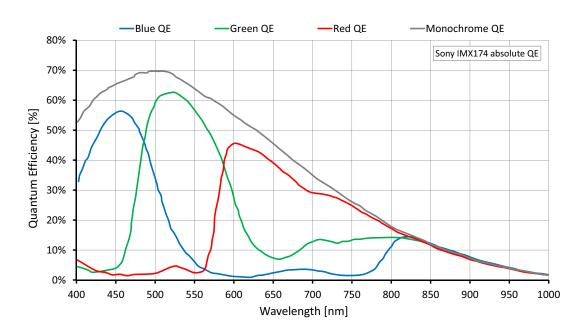


Figure 16: Prosilica GT1930 (Sony IMX174) absolute QE

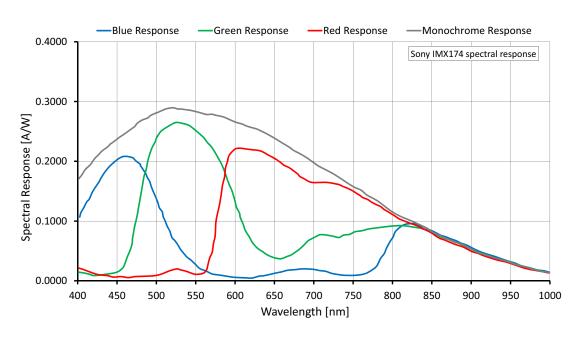


Figure 17: Prosilica GT1930 (Sony IMX174) spectral response



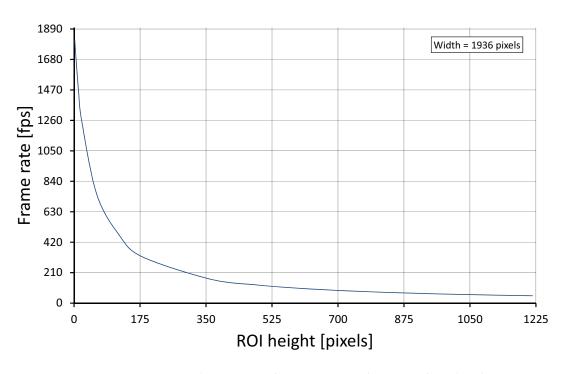


Figure 18: Prosilica GT1930 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1216 | 50.8 |
| 1080 | 57.0 |
| 1024 | 60.1 |
| 960 | 64.2 |
| 768 | 79.8 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 600 | 102.0 |
| 480 | 126.5 |
| 360 | 166.4 |
| 180 | 320.7 |
| 120 | 467.9 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 60 | 751.5 |
| 20 | 1261.0 |
| 12 | 1458.8 |
| 4 | 1730.1 |
| 2 | 1814.5 |

Table 23: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=1936 pixels)



There is an increase in frame rate with reduced width if the camera is bandwidth limited.



Prosilica GT1930L series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT1930L and GT1930LC models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1930L | Prosilica GT1930LC |
| Sensor model | Sony IMX174LLJ | Sony IMX174LQJ |
| Resolution | 1936 (H) × 121 | 6 (V); 2.35 MP |
| Shutter type | Pregius glol | oal shutter |
| Sensor type | CM | OS |
| Sensor format | Type : | 1/1.2 |
| Sensor size | 13.4 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 5.86 μm × | 5.86 μm |
| CRA^{1} | 0.0 de | grees |
| Housing | Large Format housing | |
| Default lens mount | EF-Mount PA | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 50.8 fps (59.2 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 56 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | Pixel format Value | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | $27~\mu s$ to $85.9~s$; $13.44~\mu s$ increments |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 31 μs to 85.9 s; 17.92 μs increments |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 40 μs to 85.9 s; 26.88 μs increments |
| Gain control | 0.0 to 40.0 dB, 0.1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 4 pixels; Vertical: 1 to 4 rows | |

Table 24: Prosilica GT1930L model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT1930L | Prosilica GT1930LC |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 3.24 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 3.88 W | |
| Trigger latency | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 40.32 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 53.76 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 80.64 μs |
| Trigger jitter | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | ±6.72 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | ±8.96 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | ±13.44 μs |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 188 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 256 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 390 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/0 | O; 70 ns for isolated I/O |
| Operating temperature ² | -30 to +75 °C DeviceTemperatureSelector = Sensor, -30 to +80 °C DeviceTemperatureSelector = Main, -30 to +70 °C housing temperature (without condensation), -30 to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -40 °C to +80 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 96 × 66 × 53.3 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 372 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |
| 1 | | |

 1 For more information on CRA, contact Allied Vision support.

Table 24: Prosilica GT1930L model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)

² Selects the site which temperature is reported. For more information on **DeviceStatus**, see the GigE Features Reference.



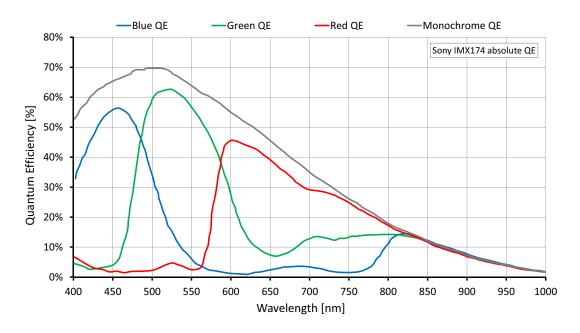


Figure 19: Prosilica GT1930L (Sony IMX174) absolute QE

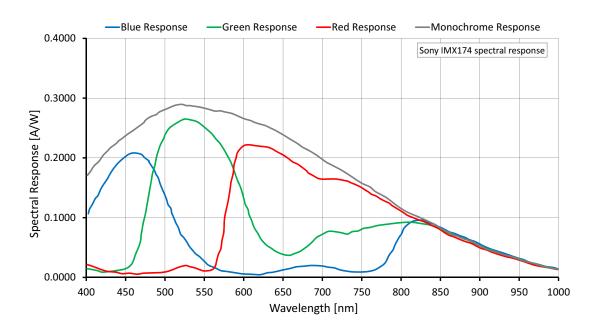


Figure 20: Prosilica GT1930L (Sony IMX174) spectral response



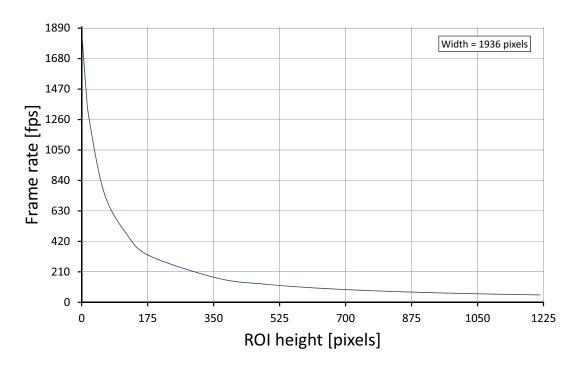


Figure 21: Prosilica GT1930L frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1216 | 50.8 |
| 1080 | 57.0 |
| 1024 | 60.1 |
| 960 | 64.2 |
| 768 | 79.8 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 600 | 102.0 |
| 480 | 126.5 |
| 360 | 166.4 |
| 180 | 320.7 |
| 120 | 467.9 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 60 | 751.5 |
| 20 | 1261.0 |
| 12 | 1458.8 |
| 4 | 1730.1 |
| 2 | 1814.5 |

Table 25: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=1936 pixels)



There is an increase in frame rate with reduced width if the camera is bandwidth limited.



Prosilica GT2000 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT2000, GT2000NIR, and GT2000C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2000, GT2000NIR | Prosilica GT2000C |
| Sensor model | CMOSIS/am | s CMV2000 |
| Resolution | 2048 (H) × 10 | 88 (V); 2.2 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | CM | 1OS |
| Sensor format | Туре | 2/3 |
| Sensor size | 12.7 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 5.5 μm × | < 5.5 μm |
| Housing ¹ | Standard For | mat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 53.7 fps (60.1 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 29 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerGB8, BayerGB12, BayerGB12Packed |
| Exposure time control ² | 25 μs to 122 s, 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0 to 26 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 3.4 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 4.2 W | |
| Trigger latency | 700 ns | |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 ns | |

Table 26: Prosilica GT2000 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2000, GT2000NIR | Prosilica GT2000C |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerGB8, Mono12Packed, BayerGB12Packed, YUV411Packed | 76 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 210 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board only. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |

 $^{^{1}}$ 1 inch format lens recommended

Table 26: Prosilica GT2000 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)

 $^{^2}$ Camera firmware version 01.52.8151 shows minimum exposure values without frame overhead time, that is, 1 μ s. See the sensor data sheet for details on frame overhead time.



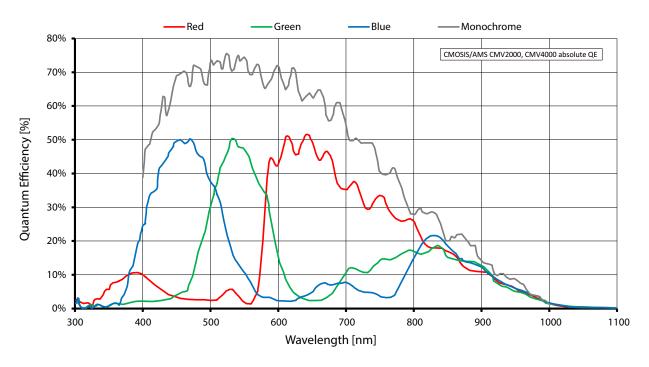


Figure 22: Prosilica GT2000 and GT2000C (CMOSIS/ams CMV2000) absolute QE

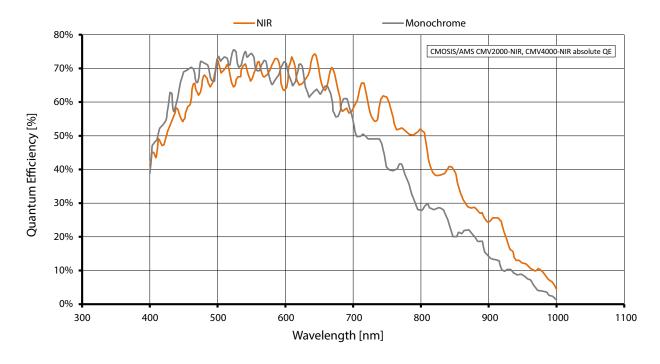


Figure 23: Prosilica GT2000NIR (CMOSIS/ams CMV2000 NIR) absolute QE



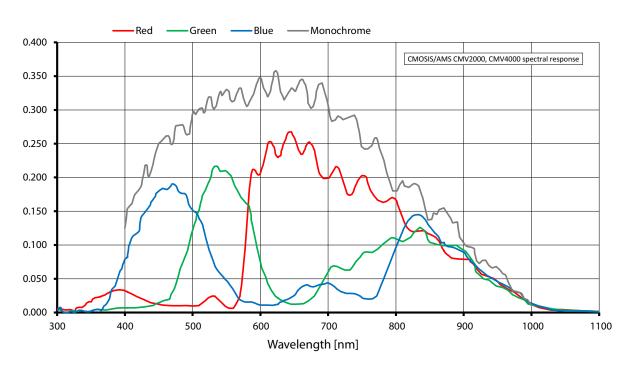


Figure 24: Prosilica GT2000 and GT2000C (CMOSIS/ams CMV2000) spectral response

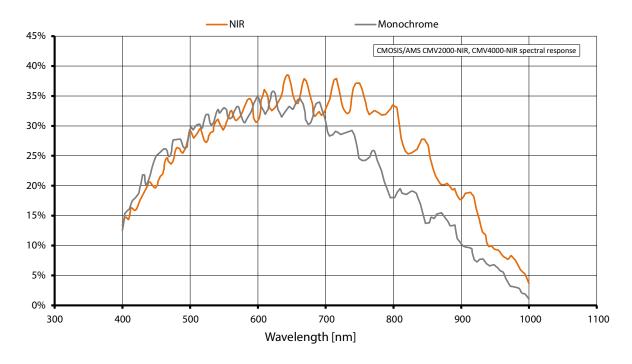


Figure 25: Prosilica GT2000NIR (CMOSIS/ams CMV2000 NIR) spectral response



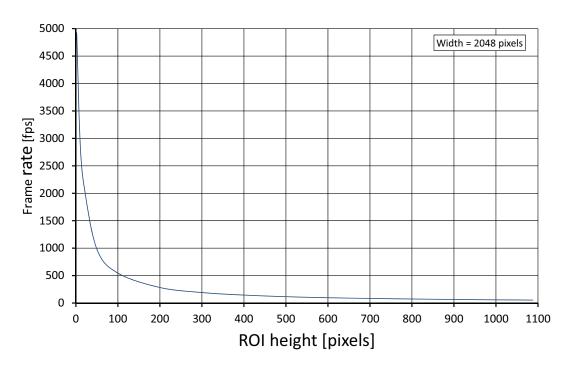


Figure 26: Prosilica GT2000 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1088 | 53.7 |
| 1000 | 58.4 |
| 900 | 64.8 |
| 800 | 72.9 |
| 700 | 83.2 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 600 | 96.8 |
| 500 | 115.9 |
| 400 | 144.3 |
| 300 | 191.2 |
| 200 | 283.1 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 100 | 545.3 |
| 50 | 981.4 |
| 20 | 2105.3 |
| 10 | 2949.9 |
| 2 | 4926.1 |

Table 27: Frame rate as a function of ROI height



There is an increase in frame rate with reduced width if the camera is bandwidth limited.



Prosilica GT2050 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT2050, GT2050NIR, and GT2050C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2050, GT2050NIR | Prosilica GT2050C |
| Sensor model | CMOSIS/am | s CMV4000 |
| Resolution | 2048 (H) × 204 | 48 (V); 4.2 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | CM | IOS |
| Sensor format | Тур | e 1 |
| Sensor size | 16.0 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 5.5 μm > | < 5.5 μm |
| Housing | Standard For | mat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 28.6 fps (32.0 burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 15 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed | |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerGB8, BayerGB12, BayerGB12Packed |
| Exposure time control ¹ | 50 μs to 126.2 s, 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0 to 26 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 3.5 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 4.3 W | |
| Trigger latency | 700 ns | |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 ns | |

Table 28: Prosilica GT2050 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2050, GT2050NIR | Prosilica GT2050C |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerGB8, Mono12Packed, BayerGB12Packed, YUV411Packed | 116 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 210 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board only. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |
| ¹ Camera firmware version \leq 01.52.8151 shows minimum exposure values without frame overhead time, that is, 1 | | |

^{&#}x27; Camera firmware version ≤ 01.52.8151 shows minimum exposure values without frame overhead time, that is, 1 μs. See the sensor data sheet for details on frame overhead time.

Table 28: Prosilica GT2050 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



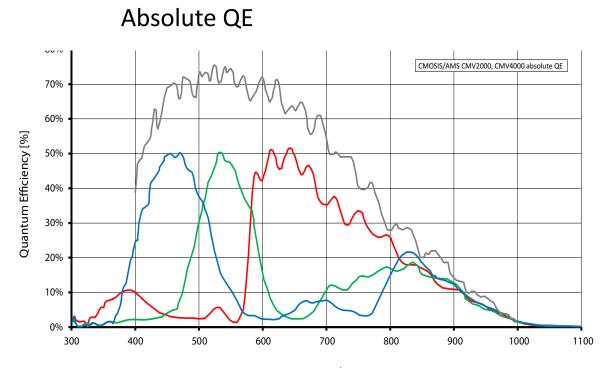


Figure 27: Prosilica GT2050 (CMOSIS/ams CMV4000) absolute QE

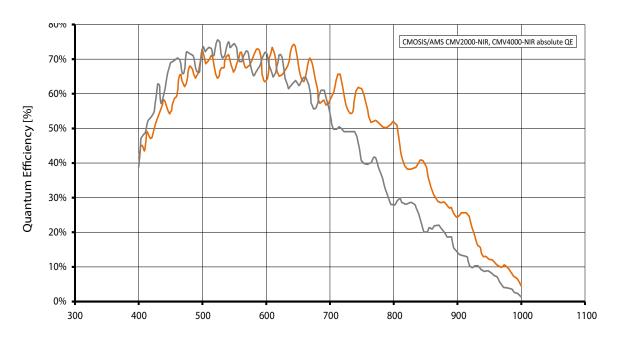


Figure 28: Prosilica GT2050NIR (CMOSIS/ams CMV4000 NIR) absolute QE



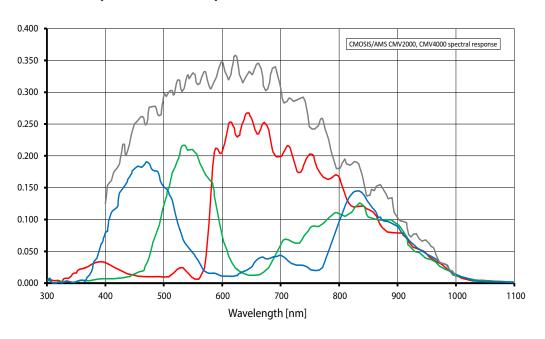


Figure 29: Prosilica GT2050 (CMOSIS/ams CMV4000) spectral response

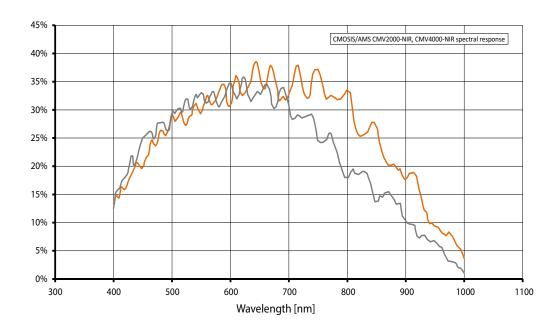


Figure 30: Prosilica GT2050NIR (CMOSIS/ams CMV4000 NIR) spectral response



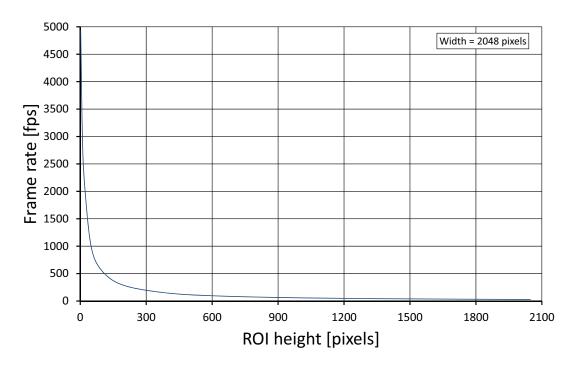


Figure 31: Prosilica GT2050 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2048 | 28.6 |
| 2000 | 29.3 |
| 1800 | 32.6 |
| 1600 | 36.6 |
| 1400 | 41.8 |
| 1200 | 48.7 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1000 | 58.4 |
| 800 | 72.9 |
| 600 | 96.8 |
| 400 | 144.3 |
| 200 | 283.1 |
| 100 | 545.3 |

| Frame rate |
|------------|
| 981.4 |
| 2105.3 |
| 2949.9 |
| 4926.1 |
| |

Table 29: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=2048 pixels)



There is an increase in frame rate with reduced width if the camera is bandwidth limited.



Prosilica GT2450 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT2450 and GT2450C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2450 | Prosilica GT2450C |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX625ALA | Sony ICX625AQA |
| Resolution | 2448 (H) × 2 | 050 (V); 5 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, F | Progressive Scan |
| Sensor format | Туре | e 2/3 |
| Sensor size | 11.016 m | m diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.45 μm | × 3.45 μm |
| Housing | Standard Fo | rmat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-M | lount |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 15 fps | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/14 bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 13 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 25 μs to 42.9 s, | 1 μs increments |
| Gain control | 0 to 30 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns; Vertical: 1 to 14 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Sensor taps | Dual-tap | |
| Power consumption | External power: 3.8 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 4.7 W | |
| Trigger latency | 1.1 μs | |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 ns | |

Table 30: Prosilica GT2450 specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2450 | Prosilica GT2450C |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 24.8 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 211 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | | ard and sensor board. I; Accuracy: ±1 °C |

Table 30: Prosilica GT2450 specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



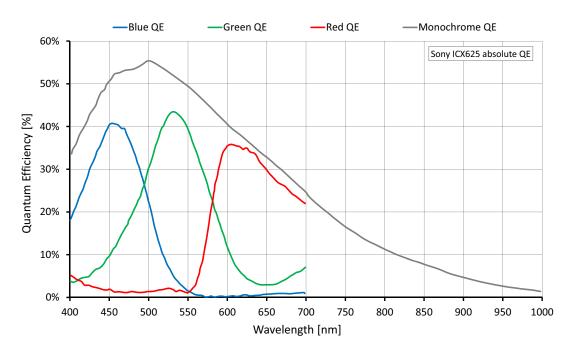


Figure 32: Prosilica GT2450 (Sony ICX625) absolute QE

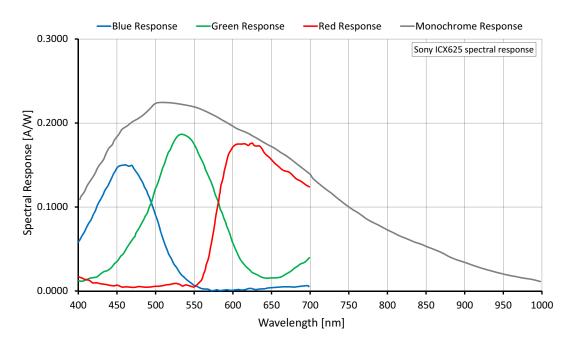


Figure 33: Prosilica GT2450 (Sony ICX625) spectral response



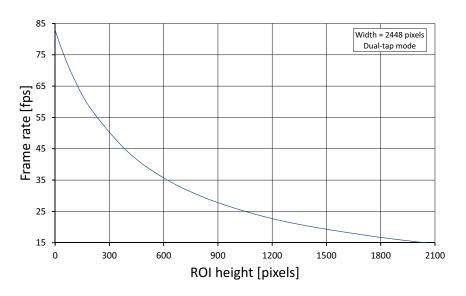


Figure 34: Prosilica GT2450 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2050 | 15.0 |
| 2000 | 15.3 |
| 1800 | 16.7 |
| 1600 | 18.4 |
| 1400 | 20.3 |
| 1200 | 22.7 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1000 | 25.9 |
| 800 | 30.0 |
| 600 | 35.7 |
| 400 | 44.1 |
| 200 | 57.5 |
| 100 | 67.9 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 50 | 74.7 |
| 20 | 79.4 |
| 10 | 81.1 |
| 2 | 82.5 |

Table 31: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=2448 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 1025 | 25.4 |
| 3 | 683 | 33.1 |
| 4 | 512 | 38.9 |
| 5 | 410 | 43.4 |
| 6 | 341 | 47.1 |
| 7 | 292 | 50.2 |
| 8 | 256 | 52.7 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 9 | 227 | 54.8 |
| 10 | 205 | 56.6 |
| 11 | 186 | 58.2 |
| 12 | 170 | 59.6 |
| 13 | 157 | 60.8 |
| 14 | 146 | 61.8 |

Table 32: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=2448 pixels)



Prosilica GT2460 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT2460 and GT2460C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2460 | Prosilica GT2460C |
| Sensor model | Sony IMX264LLR | Sony IMX264LQR |
| Resolution | 2464 (H) × 20 | 56 (V); 5.1 MP |
| Shutter type | Pregius glo | bal shutter |
| Sensor type | CM | 10S |
| Sensor format | Туре | 2/3 |
| Sensor size | 11.1 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.45 μm > | × 3.45 μm |
| CRA^{1} | 0.0 de | egrees |
| Housing | Standard For | mat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 23.7 fps (28.7 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12- | -bit |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 26 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | Pixel format Value | |
| | Mono8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG8, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 30 μs to 85.9 s, 16.64 μs increments |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 35 μs to 85.9 s, 22.16 μs increments |
| | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, YUV444Packed | 47 μs to 85.9 s, 33.28 μs increments |
| Gain control | 0.0 to 40.0 dB, 0.1 dB increments | |

Table 33: Prosilica GT2460 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2460 | Prosilica GT2460C | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 4 pixels Vertical: 1 to 4 rows | | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vert | ical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | · | 3.4 W at 12 VDC hernet: 4.2 W | |
| Trigger latency | Pixel format | Value | |
| | Mono8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG8, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 49.92 μs | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 66.48 μs | |
| | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, YUV444Packed | 99.84 μs | |
| Trigger jitter | Pixel format | Value | |
| | Mono8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG8, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | ±8.32 μs | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | ±11.08 μs | |
| | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, YUV444Packed | ±16.64 μs | |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value | |
| | Mono8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG8, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 237 μs | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 319 μs | |
| | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, YUV444Packed | 486 μs | |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/ | O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +65 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | | |
| Camera dimensions $(L \times W \times H)$ | 86 × 53.3 × 33 mm | | |
| Mass (typical) | 211 g | | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | | |
| ¹ For more information on CRA, contact Allied Vision support. | | | |

Table 33: Prosilica GT2460 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



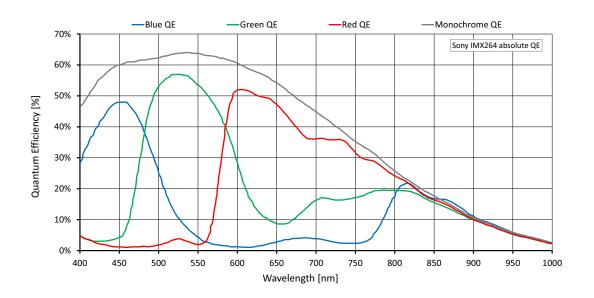


Figure 35: Prosilica GT2460 (Sony IMX264) absolute QE

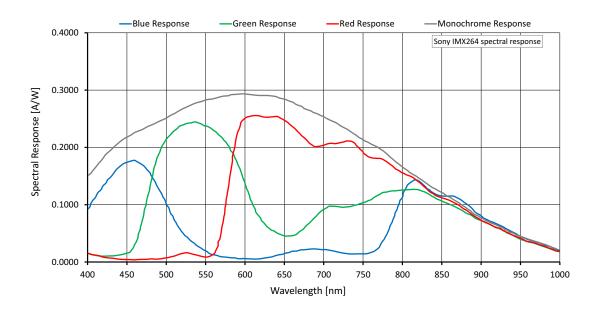


Figure 36: Prosilica GT2460 (Sony IMX264) spectral response



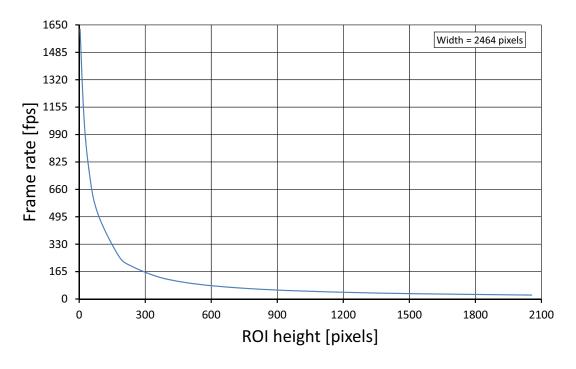


Figure 37: Prosilica GT2460 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2056 | 23.7 |
| 1544 | 31.5 |
| 1324 | 36.7 |
| 1280 | 37.9 |
| 1024 | 47.3 |
| 960 | 50.4 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 768 | 63.0 |
| 600 | 80.3 |
| 480 | 99.8 |
| 360 | 132.9 |
| 240 | 196.4 |
| 180 | 257.9 |

| Frame rate |
|------------|
| 531.8 |
| 823.2 |
| 1133.8 |
| 1624.2 |
| |

Table 34: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=2464 pixels)



There is an increase in frame rate with reduced width if the camera is bandwidth limited.



Prosilica GT2750 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT2750 and GT2750C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2750 | Prosilica GT2750C |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX694ALG | Sony ICX694AQG |
| Resolution | 2750 (H) × 22 | 200 (V); 6.1 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | l shutter |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, | Progressive Scan |
| Sensor format | Ту | pe 1 |
| Sensor size | 15.989 m | ım diagonal |
| Pixel size | 4.54 μm | × 4.54 μm |
| Housing | Extended Fo | ormat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | Quad-tap mode: 19.8 fps Single-tap mode: 5.7 fps | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/14 bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 21 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerGR8, BayerGR12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 10 μs to 26.8 s, 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0 to 33 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns; Vertical: 1 to 8 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Sensor taps | Quad-tap Single-tap switchable in Vimba Viewer 2.0 or later | |
| Power consumption | External power: 5.4 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 6.6 W | |
| Trigger latency | 2.2 μs | |

Table 35: Prosilica GT2750 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT2750 | Prosilica GT2750C |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 | O ns |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerGR8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 55 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +60 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 92 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 224 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |

Table 35: Prosilica GT2750 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



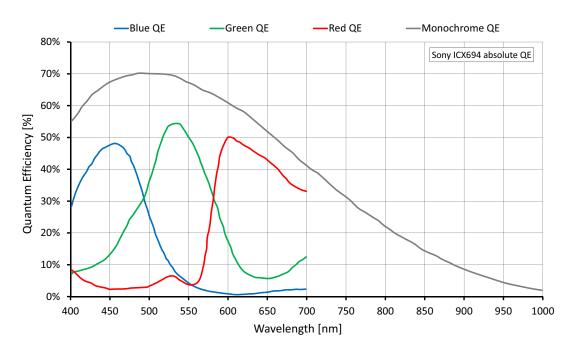


Figure 38: Prosilica GT2750 (Sony ICX694) absolute QE

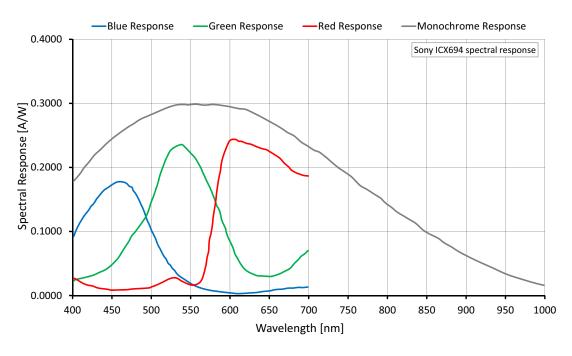


Figure 39: Prosilica GT2750 (Sony ICX694) spectral response



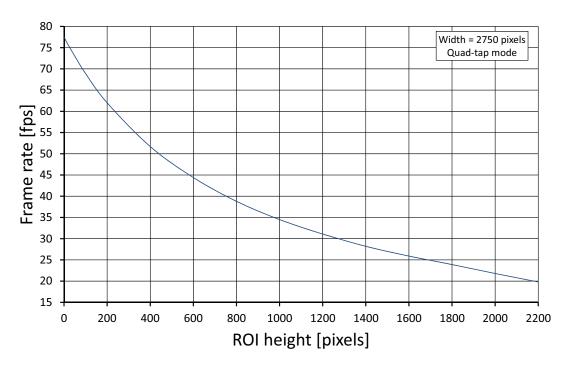


Figure 40: Prosilica GT2750 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2200 | 19.8 |
| 2000 | 21.8 |
| 1800 | 23.9 |
| 1600 | 25.9 |
| 1400 | 28.2 |
| 1200 | 31.1 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1000 | 34.5 |
| 800 | 38.8 |
| 600 | 44.4 |
| 400 | 51.7 |
| 200 | 62.0 |
| 100 | 68.9 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 50 | 73.0 |
| 20 | 75.6 |
| 10 | 76.5 |
| 2 | 77.4 |
| | |

Table 36: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=2750 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 1100 | 37.0 |
| 3 | 732 | 50.2 |
| 4 | 550 | 60.9 |
| 5 | 440 | 70.0 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 6 | 366 | 77.4 |
| 7 | 314 | 83.8 |
| 8 | 274 | 88.9 |

Table 37: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=2750 pixels)



Prosilica GT3400 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT3400 and GT3400C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT3400 | Prosilica GT3400C |
| Sensor model | Sony ICX814ALG | Sony ICX814AQG |
| Resolution | 3384 (H) × 27 | 04 (V); 9.2 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | Interline CCD, F | Progressive Scan |
| Sensor format | Тур | pe 1 |
| Sensor size | 15.972 mi | m diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.69 μm | × 3.69 μm |
| Housing | Extended Fo | ormat housing |
| Default lens mount | C-M | ount |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | Quad-tap mode: 13.2 fps (14 fps burst mode) Single-tap mode: 3.8 fps | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12/14 bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 14 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14 | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 10 μs to 26.8 s, | 1 μs increments |
| Gain control | 0 to 31 dB; 1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 8 columns; Vertical: 1 to 8 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Sensor taps | Quad-tap Single-tap switchable in Vimba Viewer 2.0 or later | |
| Power consumption | External power: 5.4 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 6.6 W | |
| Trigger latency | 2.5 μs | |

Table 38: Prosilica GT3400 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT3400 | Prosilica GT3400C |
| Trigger jitter | ±20 |) ns |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 54 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +60 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 92 × 53.3 × 33 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 224 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |

Table 38: Prosilica GT3400 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

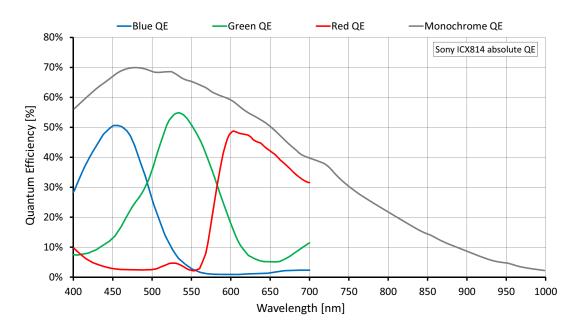


Figure 41: Prosilica GT3400 (Sony ICX814) absolute QE

Spectral response

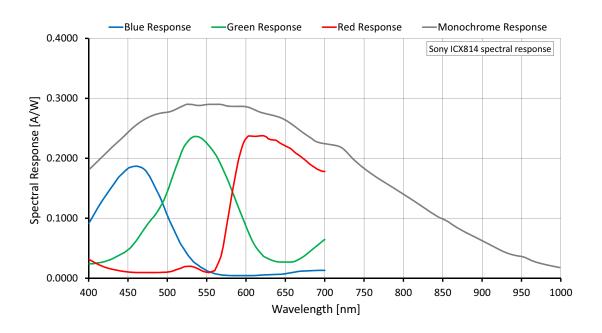


Figure 42: Prosilica GT3400 (Sony ICX814) spectral response



ROI frame rates

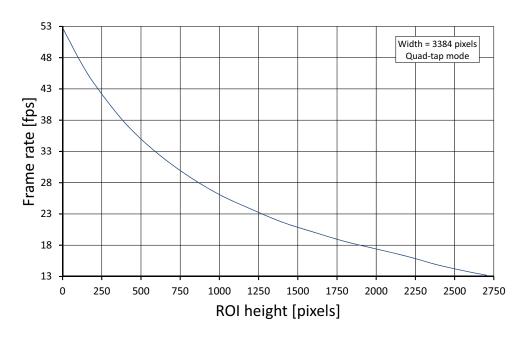


Figure 43: Prosilica GT3400 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2704 | 13.2 |
| 2600 | 13.7 |
| 2400 | 14.8 |
| 2200 | 16.2 |
| 2000 | 17.4 |
| 1800 | 18.6 |
| 1600 | 20.1 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1400 | 21.7 |
| 1200 | 23.8 |
| 1000 | 26.1 |
| 800 | 29.1 |
| 600 | 32.8 |
| 400 | 37.5 |
| 200 | 43.9 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 100 | 48.0 |
| 50 | 50.4 |
| 20 | 51.8 |
| 10 | 52.3 |
| 2 | 52.8 |

Table 39: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=3384 pixels)

The following table shows how binning affects ROI frame rates.

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 2 | 1352 | 25.1 |
| 3 | 900 | 34.1 |
| 4 | 676 | 41.4 |
| 5 | 540 | 47.6 |

| BinningVertical | Height | Frame rate |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| 6 | 450 | 52.8 |
| 7 | 386 | 57.2 |
| 8 | 338 | 61.0 |

Table 40: Frame rate as a function of ROI height with vertical binning enabled (Width=3384 pixels)



Prosilica GT4400 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT4400 and GT4400C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT4400 | Prosilica GT4400C |
| Sensor model | Sony IMX367LLA | Sony IMX367LQA |
| Resolution | 4432 (H) × 443 | 36 (V); 19.6 MP |
| Shutter type | Pregius glo | obal shutter |
| Sensor type | CN | MOS |
| Sensor format | Тур | e 4/3 |
| Aspect ratio | 1 | :1 |
| Sensor size | 21.6 mm | n diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.45 μm | × 3.45 μm |
| CRA^{1} | 0.0 degrees | |
| Housing | Large Format housing | |
| Default lens mount | F-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 6.12 fps (7.05 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12 | -bit |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 6 frames | at full resolution |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 31 μs to 171.8 s; 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0.0 to 40.0 dB, 0.1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 4 pixels Vertical: 1 to 4 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 5.0 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 6.2 W | |

Table 41: Prosilica GT4400 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Feature | Prosilica GT4400 | Prosilica GT4400C | |
| Trigger latency | Pixel format | Value | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 95.04 μs | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 126.72 μs | |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 190.08 μs | |
| Trigger jitter | Pixel format | Value | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | ±15.84 μs | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | ±21.12 μs | |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | ±31.68 μs | |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 604 μs | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 815μs | |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 1238 μs | |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/ | 'O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +50 °C ambient temper | erature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 67.1 × 66 × 53.3 mm | | |
| Mass (typical) | 372 g | | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | | |
| ¹ For more information on CRA, contact Allied Vision support. | | | |

Table 41: Prosilica GT4400 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

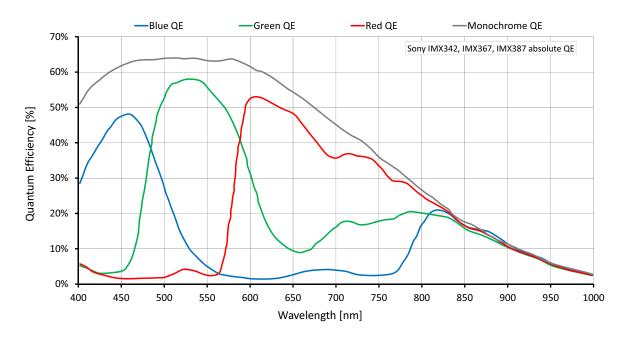


Figure 44: Prosilica GT4400 (Sony IMX367) absolute QE

Spectral response

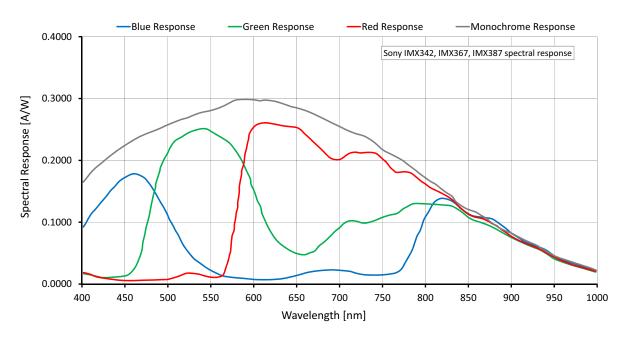


Figure 45: Prosilica GT4400 (Sony IMX367) spectral response



ROI frame rates

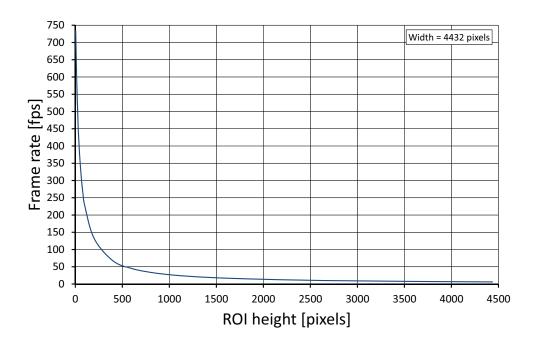


Figure 46: Prosilica GT4400 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 4436 | 6.12 |
| 4000 | 6.79 |
| 3500 | 7.77 |
| 3000 | 9.05 |
| 2500 | 10.87 |
| 2000 | 13.58 |
| 1500 | 18.09 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1200 | 22.58 |
| 1000 | 27.07 |
| 800 | 33.83 |
| 600 | 45.03 |
| 400 | 67.3 |
| 200 | 132.07 |
| 100 | 227.09 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 80 | 265.26 |
| 64 | 306.46 |
| 48 | 362.82 |
| 32 | 444.58 |
| 16 | 573.92 |
| 4 | 734.05 |
| | |

Table 42: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=4432 pixels)



2K video frame rate = 25.09 frames per second

Height = 1080 pixels, Width = Maximum

4K video frame rate = 12.58 frames per second

Height = 2160 pixels, Width = Maximum



Prosilica GT5120 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT5120 and GT5120NIR models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT5120 | Prosilica GT5120NIR |
| Sensor model | ON Semi PYTHON 25K (NOIP1SN025KA) | ON Semi PYTHON 25K (NOIP1FN025KA) |
| Resolution | 5120 (H) × 512 | 20 (V); 26.2 MP |
| Shutter type | Global | shutter |
| Sensor type | CM | 10S |
| Sensor format | Туре | APS-H |
| Sensor size | 32.6 mm | diagonal |
| Pixel size | 4.5 μm × | × 4.5 μm |
| CRA^{1} | 10.6 d | egrees |
| Housing | Large Format housing | |
| Default lens mount | F-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 4.59 fps (Mono8) (4.91 fps burst mode) 2.30 fps (Mono10) (4.91 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 10-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 4 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono10 | |
| Exposure time control | 1 μs to 1 s, 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0 to 22 dB | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 Vertical: 1 | to 8 columns to 8 rows |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 5.02 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 6.3 W | |
| Trigger latency | 25.8 μs | |
| Trigger jitter | ±100 ns | |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +50 °C ambient tempe | erature (without condensation) |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temper | erature (without condensation) |

Table 43: Prosilica GT5120 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT5120 | Prosilica GT5120NIR |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 96 × 66 × | 53.3 mm |
| Mass (typical) | 372 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |
| ¹ For more information on CRA, contact Allied Vision support. | | |

Table 43: Prosilica GT5120 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

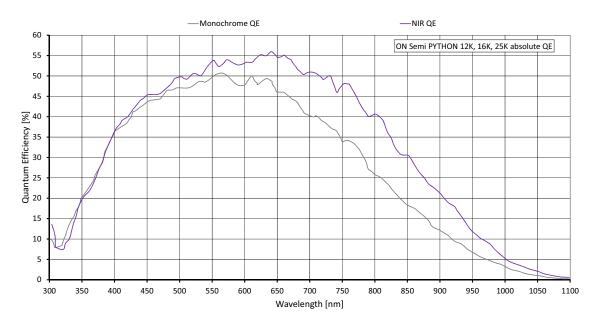


Figure 47: Prosilica GT5120 (ON Semi PYTHON 25K) absolute QE

Spectral response

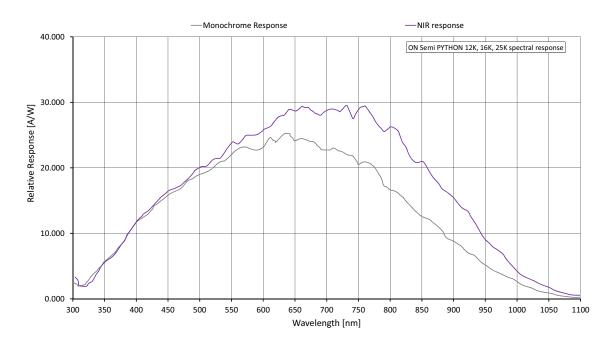


Figure 48: Prosilica GT5120 (ON Semi PYTHON 25K) spectral response



ROI frame rates

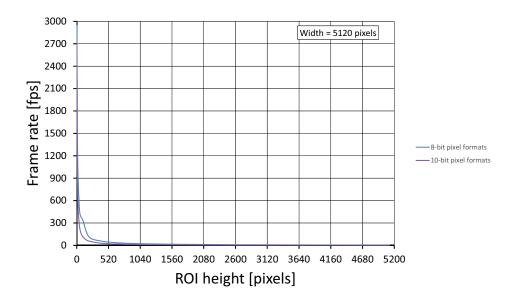


Figure 49: Prosilica GT5120 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 5120 | 4.6 |
| 5000 | 4.7 |
| 4500 | 5.2 |
| 4000 | 5.9 |
| 3500 | 6.7 |
| 3000 | 7.9 |
| 2500 | 9.4 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2000 | 11.8 |
| 1500 | 15.7 |
| 1000 | 23.5 |
| 800 | 29.3 |
| 600 | 39.0 |
| 400 | 58.3 |
| 200 | 115.1 |

| Frame rate |
|------------|
| 224.4 |
| 434.4 |
| 948.4 |
| 1521.4 |
| 2943.8 |
| |

Table 44: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Mono8) (Width=5120 pixels)

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 5120 | 2.3 |
| 5000 | 2.4 |
| 4500 | 2.6 |
| 4000 | 2.9 |
| 3500 | 3.4 |
| 3000 | 3.9 |
| 2500 | 4.7 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 2000 | 5.9 |
| 1500 | 7.9 |
| 1000 | 11.8 |
| 800 | 14.7 |
| 600 | 19.6 |
| 400 | 29.3 |
| 200 | 58.3 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 100 | 115.1 |
| 50 | 224.4 |
| 20 | 538.8 |
| 10 | 962.6 |
| 2 | 2696.1 |
| | |

Table 45: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Mono10) (Width=5120 pixels)



Prosilica GT5400 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT5400 and GT5400C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT5400 | Prosilica GT5400C |
| Sensor model | Sony IMX387LLA | Sony IMX387LQA |
| Resolution | 5472 (H) × 3084 (V); 16.8 MP | |
| Shutter type | Pregius glo | bal shutter |
| Sensor type | CN | 1OS |
| Sensor format | Турс | e 4/3 |
| Aspect ratio | 16 | 5:9 |
| Sensor size | 21.7 mm | n diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.45 μm × 3.45 μm | |
| CRA^{1} | 0.0 degrees | |
| Housing | Large Format housing | |
| Default lens mount | F-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 7.14 fps (8.27 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 7 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 31 μs to 171.8 s; 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0.0 to 40.0 dB, 0.1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 4 pixels Vertical: 1 to 4 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 5.2 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 6.4 W | |

Table 46: Prosilica GT5400 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specification | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| Feature | Prosilica GT5400 | Prosilica GT5400C |
| Trigger latency | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 116.16 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 154.56 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 232.32 μs |
| Trigger jitter | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | ±19.36 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | ±25.76 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | ±38.72 μs |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 745 μs |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 1001 μs |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 1520 μs |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +50 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temperature (without condensation) | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 67.1 × 66 × 53.3 mm | |
| Mass (typical) | 372 g | |
| Temperature monitoring | Available for main board and sensor board. Resolution: 0.031; Accuracy: ±1 °C | |
| ¹ For more information on CRA, contact Allied Vision support. | | |

Table 46: Prosilica GT5400 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

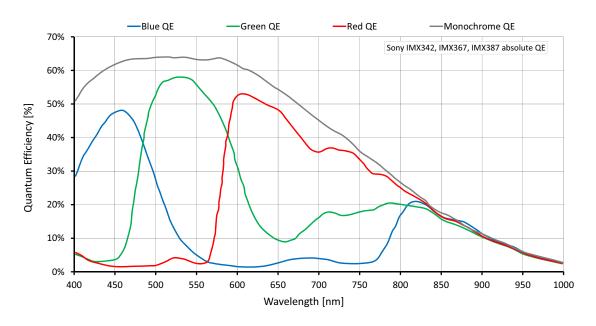


Figure 50: Prosilica GT5400 (Sony IMX387) absolute QE

Spectral response

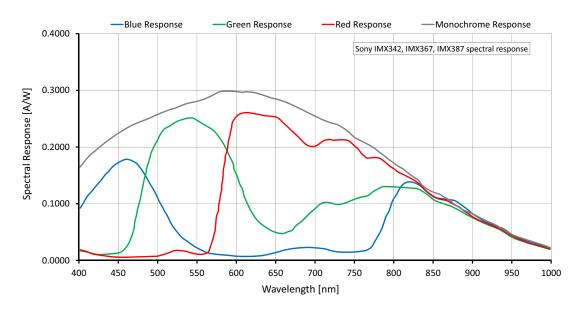


Figure 51: Prosilica GT5400 (Sony IMX387) spectral response



ROI frame rates

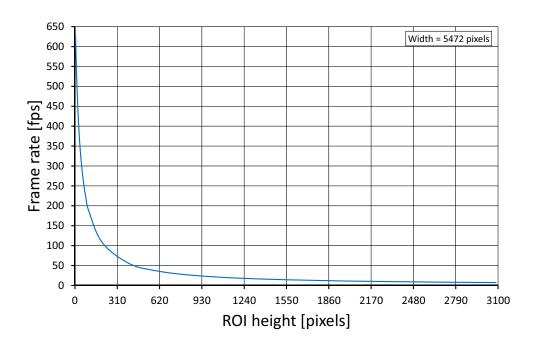


Figure 52: Prosilica GT5400 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 3048 | 7.14 |
| 3000 | 7.33 |
| 2500 | 8.8 |
| 2000 | 10.99 |
| 1500 | 14.67 |
| 1200 | 18.32 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1000 | 21.96 |
| 800 | 27.42 |
| 600 | 36.48 |
| 400 | 54.49 |
| 200 | 107.61 |
| 100 | 188.51 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 80 | 220.74 |
| 64 | 255.7 |
| 48 | 303.84 |
| 32 | 374.29 |
| 16 | 487.28 |
| 4 | 629.88 |

Table 47: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=5472 pixels)



2K video frame rate = **20.32** frames per second

Height = 1080 pixels, Width = Maximum

4K video frame rate = **10.18** frames per second

Height = 2160 pixels, Width = Maximum



Prosilica GT6400 series

The following table provides model specifications. The values are valid for Prosilica GT6400 and GT6400C models. For specifications common to all models, see Specifications common to all models.

| | Specification | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Feature | Prosilica GT6400 | Prosilica GT6400C |
| Sensor model | Sony IMX342LLA | Sony IMX342LQA |
| Resolution | 6480 (H) × 4860 (V); 31.4 MP | |
| Shutter type | Pregius glo | bal shutter |
| Sensor type | CN | 1OS |
| Sensor format | Туре | APS-C |
| Aspect ratio | 4 | :3 |
| Sensor size | 27.9 mm | n diagonal |
| Pixel size | 3.45 μm × 3.45 μm | |
| CRA^{1} | 0.0 degrees | |
| Housing | Large Format housing | |
| Default lens mount | F-Mount | |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 3.82 fps (4.49 fps burst mode) | |
| Max. image bit depth | 12-bit | |
| StreamHoldCapacity | Up to 4 frames at full resolution | |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed | Mono8 |
| YUV color pixel formats | Not applicable | YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed |
| RGB color pixel formats | Not applicable | RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed |
| RAW pixel formats | Not applicable | BayerRG8, BayerRG12, BayerRG12Packed |
| Exposure time control | 31 μs to 171.8 s; 1 μs increments | |
| Gain control | 0.0 to 40.0 dB, 0.1 dB increments | |
| Binning | Horizontal: 1 to 4 pixels Vertical: 1 to 4 rows | |
| Decimation X/Y | Horizontal and vertical: 1, 2, 4, 8 factor | |
| Power consumption | External power: 5.4 W at 12 VDC Power over Ethernet: 6.7 W | |

Table 48: Prosilica GT6400 model specifications (sheet 1 of 2)



| | Specifi | ication | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Feature | Prosilica GT6400 | Prosilica GT6400C | | | | | |
| Trigger latency | Pixel format | Value | | | | | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 136.32 μs | | | | | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 181.44 μs | | | | | |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 272.64 μs | | | | | |
| Trigger jitter | Pixel format | Value | | | | | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | ±22.72 μs | | | | | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | ±30.24 μs | | | | | |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | ±45.44 μs | | | | | |
| Time between exposures | Pixel format | Value | | | | | |
| | Mono8, BayerRG8, Mono12Packed, BayerRG12Packed, YUV411Packed | 880 μs | | | | | |
| | Mono12, BayerRG12, YUV422Packed | 1180 μs | | | | | |
| | YUV444Packed, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed | 1788 μs | | | | | |
| Propagation delay (t_{pd}) | 30 ns for non-isolated I/ | 'O; 70 ns for isolated I/O | | | | | |
| Operating temperature | -20 °C to +50 °C ambient temper | erature (without condensation) | | | | | |
| Storage temperature | -20 °C to +70 °C ambient temper | erature (without condensation) | | | | | |
| Camera dimensions (L × W × H) | 96 × 66 × 53.3 mm | | | | | | |
| Mass (typical) | 37 | 2 g | | | | | |
| Temperature monitoring | | ard and sensor board. I; Accuracy: ±1 °C | | | | | |
| $^{ m 1}$ For more information on CRA, contact Allied Vision support. | | | | | | | |

Table 48: Prosilica GT6400 model specifications (sheet 2 of 2)



Absolute QE

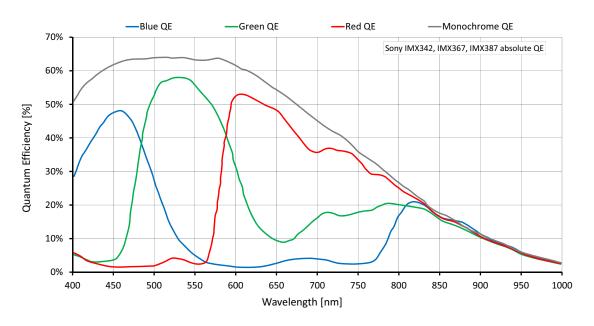


Figure 53: Prosilica GT6400 (Sony IMX342) absolute QE

Spectral response

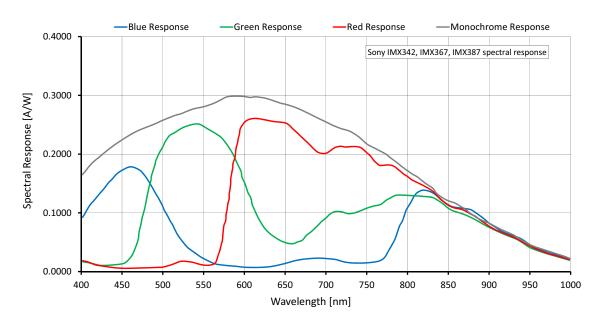


Figure 54: Prosilica GT6400 (Sony IMX342) spectral response



ROI frame rates

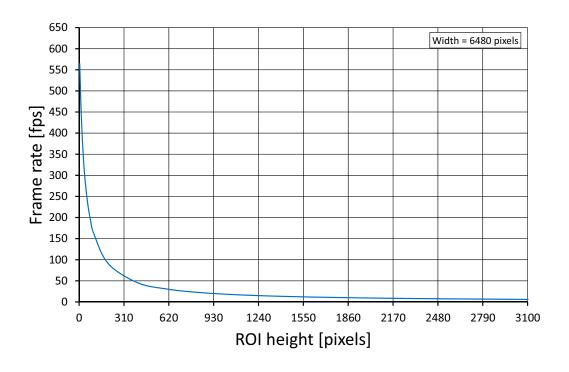


Figure 55: Prosilica GT6400 frame rate as a function of ROI height

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 4860 | 3.82 |
| 4500 | 4.13 |
| 4000 | 4.65 |
| 3500 | 5.31 |
| 3000 | 6.2 |
| 2500 | 7.43 |
| 2000 | 9.29 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 1500 | 12.38 |
| 1200 | 15.46 |
| 1000 | 18.57 |
| 800 | 23.16 |
| 600 | 30.86 |
| 400 | 46.03 |
| 200 | 91.31 |

| Height | Frame rate |
|--------|------------|
| 100 | 163.01 |
| 80 | 191.36 |
| 64 | 222.29 |
| 48 | 265.14 |
| 32 | 328.46 |
| 16 | 431.51 |
| 4 | 564.27 |

Table 49: Frame rate as a function of ROI height (Width=6480 pixels)



2K video frame rate = 17.2 frames per second

Height = 1080 pixels, Width = Maximum

4K video frame rate = 8.61 frames per second

Height = 2160 pixels, Width = Maximum



Prosilica GT model comparison

Sensor data and frame rates

| Model | Sensor model | Sensor type | Sensor format | Resolution | Frame rate | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| GT1290 | Sony ICX445 | CCD | Type 1/3 | 1280 × 960 | 33.3 fps | | |
| GT1380 | Sony ICX285 | CCD | Type 2/3 | 1360 × 1024 | 30.5 fps | | |
| GT1600 | Sony ICX274 | CCD | Type 1/1.8 | 1620 × 1220 | 25.8 fps | | |
| GT1920 | Sony ICX674 | CCD | Type 2/3 | 1936 × 1456 | 40.7 fps ¹ | | |
| GT1930 | Sony IMX174 | CMOS | Type 1/1.2 | 1936 × 1216 | 50.8 fps | | |
| GT1930L | Sony IMX174 | CMOS | Type 1/1.2 | 1936 × 1216 | 50.8 fps | | |
| GT2000 | CMOSIS/ams CMV2000 | CMOS | Type 2/3 | 2048 × 1088 | 53.7 fps | | |
| GT2050 | CMOSIS/ams CMV4000 | CMOS | Type 1 | 2048 × 2048 | 28.6 fps | | |
| GT2450 | Sony ICX625 | CCD | Type 2/3 | 2448 × 2050 | 15 fps | | |
| GT2460 | Sony IMX264 | CMOS | Type 2/3 | 2464 × 2056 | 23.7 fps | | |
| GT2750 | Sony ICX694 | CCD | Type 1 | 2750 × 2200 | 19.8 fps ¹ | | |
| GT3400 | Sony ICX814 | CCD | Type 1 | 3384 × 2704 | 13.2 fps ¹ | | |
| GT4400 | Sony IMX367 | CMOS | Type 4/3 | 4432 × 4436 | 6.12 fps | | |
| GT5120 | ON Semi PYTHON 25K | CMOS | Type APS-H | 5120 × 5120 | 4.60 fps | | |
| GT5400 | Sony IMX387 | CMOS | Type 4/3 | 5472 × 3084 | 7.14 fps | | |
| GT6400 | Sony IMX342 | CMOS | Type APS-C | 6480 × 4860 | 3.82 fps | | |
| ¹ Frame rate reflects quad-tap mode. See the specification tables for the frame rate for single-tap mode. | | | | | | | |

Table 50: Prosilica GT model overview

Frame rates at full resolution

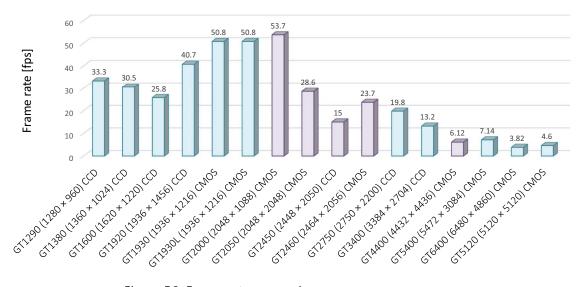


Figure 56: Frame rate comparison



Camera feature availability

Prosilica GT cameras support a number of standard and extended features. The following tables identify a selection of capabilities and compares the availability of features in Prosilica GT camera models. Some features are firmware dependent, refer to the GigE Firmware Release Notes for more information.

Standard and Extended Format models

| Image optimization features | GT1290 | GT1380 | GT1600 | GT1920 | GT1930 | GT2000 | GT2050 | GT2450 | GT2460 | GT2750 | GT3400 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Auto gain | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Auto exposure | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Auto white balance (color models only) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Binning | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | × | × | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Black level (offset) | × | × | × | × | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | × | × |
| Hue, saturation, color correction (color models only) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | √ |
| Column Defect Masking ^{1,2} | × | × | × | ✓ | × | × | × | × | × | ✓ | ✓ |
| Pixel Defect Masking ³ | × | × | × | × | × | ✓ | ✓ | × | × | × | × |
| Decimation X/Y | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Gamma correction | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Three look-up tables ⁴ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Piecewise Linear HDR mode | × | × | × | × | × | ✓ | ✓ | × | × | × | × |
| Reverse X | × | × | × | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Reverse Y | × | × | × | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Region of Interest | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

¹ CCD models only: Column defect masking supported for quad-tap cameras running in single-tap mode.

Table 51: Image optimization feature availability by model

² For more information, see the Load Defect Tables Tool application note.

³ For more information, see the Defect Mask Loader Tool application note.

⁴ Prosilica GT4400, GT5400, and GT6400 series have one look-up table.



| Camera control features | GT1290 | GT1380 | GT1600 | GT1920 | GT1930 | GT2000 | GT2050 | GT2450 | GT2460 | GT2750 | GT3400 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| P-Iris and DC-Iris lens control | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Event channel | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Image chunk data | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| RS232 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Storable user sets (config files) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Stream hold | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Sync out modes | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Tap mode switchable in Vimba Viewer 2.0 or later | × | × | × | ✓ | × | × | × | × | × | ✓ | √ |
| Temperature monitoring (main board and sensor board) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | √ ¹ | √ ¹ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Trigger over Ethernet (ToE) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ¹ Temperature readout only available on the main board and not on the sensor board. | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 52: Camera control feature availability by model



Large Format models

| Image optimization features | GT1930L | GT4400 | GT5120 | GT5400 | GT6400 | | |
|---|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Auto gain | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Auto exposure | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Auto white balance (color models only) | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Binning | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Black level (offset) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Hue, saturation, color correction (color models only) | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Defect Pixel Correction ¹ | × | × | ✓ | × | × | | |
| Pixel Defect Masking | × | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Decimation X/Y | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Fixed Pattern Noise Correction | × | × | ✓ | × | × | | |
| Gamma correction | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Three look-up tables | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Reverse X | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Reverse Y | ✓ | ✓ | × | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Region of Interest | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| $^{ m 1}$ For more information, see the Defective Pixel List Management Tool for Prosilica GT models with PYTHON sensor | | | | | | | |

¹ For more information, see the Defective Pixel List Management Tool for Prosilica GT models with PYTHON sensor application note.

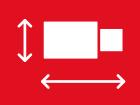
Table 53: Image optimization feature availability by model

| Camera control features | GT1930L | GT4400 | GT5120 | GT5400 | GT6400 |
|---|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| P-Iris and DC-Iris lens control | × | × | × | × | × |
| EF-Mount lens control ¹ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Event channel | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Image chunk data | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| RS232 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Storable user sets (config files) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Stream hold | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Sync out modes | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Temperature monitoring (main board and sensor board) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Trigger over Ethernet (ToE) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| $^{\mathrm{1}}$ EF-Mount lens control is only supported for models with EF-Mount lens mount | (order | option- | -18). | | |

Table 54: Camera control feature availability by model



Technical drawings



This chapter includes:

- Technical drawings and dimensions of Standard, Extended, and Large Format housings, and tripod adapter
- Sensor position accuracy
- Maximum protrusion and filter diameter for C-Mount



The Prosilica GT family uses 3 different housing formats to support a range of sensor formats:

| Camera model | Standard Format | Extended Format | Large Format |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Prosilica GT1290 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT1380 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT1600 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT1920 | | ✓ | |
| Prosilica GT1930 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT1930L | | | ✓ |
| Prosilica GT2000 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT2050 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT2450 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT2460 | ✓ | | |
| Prosilica GT2750 | | ✓ | |
| Prosilica GT3400 | | ✓ | |
| Prosilica GT4400 | | | ✓ |
| Prosilica GT5120 | | | ✓ |
| Prosilica GT5400 | | | ✓ |
| Prosilica GT6400 | | | ✓ |

Table 55: Prosilica models and housing formats

Prosilica GT cameras are available with various lens mount options. For more information, see the Modular Concept document



Standard Format housing

C-Mount (default)

Prosilica GT1290, GT1380, GT1600, GT2000, GT2050, GT2450, GT2460

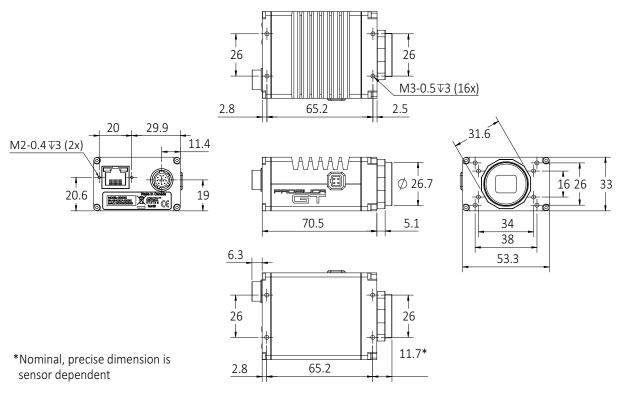


Figure 57: C-Mount Standard Format housing dimensions



Prosilica GT1930

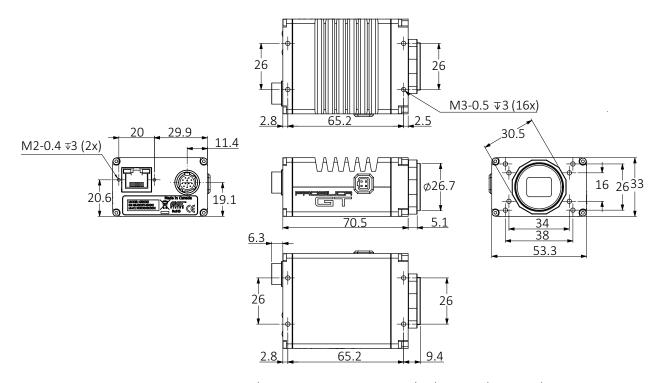
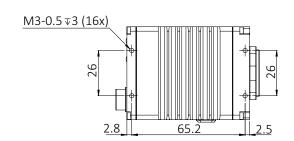


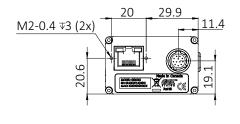
Figure 58: Prosilica GT1930 C-Mount Standard Format housing dimensions

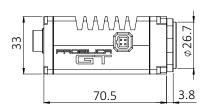


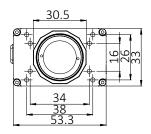
CS-Mount

Prosilica GT1290, GT1380, GT1600, GT2000, GT2050, GT2450, GT2460









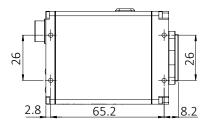


Figure 59: CS-Mount Standard Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT Standard Format housing camera with CS-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-01).



Prosilica GT1930

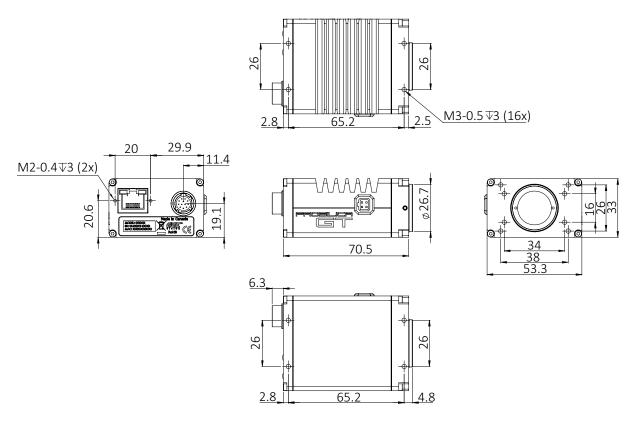


Figure 60: Prosilica GT1930 CS-Mount Standard Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT1930 Standard Format housing camera with CS-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-01).



Extended Format housing

C-Mount

Prosilica GT1920, GT2750, GT3400 (default)

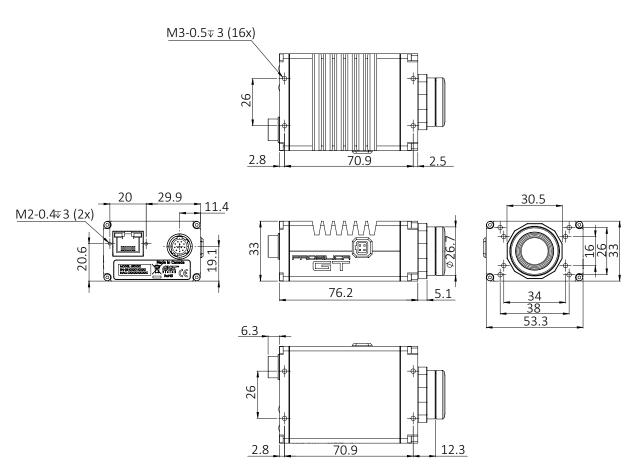


Figure 61: C-Mount Extended Format housing dimensions



CS-Mount

Prosilica GT1920, GT2750, GT3400

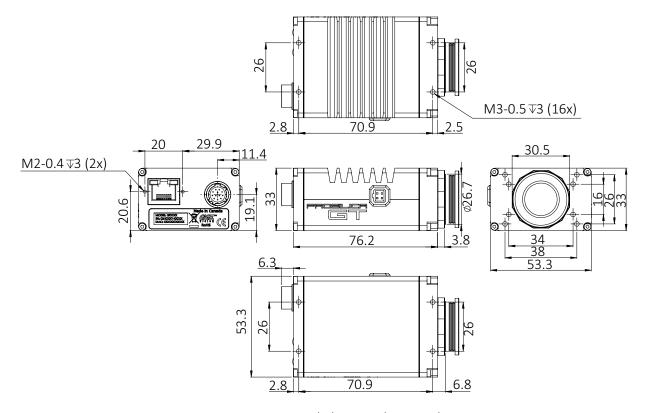


Figure 62: CS-Mount Extended Format housing dimensions

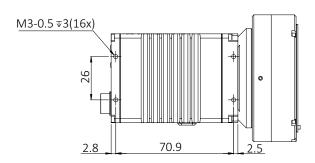


Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT Extended Format housing camera with CS-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-07).



Birger EF-Mount

Prosilica GT1920, GT2750, GT3400



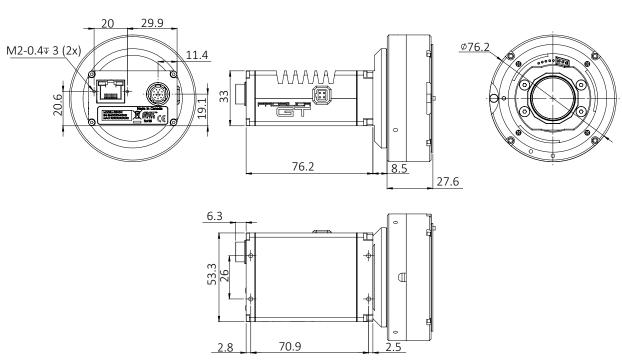


Figure 63: Birger EF-Mount Extended Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT Extended Format housing camera with Birger EF-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-09).



F-Mount

Prosilica GT1920, GT2750, GT3400 (optional)

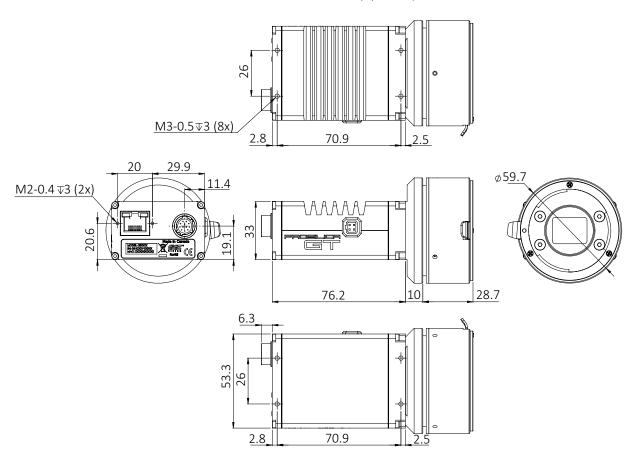


Figure 64: F-Mount Extended Format housing dimensions

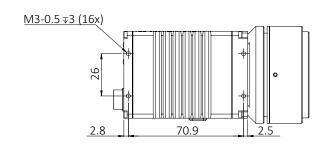


Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT Extended Format housing camera with F-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-03).



M42-Mount

Prosilica GT1920, GT2750, GT3400



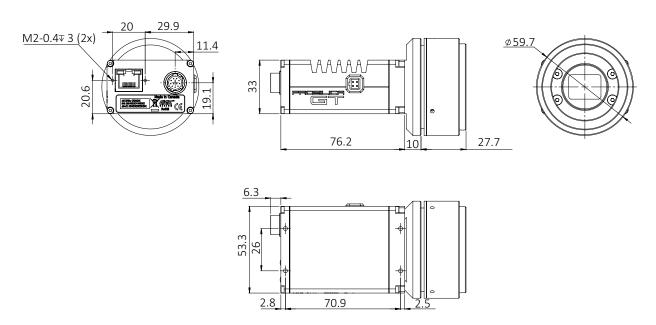


Figure 65: M42-Mount Extended Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT Extended Format housing camera with M42-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-31).



Large Format housing

C-Mount

Prosilica GT4400 and GT5400

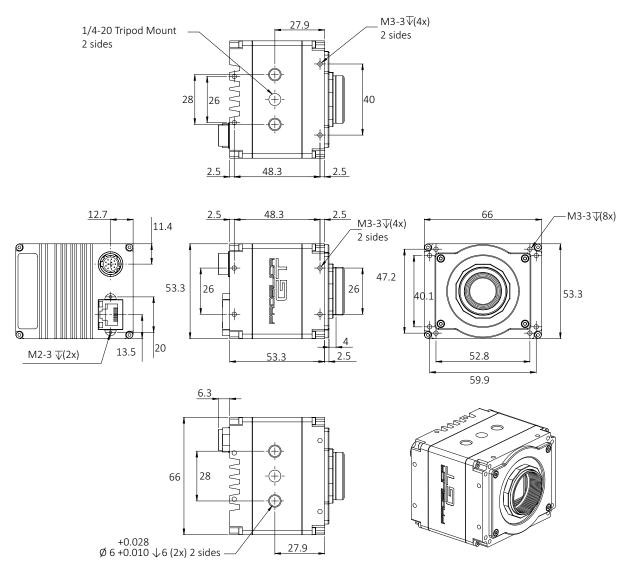


Figure 66: C-Mount Large Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with C-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-07).



EF-Mount PA

Prosilica GT1930L, GT5120

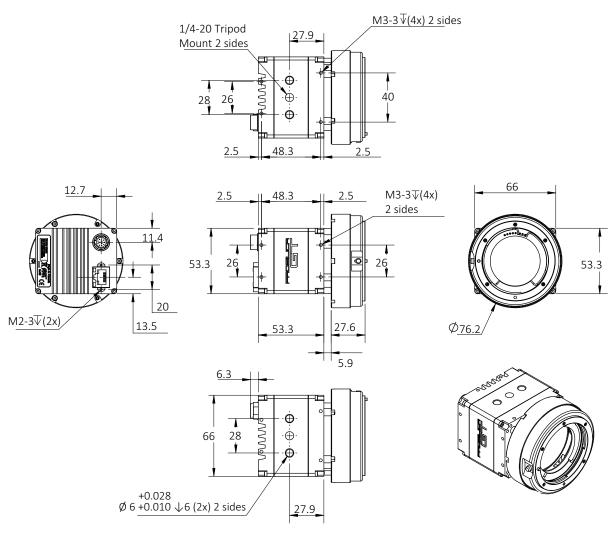
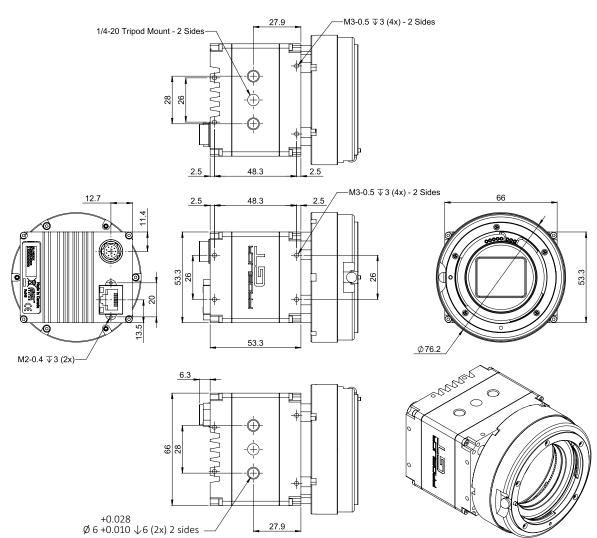


Figure 67: EF-Mount PA Large Format housing dimensions





Prosilica GT4400, GT5400, GT6400

Figure 68: EF-Mount PA Large Format housing (GT4400, GT5400, GT6400) dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with EF-Mount PA option (order code Prosilica GT...-18).



F-Mount (default)

Prosilica GT1930L, GT5120

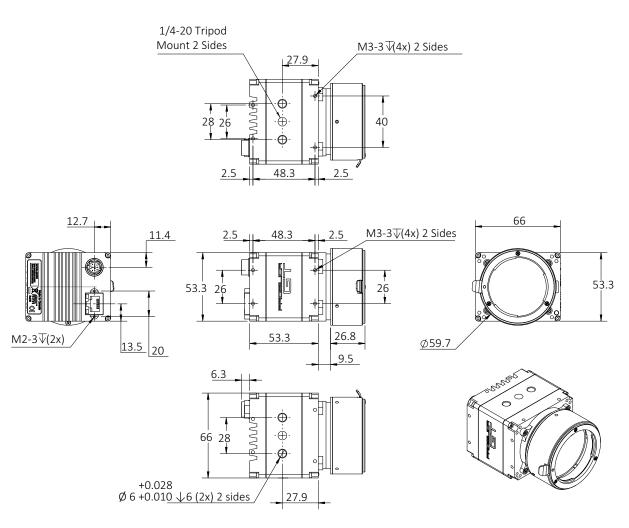


Figure 69: F-Mount Large Format housing dimensions



Figure 70: F-Mount Large Format housing (GT4400, GT5400, GT6400) dimensions

+0.028 Ø 6 +0.010 ↓6 (2x) 2 sides -



F-Mount PA

Prosilica GT1930L, GT5120

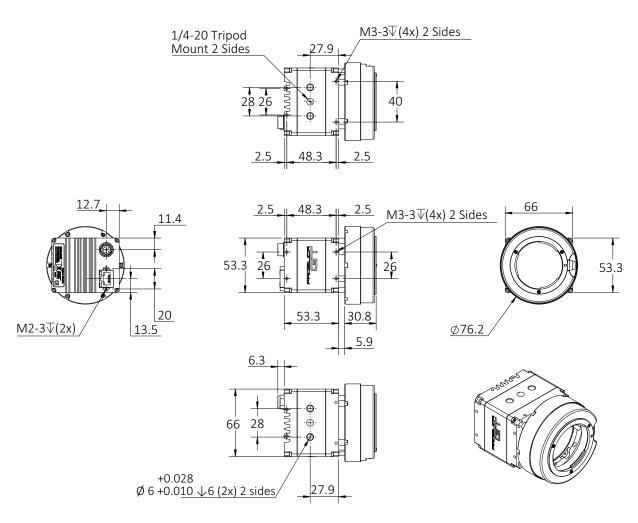
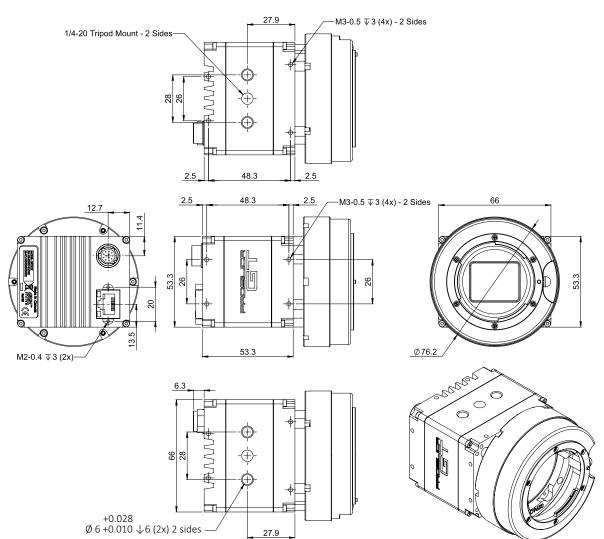


Figure 71: F-Mount PA Large Format housing dimensions





Prosilica GT4400, GT5400, GT6400

Figure 72: F-Mount PA Large Format housing (GT4400, GT5400, GT6400) dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with F-Mount PA option (order code Prosilica GT...-03).



M42-Mount PA

Prosilica GT1930L, GT4400, GT5120, GT5400, GT6400

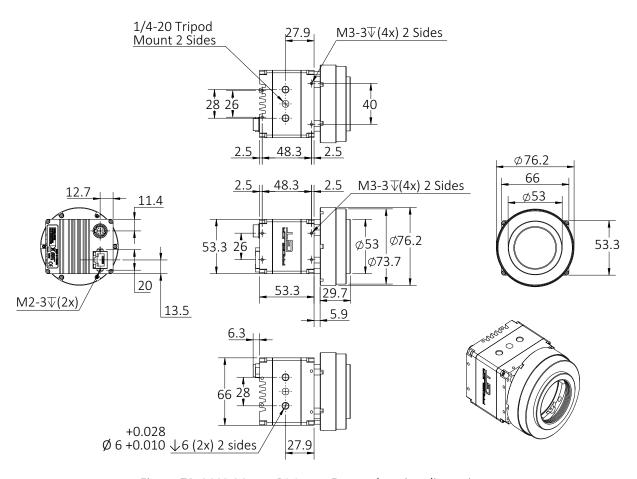


Figure 73: M42-Mount PA Large Format housing dimensions

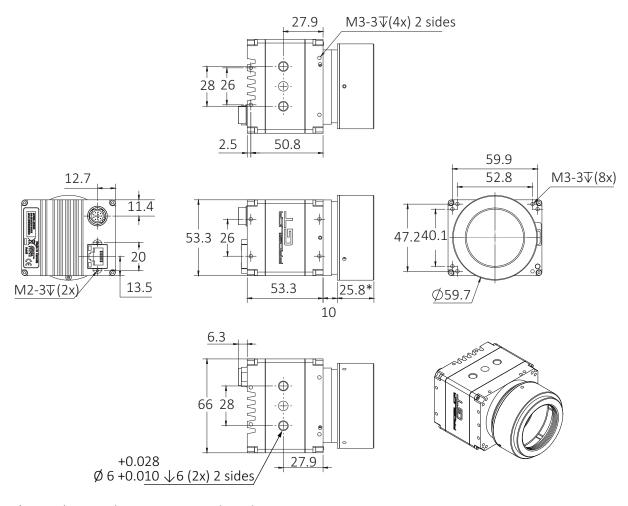


Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with M42-Mount PA option (order code Prosilica GT...-25).



M42-Mount

Prosilica GT1930L, GT4400, GT5120, GT5400, GT6400



^{*}Nominal, precise dimension is sensor dependent

Figure 74: M42-Mount Large Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with M42-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-31).



M58-Mount PA

Prosilica GT1930L, GT4400, GT5120, GT5400, GT6400

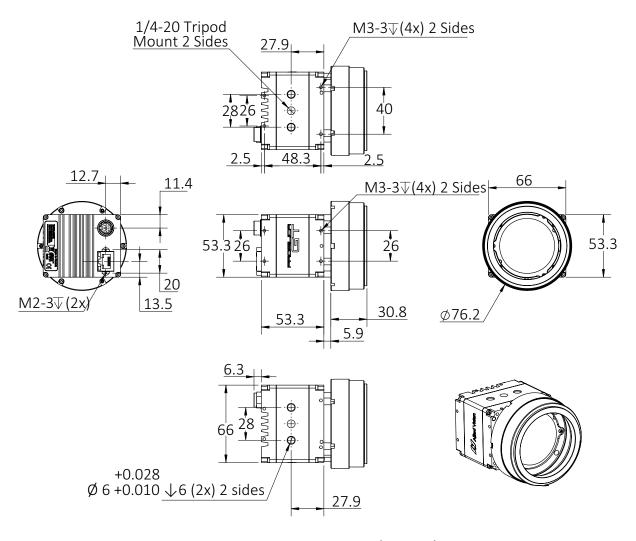


Figure 75: M58-Mount PA Large Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with M58-Mount PA option (order code Prosilica GT...-13).



M58-Mount

Prosilica GT1930L, GT4400, GT5120, GT5400, GT6400

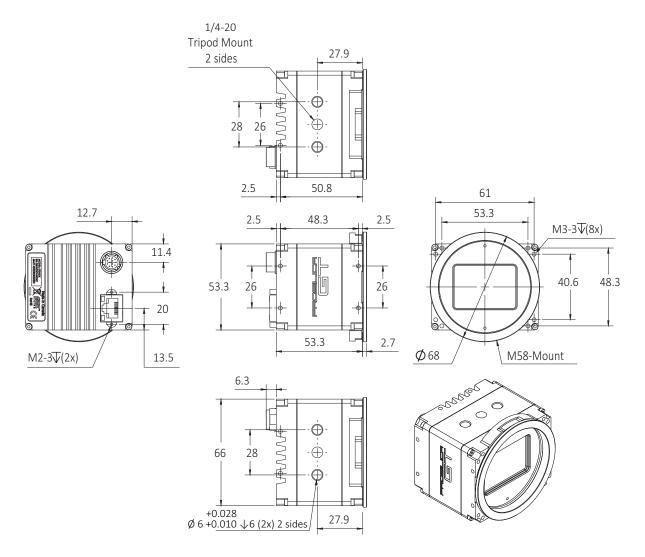


Figure 76: M58-Mount Large Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with M58-Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-12).



TFL-Mount (35mm \times 0.75)

Prosilica GT4400, GT5400, GT6400

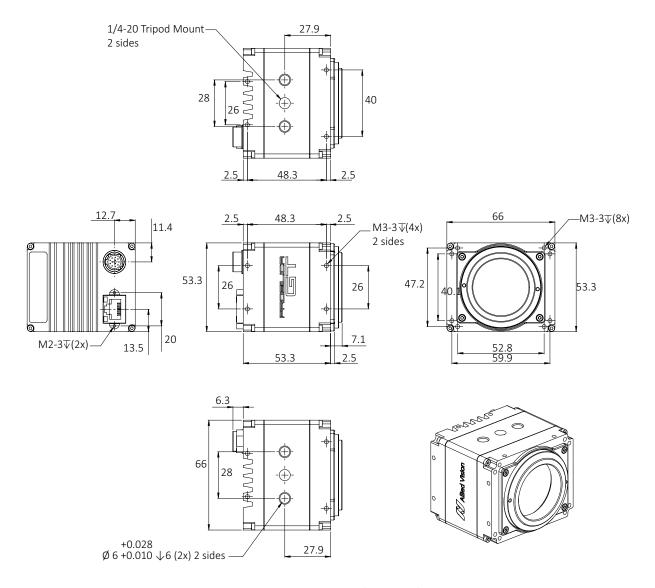


Figure 77: TFL-Mount Large Format housing dimensions



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series camera with TFL Mount option (order code Prosilica GT...-40).



Tripod adapter

Prosilica GT Standard and Extended Format housing cameras can be mounted on a camera tripod by using the Prosilica GT tripod adapter.



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the Prosilica GT series tripod adapter (order code 02-5036A).

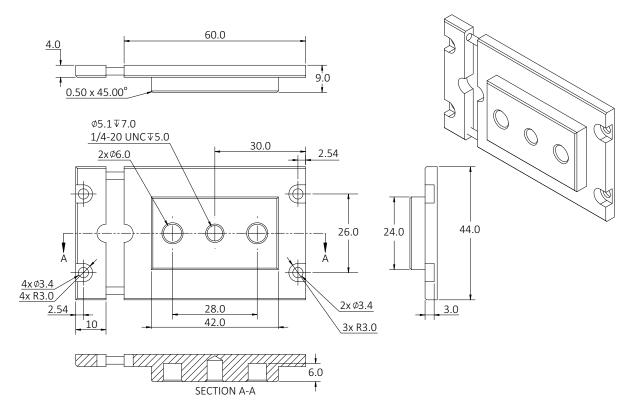


Figure 78: Tripod adapter for Prosilica GT Standard and Extended Format cameras



1/40-20 tripod mount for Large Format cameras

Prosilica GT Large Format cameras can be mounted on a camera tripod by using the 1/4-20 tripod mount thread integrated into the camera housing.

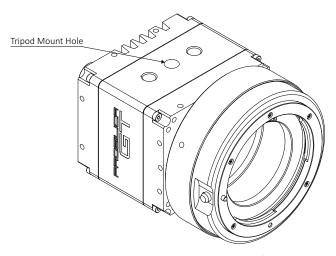


Figure 79: Integrated tripod mount threads for Prosilica GT Large Format cameras



Lens protrusion

Standard and Extended Format cameras

C-Mount

Lens protrusion is the distance from outer edge of C-Mount ring to contact point of first surface internal to C-Mount ring. For color cameras, this surface is the IR cut or IR pass filter holder. For monochrome cameras, this surface is the internal camera front plate. The following table presents lens protrusion values for Prosilica GT cameras with C-Mount.

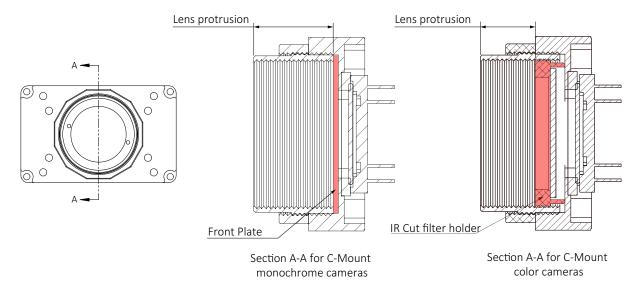


Figure 80: Cross section of typical Prosilica GT camera front assembly with C-Mount



NOTICE

Avoid damage from unsuitable lenses. To protect camera and lens, use lenses only up to the allowed maximum protrusion, as listed in the following table.

| Model | Lens protrusion [mm] |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Prosilica GT1290 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT1290C | 9.32 |
| Prosilica GT1380 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT1380C | 9.64 |

| Model | Lens protrusion [mm] |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Prosilica GT2000C | 10.31 |
| Prosilica GT2050 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT2050C | 10.31 |
| Prosilica GT2450 | 13.64 |

Table 56: Lens protrusion for Prosilica GT models with C-Mount (sheet 1 of 2)



| Model | Lens protrusion [mm] |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Prosilica GT1600 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT1600C | 9.32 |
| Prosilica GT1920 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT1920C | 9.27 |
| Prosilica GT1930 | 14.52 |
| Prosilica GT1930C | 9.44 |
| Prosilica GT2000 | 13.64 |

| Model | Lens protrusion [mm] |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Prosilica GT2450C | 9.27 |
| Prosilica GT2460 | 14.404 |
| Prosilica GT2460C | 9.324 |
| Prosilica GT2750 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT2750C | 9.27 |
| Prosilica GT3400 | 13.64 |
| Prosilica GT3400C | 9.27 |

Table 56: Lens protrusion for Prosilica GT models with C-Mount (sheet 2 of 2)

Large Format cameras

Lens protrusion is the distance from outer edge of mount ring to contact point of first surface internal to mount ring. For color cameras, this surface is the IR cut or IR pass filter holder. For monochrome cameras, this surface is the internal camera front plate.

C-Mount

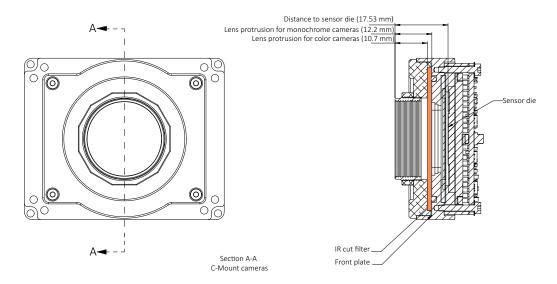


Figure 81: Cross section of Prosilica GT Large Format camera front assembly with C-Mount



F-Mount

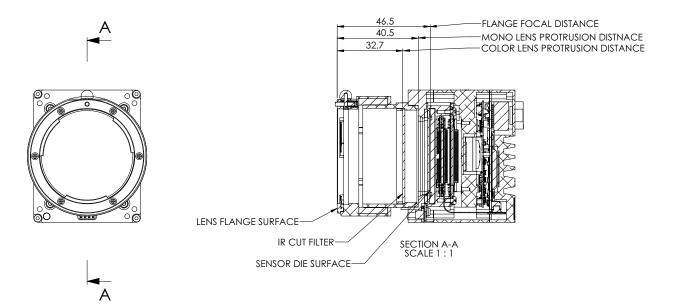


Figure 82: Cross section of Prosilica GT Large Format camera front assembly with F-Mount

TFL-Mount

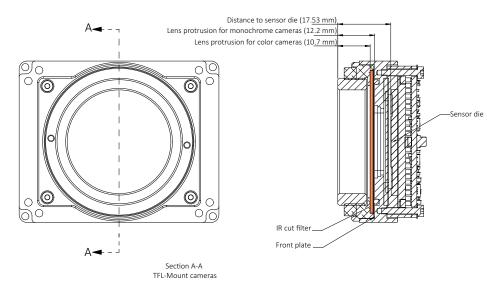


Figure 83: Cross section of Prosilica GT Large Format camera front assembly with TFL-Mount



M58-Mount

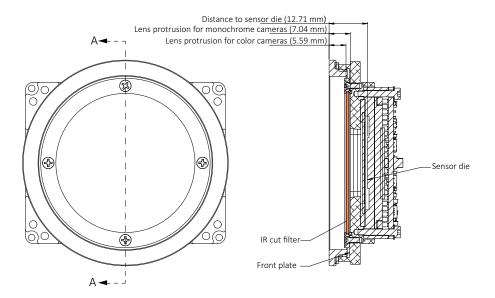


Figure 84: Cross section of Prosilica GT Large Format camera front assembly with M58-Mount



NOTICE

Avoid damage from unsuitable lenses. To protect camera and lens, use lenses only up to the allowed maximum protrusion, as listed in the following table.



Flange focal distance

Standard and Extended Format cameras

C-Mount

Flange focal distance is the optical distance from the mounting flange to image sensor die. Prosilica GT Standard and Extended Format cameras with C-Mount are calibrated to a standard 17.526 mm flange focal distance, with a $\pm 10~\mu m$ tolerance.



Prosilica GT cameras are shipped with adjustable C-Mount. Cameras can also be built with a CS-Mount with a standard 12.50 mm flange focal distance and a $\pm 10~\mu m$ tolerance. For more information, see the Modular Concept.

Adjustment of C-Mount

If for some reason the lens mount requires adjustment, use the following method.

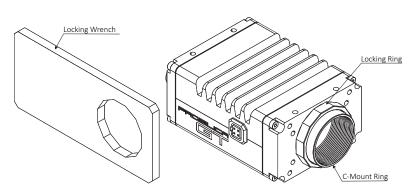


Figure 85: Prosilica GT camera and locking wrench

Loosen the locking ring

Use an adjustable wrench to loosen the locking ring. Be careful not to scratch the camera. When the locking ring is loose, unthread the ring a few turns from the camera face.



Contact the Allied Vision Sales team to purchase the hexagonal lens adjustment wrench for Prosilica GT cameras with C-Mount or CS-Mount locking ring (order code 02-5003A).



Adjusting the lens to infinity

Precondition: Use a C-Mount compatible lens that allows an infinity focus.

- 1. Set the lens to infinity and image a distant object (10 to 15 meters). Make sure the lens is firmly threaded onto the C-Mount ring.
- 2. Rotate the lens and C-Mount ring until the image is focused.
- 3. Carefully tighten the locking ring and recheck focus.

Large Format cameras

F-Mount

Flange focal distance is the optical distance from the mounting flange to image sensor die. Prosilica GT F-Mount cameras are calibrated to a standard 46.50 mm flange focal distance.

Adjustment of F-Mount

The F-Mount is adjusted at the factory and does not require adjusting. If for some reason the lens mount requires adjustment, use the following method.

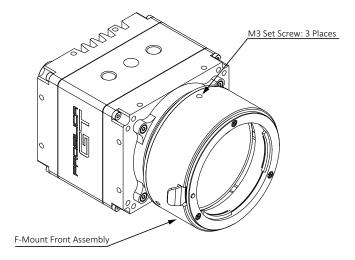


Figure 86: Prosilica GT Large Format with F-Mount isometric view

Adjusting the F-Mount

Attach F-Mount compatible lens
 Use an F-Mount compatible lens that allows an infinity focus. Attach the lens to
 the camera using a counter-clockwise rotation of about a quarter turn. The
 lens snaps into place and the lens flange and camera flange mates over the full
 circumference.



- 2. Loosen F-Mount front assembly
 Use a 1.5 mm hex ball driver to loosen the three set screws then hold the
 F-Mount front assembly to the camera housing.
- 3. Image to infinity
 Set the lens to infinity and image a distant object (10 to 15 meters). Gently
 move the F-Mount front until focused and lock it in place.

C-Mount

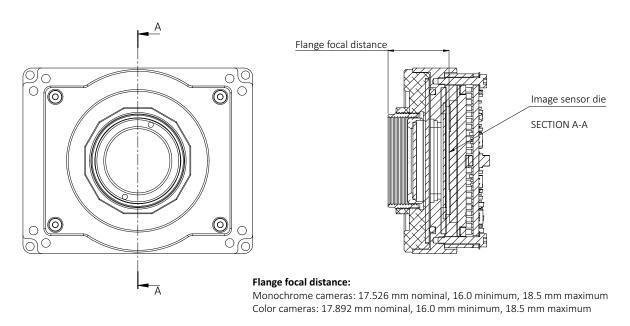


Figure 87: C-Mount (Large Format models) flange focal distance

M42-Mount PA

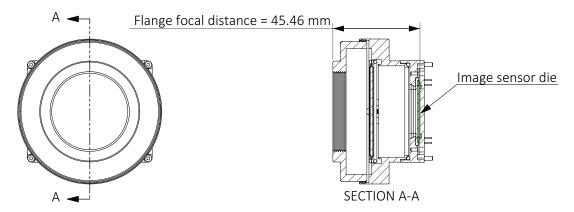


Figure 88: M42-Mount PA flange focal distance



M42-Mount

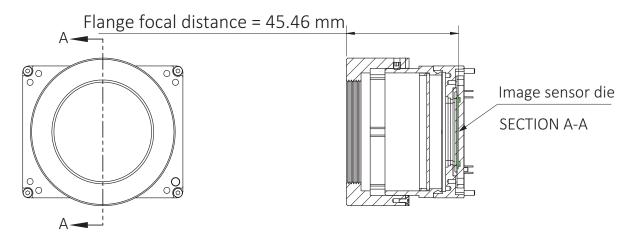
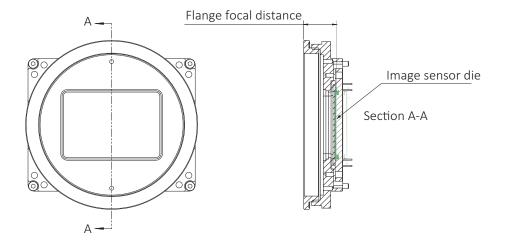


Figure 89: M42-Mount flange focal distance

M58-Mount



Flange focal distance:

Monochrome cameras: [12.33 to 15.81 mm] adjustable, 12.71 mm nominal. Color cameras: [11.54 to 15.81 mm] adjustable, 12.71 mm nominal.

Figure 90: M58-Mount flange focal distance



The M58-Mount PA flange focal distance is 46.50 mm.



TFL-Mount

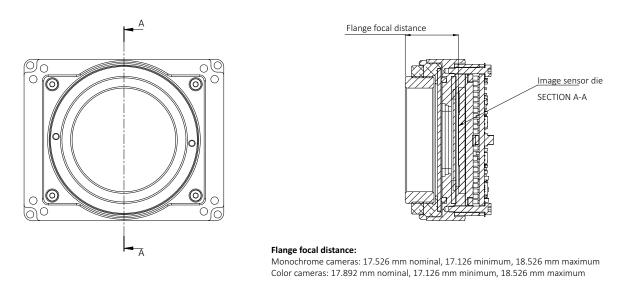


Figure 91: TFL-Mount flange focal distance

Calibration variation

Flange focal distance is the optical distance from the lens mounting flange to image sensor die.

| Mount | Calibration variation | Flange focal distance |
|-----------|---|-----------------------|
| C-Mount | Not available | See Figure 87 |
| EF-Mount | $<70~\mu m$ (0.3 degrees) Z-tilt and $\pm 10~\mu m$ | 44.00 mm |
| F-Mount | Not available | 46.50 mm |
| M42-Mount | Not available | 45.46 mm |
| M58-Mount | Not available | See Figure 90 |
| TFL Mount | Not available | See Figure 91 |

Table 57: Calibration variation from standard flange focal distance



PA mounts

Prosilica GT cameras allow planarity adjustment of the mount relative to the camera sensor. Adjustment can be made for overall flange focal distance (Z distance), and planarity (Z-tilt). The following steps describe Z adjustment using a standard EF-Mount lens and a target. However, measurement tools such as an optical depth micrometer could also be used.



NOTICE

Modifying the factory default adjustment is under the responsibility of the user. Exercise caution when modifying the PA mount. Use a 1.5 mm hex ball driver to loosen the three spring loaded screws, adjust the tilt adjustment screws as required, then secure the set screws.

- Using a compatible lens, set the distance to infinity and image on a target (10 to 15 meters). Target should highlight focus levels at center image and at the corners of the image. A lens with a long focal length, or adjustable zoom lens, allows more precision for this operation and reduce the overall size of your target.
- 2. Use a 1.5 mm hex ball head driver to loosen the screws. Adjust the three tilt adjustment screws, as indicated in the following figure, until all targets are in focus.

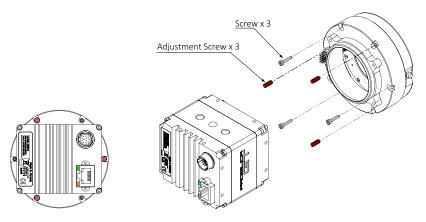


Figure 92: Back view (left) and exploded view (right) of Prosilica GT1930L camera assembly showing the adjustment screws and screws in the EF-Mount

- 3. Tighten the three screws.
- 4. Recheck the focus.
- 5. If focus has been lost, continue with Step 1.
- 6. If the image is still in focus, you are done.



Sensor position accuracy

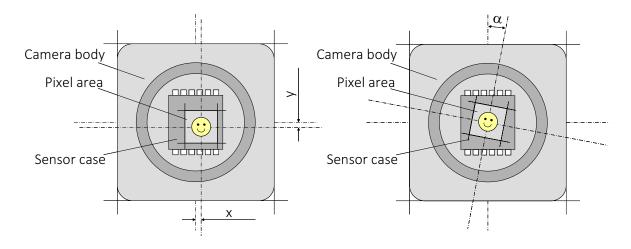


Figure 93: Sensor position accuracy

The following table defines the manufacturing accuracy of fitting sensors into Prosilica GT cameras. Unless stated otherwise, the following values are applicable.

| Criteria | Subject | Properties |
|------------------|------------------|--|
| Alignment method | | Optical alignment of photo sensitive sensor area into camera front module (lens mount front flange). |
| Reference points | Sensor | Center of pixel area (photo sensitive cells) |
| | Camera | Center of camera front flange (outer case edges) |
| Accuracy | x-axis y-axis | ±250 μm (sensor shift) |
| | z-axis | $\pm 10~\mu m$ (optical back focal length) |
| | α | $<\!1$ degrees (sensor rotation as the deviation from the parallel to the camera bottom) |

Table 58: Sensor position accuracy criteria



Optical filters

All Prosilica GT color models are equipped with a type IRC30 IR cut filter. This filter is employed to prevent infrared light from passing to the sensor. In the absence of an IR cut filter, images are dominated by red and incapable of being properly color balanced. Monochrome and NIR cameras do not employ an IR cut filter. Values may vary slightly by filter lot.

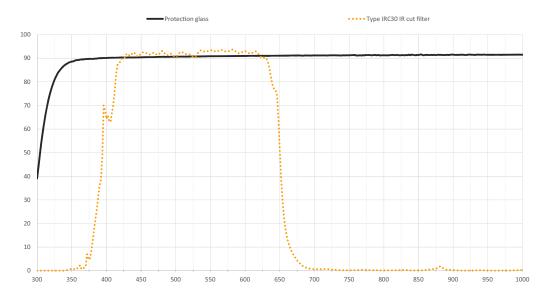


Figure 94: Spectral transmission of filters (exemplary curves)

The Modular Concept informs about various options for optical filters and protection glass (ASG).



Modular Concept

See the Modular Concept for hardware options, including information on ordering at www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-documentation/prosilica-gt-documentation.



Camera interfaces



This chapter includes:

- A general description of the inputs and outputs (including trigger features)
- I/O connector pin assignments
- I/O block diagrams
- A general description of trigger rules including timing diagram and definitions



Back panel

Standard and Extended Format housing

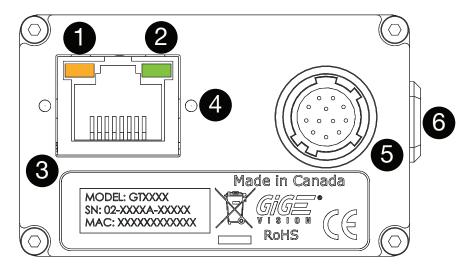


Figure 95: Ports and LEDs (Standard and Extended Format housing)

| Interface | Description |
|-----------|---|
| 1 | LED 1 |
| 2 | LED 2 |
| 3 | Gigabit Ethernet port |
| 4 | Gigabit Ethernet cable mounting threads |
| 5 | Hirose I/O port |
| 6 | Auto iris port Large Format cameras do not have an auto iris port. |

Table 59: Ports and LEDs



Large Format housing

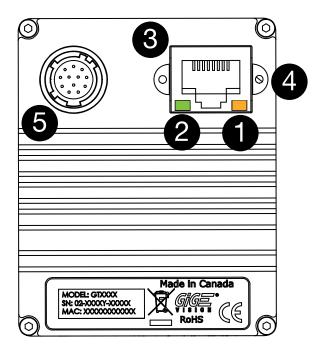


Figure 96: Port and LEDs (Large Format housing)

| Interface | Description |
|-----------|---|
| 1 | LED 1 |
| 2 | LED 2 |
| 3 | Gigabit Ethernet port |
| 4 | Gigabit Ethernet cable mounting threads |
| 5 | Hirose I/O port |

Table 60: Ports and LEDs



Status LEDs

The color of the LEDs has the following meaning.

| | LED Color | Status |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| LED1 | Flashing orange or solid orange | Ethernet activity |
| | Flashing green | Camera is powered |
| | Solid green | Camera is powered on and the link with the host is established |

Table 61: Status of LEDs



After the camera is powered on, **LED2** remains solid green as long as the camera is powered, even when connection with the host is lost.

Gigabit Ethernet port

Prosilica GT is powered through the 12-pin Hirose I/O port, or the Gigabit Ethernet port by using any standard PoE supported NIC, switch, or injector. We recommend using CAT6 or higher compatible cabling for best performance.

Cable lengths up to 100 meters are supported. The 8-pin RJ45 jack has the pin assignment according to the IEEE 802.3 1000BASE-T Ethernet standard.

Prosilica GT cameras support cables with horizontal locking screw connector for a secured connection.

We recommend using locking-screw cables from Components Express, Inc. for a perfect fit. Go to CEI product configurator to customize the cable according to your needs.



A standard PCI GigE host controller card is available for purchase from Allied Vision. Order code: 02-3002A (Intel Pro 1000/GT, PCI, 1 port).

Contact the Allied Vision Sales team for additional GigE host controllers.



Camera I/O connections

The GPIO port uses a Hirose HR10-10R-12PA(73) connector on the camera side. The mating cable connector is Hirose HR10A-10P-12S.



Safety-related instructions to avoid malfunctions

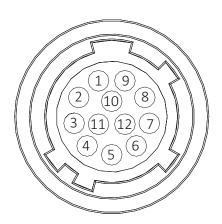
Read all Notes and Cautions in the Hardware and Installation chapter before using the Hirose I/O connector.



Hirose connector

The cable side Hirose 12-pin female connector is available for purchase from Allied Vision (order code: K7600040).

I/O connector pin assignment



| Camera side Hirose HR10A-10R-12PB connector | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|---|--|----------------------|
| Pin | Signal | Direction | Level | Description | I/O cable color code |
| 1 | Camera GND | In | GND for RS232 and external power | Ground for camera power supply and RS232 | Blue |
| 2 | Camera Power | In | 7 to 25 VDC | Camera power supply | Red |
| 3 | Out 4 | Out | Open emitter Nominal 5 mA; Maximum 8 mA | Opto-isolated Output 4 (SyncOut4) | Pink |
| 4 | In 1 | In | LVTTL maximum 3.3 V | Non-isolated Input 1 (SyncIn1) | Gray |

Table 62: Camera I/O connector pin assignment and color coding (sheet 1 of 2)



| Camera side Hirose HR10A-10R-12PB connector | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Pin | Signal | Direction | Level | Description | I/O cable color code |
| 5 | Out 3 | Out | Open emitter Nominal 5 mA; Maximum 8 mA | Opto-isolated Output 3 (SyncOut3) | Yellow |
| 6 | Out 1 | Out | 3.3 V LVTTL maximum 50 μA | Non-isolated Output 1 (SyncOut1) | Green |
| 7 | Isolated IN GND | In | Common GND for Input | Isolated input signal ground | Brown |
| 8 | RxD RS232 | In | RS232 | Terminal receive data | White |
| 9 | TxD RS232 | Out | RS232 | Terminal transmit data | Black |
| 10 | Isolated Out Power | In | Common VCC for outputs 5 to 24 VDC | Power input for opto-isolated outputs | Orange |
| 11 | In 2 | In | $U_{in}(high) = 5 \text{ to } 24 \text{ V}$ $U_{in}(low) = 0 \text{ to } 0.8 \text{ V}$ | Input 2 opto-isolated (SyncIn2) | White/ Black |
| 12 | Out 2 | Out | 3.3 V LVTTL maximum 50 μA | Non-isolated Output 2 (SyncOut2) | White/Brown |

Table 62: Camera I/O connector pin assignment and color coding (sheet 2 of 2)



For cable color and pin out information, see the Allied Vision I/O cable overview: www.alliedvision.com/fileadmin/content/documents/products/accessories/cable/datasheet/IO-Cable_Overview_DataSheet.pdf.

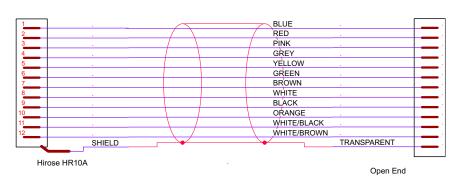


Figure 97: Cable color coding



I/O definition

Camera power

The camera can be powered through the Hirose I/O port, via **Pin 1** Camera GND and **Pin 2** Camera Power, or through the Gigabit Ethernet port when using a PoE supported NIC, switch, or injector.

Cameras powered by both the Hirose I/O port and the Gigabit Ethernet port will use the power provided by Hirose I/O port only.

Pin 2, Camera Power, supports an input voltage range of 7 to 25 VDC. The camera will not power in reverse polarity. Exceeding the 25 VDC will damage the camera.



A 12 V power adapter with Hirose connector is available for purchase from Allied Vision:

- Order code: 13869 (Desktop power supply without connection cable)
- Order code: 13866 (AC power cable, 1.8 m, US to C13)
- Order code: 13865 (AC power cable, 1.8 m, EU to C13)

RxD RS232 and TxD RS232

These signals are RS232 compatible. These signals are not optically isolated. Tie RS232 ground to Camera GND to complete the RS232 circuit. Communication is at 11520 baud.



For complete RS232 description and usage, see the RS232 Port application note at www.alliedvision.com/en/support/faqs-application-notes.

Input triggers

Input triggers allow the camera to be synchronized to an external event. The camera can be programmed to trigger on the rising edge, falling edge, both edges, or level of the signal. The camera can also be programmed to capture an image at some programmable delay time after the trigger event.



In 1 (Non-isolated)

In 1 is not electrically isolated and can be used when environmental noise is insignificant and faster trigger response is required. The required trigger signal is low voltage TTL 3.3 volts. Tie trigger ground to Camera GND to complete the trigger circuit.



NOTICE

Power caution

Exceeding 5.1 volts on **In 1** can permanently damage the camera.

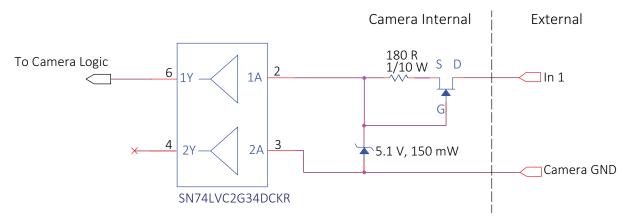


Figure 98: Internal circuit diagram for non-isolated input trigger

In 2 (Opto-isolated)

In 2 is optically isolated and can be used in electrically noisy environments to prevent false trigger events. Tie trigger ground to Isolated IO GND to complete the trigger circuit. Compared to the non-isolated trigger, **In 2** has a longer propagation time. It can be driven from 5 to 24 volts with a minimum current source of 5 mA.

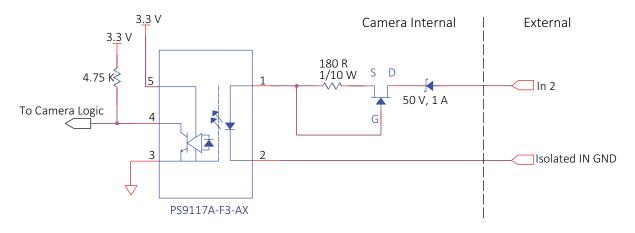


Figure 99: Internal circuit diagram for opto-isolated input trigger



Isolated IN GND

The Isolated IN GND connection provides the user ground reference and return path for In 2. It is recommended that the ground wiring be physically close to the In2 wiring to prevent parasitic coupling. For example, a good cable design connects In 2 to one conductor of a twisted pair, Isolated IN GND to the second conductor of the same twisted pair.

Output signals

Output signals can be assigned to a variety of internal camera signals via software. They can be configured to active high or active low. The internal camera signals are listed as follows:

| Exposing | Corresponds to when camera is integrating light. | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Trigger Ready | Indicates when the camera is ready to accept a trigger signal. | | |
| Trigger Input | A relay of the trigger input signal used to daisy chain the trigger signal for multiple cameras. | | |
| Readout | Valid when camera is reading out data. | | |
| Imaging | Valid when camera is exposing or reading out. | | |
| Strobe | Programmable pulse based on one of the previous listed events. | | |
| GPO | User programmable binary output. | | |

Table 63: Output signals

Isolated Out Power

The Isolated Out Power connection provides power for isolated signals **Out 3** and **Out 4**. The voltage requirement is 5 to 24 VDC. The current requirement for this supply is a function of the optical isolator collector current and the number of outputs used in the system. Isolated Out Power wiring should be physically close to **Out 3** or **Out 4** wiring to prevent parasitic coupling.



Out1 and Out2 (Non-isolated)

Out 1 and Out 2 signals are not electrically isolated and can be used when environmental electrical noise is insignificant and faster trigger response is required. Tie signal ground to Camera GND to complete the external circuit. The output signal is a low voltage TTL, maximum 3.3 volts. It is not suitable for driving loads in excess of 50 μ A.

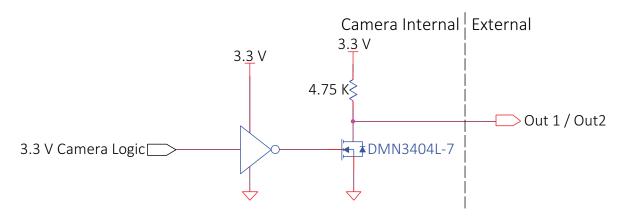


Figure 100: Out 1 and Out 2 trigger circuit



Out3 and Out4 (Opto-isolated)



Note on 4.75 KΩ resistors

Prosilica GT Technical Manual V2.1.1, V2.2.0, and V2.3.0 presented two 4.75 K Ω internal pull-down resistors in the opto-isolated output trigger circuit. In July 2012, these 4.75 K Ω resistors were removed from the printed circuit board assembly.

Regardless of whether your Prosilica GT camera has the two 4.75 K Ω internal pull-down resistors or not, implement the output trigger (Out3 and Out4) as described later.

Out 3 and **Out 4** signals are optically isolated and require the user to provide a voltage level, Isolated Out Power. The **Out3** and **Out4** signal should be grounded by adding an external load resistor as shown in the following figure and table. Isolated Out Power can be configured between 5 to 24 volts.

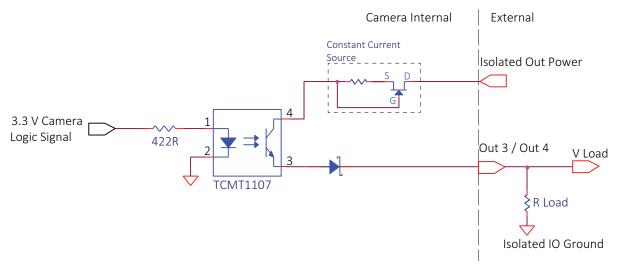


Figure 101: Out 3 and Out 4 trigger circuit

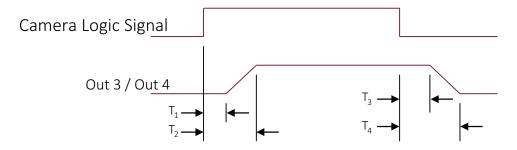


Figure 102: Out3 and Out4 timing diagram



The influence of various Isolated Out Power values and load values on the timing response of the trigger is indicated in the following table. Trigger current, Out ICC, is a function of Isolated Out Power voltage and Load resistor R.

| Isolated Out Power | OUT ICC | R Load | V Load | R Power Dissipation | T ₁ | T ₂ | Т ₃ | T ₄ |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|--------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 5 V | 8 mA | 500 Ω | 4.2 V | 35 mW | 1.2 μs | 5.4 μs | 5.6 μs | 64 µs |
| 5 V | 1.7 mA | 2.4 ΚΩ | 4.0 V | 6.7 mW | 1.2 μs | 5.4 μs | 4.4 μs | 34 μs |
| 12 V | 2.1 mA | 5 ΚΩ | 10.4 V | 21.6 mW | 1.2 μs | 10 μs | 4.0 μs | 47 μs |
| 24 V | 1.8 mA | 10 ΚΩ | 18.4 V | 33.9 mW | 1.2 μs | 15 μs | 3.4 µs | 70 μs |

Table 64: Trigger circuit values



Lens control

Prosilica GT cameras with Standard and Extended Format housings can be used with C-Mount and CS-Mount auto iris lenses of DC-Iris and P-Iris type.

Both DC-Iris and P-Iris lens types use the same standard connector, shown left, located on the side of the camera. Lens type is automatically determined by the camera on power-up. Connecting the lens after the camera is powered will not damage the lens, but it will not be recognized by the camera; therefore, the relevant camera control attributes will not function. If this occurs, disconnect and reconnect the camera power supply.



- Video-type auto-iris lenses are not supported.
- Motorized CCTV lenses are not supported.

Read lens descriptions carefully before purchasing or contact your Allied Vision Sales representative.

For example, a motorized iris lens may be a bipolar single axis motorized lens, and not a DC-type auto iris or P-Iris lens

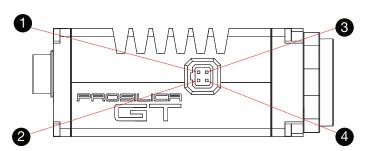


Figure 103: Lens control port

| DC-Iris mode | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PIN number | PIN function | Voltage | Maximum current | | | | | |
| 1 | D amp – (input) | Not applicable | Not applicable | | | | | |
| 2 | D amp + (input) | Not applicable | Not applicable | | | | | |
| 3 | Drive + (output) | 3.3 V | 50 mA | | | | | |
| 4 | Drive – (output) | 0 to 3.3 V | 50 mA | | | | | |

Table 65: DC-Iris mode lens control pin assignment

| P-Iris mode | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PIN number | PIN function | Voltage | Maximum current | | | | | |
| 1 | Coil 1 A (output) | 0 V or 3.3 V | 200 mA | | | | | |
| 2 | Coil 2 A (output) | 0 V or 3.3 V | 200 mA | | | | | |
| 3 | Coil 2 B (output) | 0 V or 3.3 V | 200 mA | | | | | |
| 4 | Coil 1 B (output) | 0 V or 3.3 V | 200 mA | | | | | |

Table 66: P-Iris mode lens control pin assignment



DC-Iris lenses

The Prosilica GT cameras with Standard and Extended Format housings operate with any standard DC-type auto iris lens. We tested lenses include Fujinon DV10x8SA-SA1L, Computar HG2Z0414FC-MP, and Pentax C61227DCPS.

DC-type auto iris lenses are continuously driven by a voltage (0 to 3.3 volts) from the camera lens control port. This voltage level determines whether the lens opens or closes, and is calculated based on the applicable iris camera attributes.

DC-Iris lens control description

DC-Iris controls are described further in the following documents:

- Vimba and third-party software users: GigE Features Reference
- PvAPI users: GigE Camera and Driver Attributes document

Operating DC-Iris lenses

- 1. Connect a DC-Iris lens to the camera before powering up the camera.
- 2. Power up the camera, and open the camera control software.
- 3. Set the camera to live image with desired ExposureValue and GainValue attributes.
- 4. Set IrisMode = DCIris. The camera uses an automatic algorithm to determine correct lens iris position based on the IrisVideoLevel attribute.
- 5. If lens operation is too slow or oscillates, see LensDCDriveStrength.

P-Iris lenses

P-Iris (Precise iris) lenses allow the camera to adjust to an exact F-number without drift, through the usage of a stepper motor. The host system knows the exact position of the iris at all times, allowing for a closed loop feedback system.

P-Iris lens control description

P-Iris controls are described further in the following documents:

- Vimba and third-party software users: GigE Features Reference
- PvAPI users: GigE Camera and Driver Attributes document

Operating P-Iris lenses

- 1. Connect a P-Iris lens to the camera before powering up the camera.
- 2. Power up the camera, and open the camera control software.
- Set the camera to live image with desired ExposureValue and GainValue attributes.



- 4. Set LensPIrisFrequency as specified by lens documentation, or in supported the P-Iris lens list, as described in the next section. All P-Iris lenses tested, operate well between [100 to 200].
- 5. Set LensPIrisNumSteps as specified by lens documentation, or in the supported P-Iris lens list, as described in the next section.
- 6. Set IrisMode to PIrisAuto or PIrisManual. PIrisAuto uses an automatic algorithm to determine the correct LensPIrisPosition based on the IrisVideoLevel attribute. PirisManual allows manual control of LensPIrisPosition.



For a list of P-Iris supported lenses, along with their LensPIrisFrequency and LensPIrisNumSteps specifications, see the P-Iris Lens application note at www.alliedvision.com/en/support/faqs-application-notes.

FF-Mount lenses

EF-Mount lens control for focus and aperture is available for the following Prosilica GT models, using camera features of the host software:

| Lenses | GT1930L | GT4400 | GT5200 | GT5400 | GT6400 | |
|--|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Canon EF lenses | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Laowa 100 mm F2.8 CA-Dreamer ¹ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Sigma 20 mm F1.4 DG ¹ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Sigma 50 mm F1.4 DG ¹ | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| ¹ Support for other lenses of these manufacturers must be tested. | | | | | | |

Table 67: Availability of EF-Mount lens control



NOTICE

The maximum power supplied via PoE is 13 watts. EF-Mount lens power requirements will vary from lens to lens; however, typical ratings are in the 3 to 4 watt range.

If your lens plus camera power requirements exceed 13 watts, power the camera via the Hirose I/O port.

See the Modular Concept for information on lens mount options available with Prosilica GT Large Format cameras.



EF-Mount lens control description

The GigE Features Reference describes the EF-Iris controls for Vimba and third-party software users.

Operating EF-Mount lenses

- 1. Before powering up the camera, mount the EF-Mount lens to the camera.
- 2. Power up the camera, and open the camera control software.
- 3. Select the supported lens type by manufacturer, using the EFLensManufacturer feature. Currently, Canon, Laowa, and Sigma are available.
- 4. Use EFLensInitialize command to initialize the EF-Mount lens. This command is automatically executed on power up or when lens is attached to camera
- 5. Adjust the focus and aperture using EFLensFocus and EFLensFStop controls, respectively.
- 6. If the lens does not operate as expected, see *EFLensState* and *EFLensLastError*.



Compensation for focus drift

After prolonged operation, the focus may drift, causing the images to become blurred. Use the EFLensFocusResync feature to compensate for this effect.



Trigger timing concept

Figure 104 explains the general trigger concept. For more information on trigger timing and camera control, see the GigE Features Reference and Triggering Concept application note.

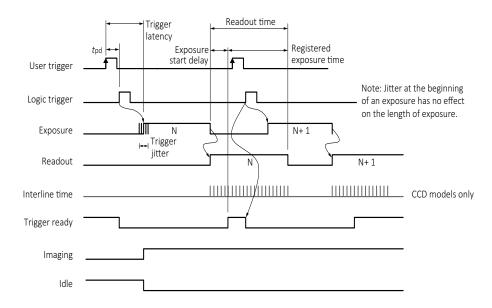


Figure 104: Internal signal waveform

| Term | Definition |
|--------------------------|---|
| User trigger | Trigger signal applied by the user (hardware trigger, software trigger). |
| | |
| Logic trigger | Trigger signal seen by the camera internal logic (not visible to the user). |
| Propagation delay | Propagation delay (t_{pd}) between the user trigger and the logic trigger. |
| Exposure | High when the camera image sensor is integrating light. |
| Readout | High when the camera image sensor is reading out data. |
| Trigger latency | Time delay between the user trigger and the start of exposure. |
| Trigger jitter | Deviation from the trigger latency time. |
| Trigger ready | Indicates to the user that the camera will accept the next trigger. |
| Registered exposure time | Exposure time value currently stored in the camera memory. |
| Exposure start delay | Registered exposure time subtracted from the readout time and indicates when the next exposure cycle can begin such that the exposure will end after the current readout. |
| Interline time | Time between sensor row readout cycles. |
| Imaging | High when the camera image sensor is either exposing or reading out data. |
| Idle | High if the camera image sensor is not exposing or reading out data. |

Table 68: Explanation of signals in timing diagram



Trigger rules



The user trigger pulse width should be at least three times the width of the trigger latency as indicated in the Specifications chapter.

- The end of exposure will always trigger the next Readout.
- The end of exposure must always end after the current Readout.
- The start of exposure must always correspond with the Interline Time if Readout is true.
- Exposure start delay equals the readout time minus the registered Exposure
 Time

Triggering during the idle state

For applications requiring the shortest possible trigger latency and the smallest possible trigger jitter the user trigger signal should be applied when **Imaging** is false and **Idle** is true. In this case, trigger latency and trigger jitter are as indicated in the Specifications chapter.

Triggering during the readout state

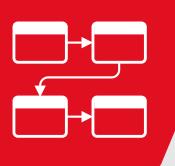
For applications requiring the fastest triggering cycle time whereby the camera image sensor is exposing and reading out simultaneously, apply the user trigger signal as soon as a valid trigger ready is detected. In this case, trigger latency and trigger jitter can be up to 1 row time because Exposure must always begin on an Interline boundary.



For a more detailed description of the trigger concept for advanced users and special scenarios, see the Triggering Concept application note at www.alliedvision.com/en/support/faqs-application-notes.



Image data flow



This chapter presents diagrams that illustrate data flow and bit resolution of the image data.



A complete listing of camera features, including definitions can be found on the Allied Vision Technical Documentation webpage.

- Vimba and third-party users: GigE Features Reference
- PvAPI users: GigE Camera and Driver Attributes document

Prosilica GT models with CCD sensors

Prosilica GT1290, GT1380, GT1600, GT1920, GT2450, GT2750, GT3400

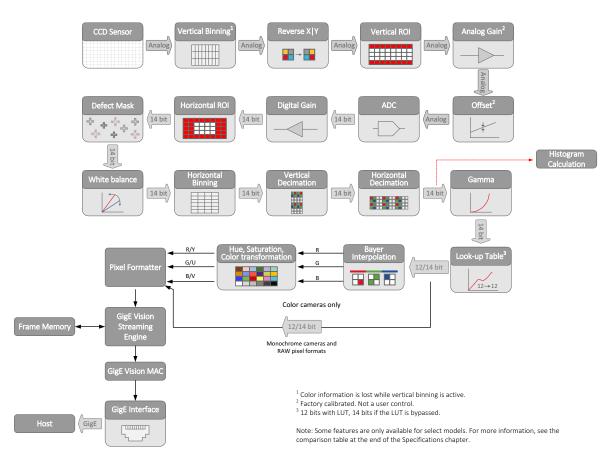


Figure 105: Image data flow for models with CCD sensors



Prosilica GT models with CMOS sensors

Prosilica GT1930, GT1930L, GT2460, GT4400, GT5400, GT6400

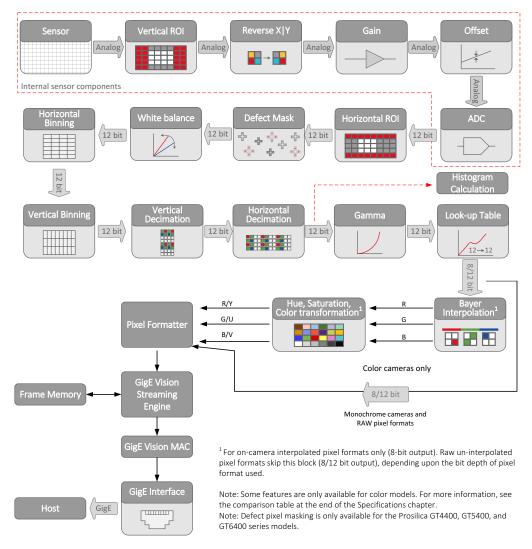
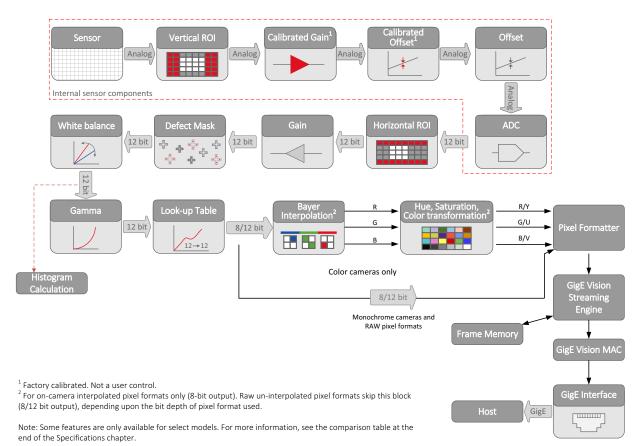


Figure 106: Image data flow for Prosilica GT1930, GT1930L, GT2460, GT4400, GT5400, and GT6400 models





Prosilica GT2000, GT2050

Figure 107: Image data flow for Prosilica GT2000 and GT2050 models



Prosilica GT5120

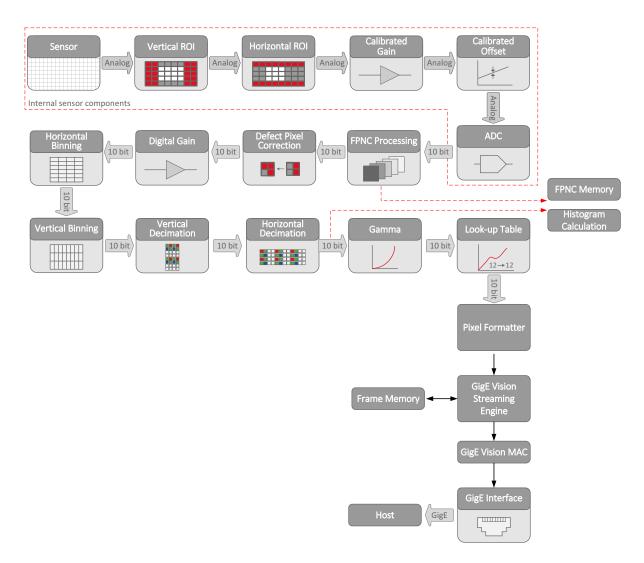
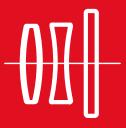


Figure 108: Image data flow for Prosilica GT5120 models



Cleaning optical components



This chapter describes safety instructions and cautions for cleaning lenses, optical filters, protection glass, or sensors.





Read these instructions before you contact Allied Vision or your Allied Vision distribution partner for assistance.

Contact Allied Vision or your Allied Vision distribution partner if you are not familiar with the procedures as previously described.



NOTICE

Some cleaning agents can damage this product. Avoid cleaning the image sensor unless absolutely necessary. See instructions on optics cleaning in this document.

We can clean your camera as a service for you, if necessary. For more information, contact Allied Vision support.

Keep optical components clean

The best way to ensure the camera remains clean is to avoid penetration of foreign substances into the camera.

When screwing or unscrewing the camera lens or dust cap, hold the camera with the mount opening towards the floor. This minimizes the possibility of any contaminants falling on the glass surface. Always store cameras and lenses with dust-caps on.

Identifying impurities

If you observe any image artifacts in your video preview of your Prosilica GT camera you may have impurities either on the lens, filter, or protection glass, or on the sensor protection glass. Every Prosilica GT camera is cleaned prior to sealing and shipment; however, impurities may develop due to handling or unclean environments.

As shown in the following figure, impurities (dust, particles, or fluids) on the sensor or optical components appear as a dark area, patch or spot on the image and remain fixed in the preview window while you rotate the camera over the target.



Don't confuse this with a pixel defect which appears as a distinct point. Particles can either rest loosely or can be more or less stuck to the optical surface.

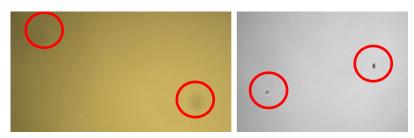


Figure 109: Image with tiny dust on the filter (left) and dust on the sensor (right)

Locating impurities

Before you dismount the lens you must find out if the impurity is on the filter, lens, or sensor.

- 1. Start acquiring a uniform image (for example, a white sheet of paper) with the camera.
- 2. To identify the affected surface, move the suspected optical component and see if the contamination follows this movement.
 - a. If you move only the lens (not the camera) and the impurity moves as well, the impurity is on the lens.
 - b. If you move the IR cut filter or protection glass window and the impurity moves as well, the impurity is on the filter or protection glass. Carefully remove the filter or protection glass and clean it on both sides using the techniques explained in the next section. If the impurity is neither on the lens nor the IR cut filter or protection glass, it is probably on the sensor.



NOTICE

A pin spanner wrench (Allied Vision order code: E9020001) suitable for IR filter removal is available for purchase from Allied Vision for all Prosilica GT cameras except Prosilica GT Large Format cameras.

Don't attempt to remove the camera IR filter for Prosilica GT Large Format cameras. Please please contact support at www.alliedvision.com/en/about-us/contact-us/technical-support-repair-/-rma for assistance

Materials for cleaning optical components



Use only these cleaning materials for optical components:

- Optic approved lens cotton, cloth, or tissue that is chemically pure and free from silicones and other additives.
- Optic approved low residue cleaning liquid.





NOTICE

Never use these cleaning materials for optical components:

- Dry swabs or tissue can cause scratches.
- Metal tools may cause scratches.
- Disposable cotton cosmetic swabs can contain contaminants harmful to optical glass.
- Cosmetic cotton my cause scratches or get caught in small gaps.
- Consumer eyeglass cleaning cloths can be pretreated with silicone which is harmful to optical glass.
- Aggressive cleaners like benzine, acetone, or spirits may damage the surface.



Optical cleaning liquid material safety data sheets

Read the material safety data sheet (MSDS) for the optical cleaning liquid before cleaning your camera and optics. The MSDS provides important information including hazard identification, first aid measures, handling and storage, and PPE.

Cleaning Instructions



Workplace conditions:

- Perform all cleaning operations (lenses, filter or protection glass, and sensor) in a dust-free clean-room.
- Avoid touching the optical components with your fingers or any hard material.
- Nitrile cleanroom gloves or powder free latex gloves are recommended to maintain low particulate levels.
- Use an ESD mat to prevent damage from an electrostatic discharge.
- 1. Unplug the camera from any power supply before cleaning.
- 2. Apply a small amount of cleaning liquid to a new lens cleaning cotton, cloth, or tissue. The cotton, cloth, or lens tissue should be moist, but not dripping.





- 3. Hold the camera sensor diagonally upwards. Ensure that the camera is away from your body to prevent particles like skin flakes from falling on the sensor.
- 4. Wipe the glass surface with a spiral motion from the center to the rim. Normally, several spiral wipes are recommended. Wipe only on glass avoiding contact to metal surfaces, because microscopic dirt could be released and could cause scratches on the glass.
- 5. When you have finished cleaning, examine the surface in a strong light. Take an out-of-focus picture of a flat, illuminated surface to see if any dirt or dust remains.
- 6. If dust spots remain, repeat this procedure using new clean lens tissue.



If you notice that the camera lens or sensor is not clean after attempting to clean twice, or if you have any questions regarding cleaning your camera, contact your Allied Vision distribution partner.

Cleaning with compressed air

We do not recommend cleaning Prosilica GT cameras with compressed air.



NOTICE

- Compressed air at high pressure or shorter operating distances may push dust into the camera or lens and physically damage the camera, sensor, or optical components.
- Propellant from non-optic approved compressed air products may leave a residue on the camera or lens and may physically damage the camera, sensor, or optical components.
- Compressed air may contain oil or moisture that could contaminate or damage the optical components.
- Use an air blower or compressed air only if you are familiar with cleaning a camera using this method.

If you chose to clean your camera with compressed air despite of all the warnings:

- Use an optic approved compressed air product or compressor.
- Use an anti-static ionizer attachment to reduce the risk of static-caused damage.
- Use a filter to remove moisture and oil from the air.
- Use short directed bursts of air to remove impurities.



Compressed air pressure and operating distance

- Keep the compressed air pressure at a moderate strength only. Pressure at the nozzle should be less than 100 kPA.
- Operating distance from the camera should be 5 to 30 cm.



Firmware update

This chapter includes instructions on updating the firmware on your Prosilica GT camera.





If new firmware contains a new feature or control, saved camera UserSets or ConfigFiles will be invalidated and erased!

Before loading new firmware, backup your current camera settings.

- **Vimba Viewer**: select the **Save Camera Settings** icon from the **Cameras** window to export the camera settings file (XML format) to the host computer.
- **GigE SampleViewer**: select the **Disk** icon from the **Cameras** window to export camera settings file (XML format) to the host computer.



NOTICE

Don't unplug the GigE cable or camera power supply during the update procedure.

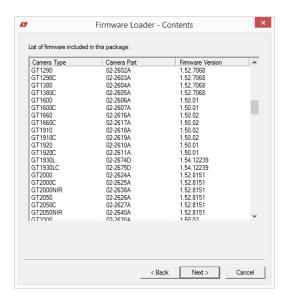
To update the firmware on your Prosilica GT camera

Step 1: Launch the **Firmware Loader**.

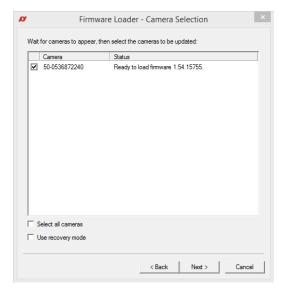




Step 2: Click **Next**. The **Firmware Loader** displays a list of firmware included in the package.



Step 3: Click **Next**. Select your camera model on this page.

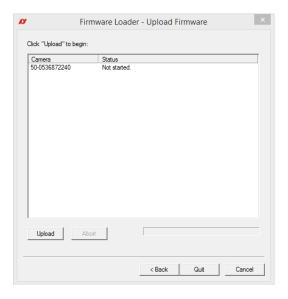




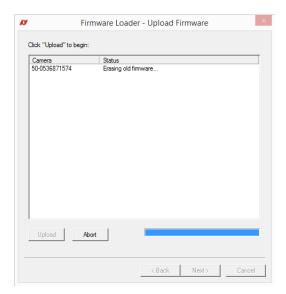
Select the **Use recovery mode** check box if the connected GigE camera is not found by the firmware loader, or if the GigE camera is listed as unavailable. When selected, power cycle the camera to enter the **Boot Loader** mode.



Step 4: Click **Next**.

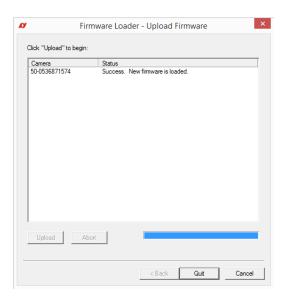


Step 5: Click **Upload** to start the update. The existing firmware will be erased and the new firmware will be uploaded to the camera.





Step 6: The **Firmware Loader** displays a success status upon completion. Click **Quit** to exit the loader.





You must always power cycle the camera after a firmware upgrade or downgrade.



Index

| Frame rate57 CCD sensors57 |
|--|
| G |
| GenlCam55 Gigabit Ethernet interface171 GigE |
| host controller |
| camera |
| heat dissipation38 |
| In 1 |
| L Lens control |
| O Out 1 |
| |



| P | idle | 184 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| | imaging | 184 |
| P-Iris lens 180, 181 | integrating light | 176 |
| Power | interline time | 184 |
| DC50 | registered exposure time | 184 |
| 30 | sensor row readout cycles | |
| | Specifications | |
| R | spectral transmission | |
| | IRC30 filter | 167 |
| Resolution and ROI frame rates | status LEDs | |
| Prosilica GT model comparison 127 | LED2 | |
| ROI measurements57 | LLDZ | 1/ 1 |
| RS232 173, 174 | | |
| , | T | |
| S | | |
| 5 | trigger | 404 |
| safety2, 4, 13, 31, 38 | exposure | |
| camera power40 | integrating light | |
| electrical connections40 | latency time | |
| | logic trigger | |
| heat dissipation38 | propagation delay | |
| lens mounts38 | readout | |
| maximum protrusion41 | readout data | 184 |
| optical components41 | rules | 185 |
| sensor41 | time delay | 184 |
| sensor handling41 | trigger jitter | 184 |
| sensor position accuracy 166 | trigger latency | 184 |
| signal | trigger ready | |
| exposing184 | user trigger | |
| exposure cycle184 | tripod adapter | |
| exposure start delay184 | 1 | |